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CLEARING HOUSE RETURNS.

The following table, made up by telegraph, etc., indicates that the total bank clearings of all the clearing houses of the United States for the week ending to-day, Oct. 11, have been \$2,511,947,795, against \$2,673,687,320 last week and \$2,093,699,874 the corresponding week last year.

Clearings—Returns by Telegraph. Week Ending Oct. 11.	1902.	1901.	P. Cent.
New York.....	\$1,983,304,133	\$1,000,320,009	+97.1
Boston.....	130,070,548	115,080,093	+9.9
Philadelphia.....	95,883,178	77,640,000	+23.5
Baltimore.....	18,480,998	18,188,027	+1.7
Chicago.....	137,900,758	129,837,205	+6.2
St. Louis.....	39,000,000	38,729,900	+10.2
New Orleans.....	10,404,176	9,790,326	+6.3
Seven cities, 5 days.....	\$1,900,712,684	\$1,477,888,590	+29.3
Other cities, 5 days.....	294,102,413	250,842,011	+17.3
Total all cities, 5 days.....	\$2,100,875,097	\$1,728,731,191	+21.5
All cities, 1 day.....	411,072,698	364,968,683	+12.6
Total all cities for week.....	\$2,511,947,795	\$2,093,699,874	+20.2

The full details for the week covered by the above will be given next Saturday. We cannot furnish them to-day, clearings being made up by the clearing houses at noon on Saturday, and hence in the above the last day of the week has to be in all cases estimated, as we go to press Friday night.

We present below our usual detailed figures for the previous week, covering the returns for the period ending with Saturday noon, Oct. 4, and the results for the corresponding week in 1901, 1900 and 1899 are also given. Contrasted with the week of 1901 the total for the whole country shows a gain of 27.2 per cent. Outside of New York the increase over 1901 is 9.3 per cent.

Clearings at—	1902.	1901.	Inc. or Dec.	1900.	1899.
New York.....	1,770,504,377	1,382,903,348	+38.7	980,941,748	1,450,652,933
Philadelphia.....	120,820,300	115,211,602	+12.7	93,028,286	102,628,283
Baltimore.....	25,083,956	23,366,704	+9.8	22,301,090	20,270,212
Buffalo.....	6,232,371	6,531,774	-4.6	5,505,058	5,351,191
Washington.....	3,834,894	2,865,444	+33.8	2,469,370	2,274,300
Albany.....	3,073,025	3,819,360	-9.7	3,283,475	3,467,153
Rochester.....	3,123,712	2,370,574	+31.4	2,167,545	2,435,008
Princeton.....	1,384,261	1,418,479	-2.4	1,073,089	1,490,475
Canton.....	1,505,161	1,544,598	-2.6	1,104,908	1,097,985
Wilmington.....	1,580,955	2,028,919	-21.8	1,043,893	1,244,020
San Francisco.....	366,400	331,500	+7.5	467,200	431,900
Cincinnati.....	430,199	396,147	+7.6	413,491	380,000
Cleveland.....	348,302	492,018	-29.7	388,778	390,000
Wheeling.....	850,555	746,886	+14.7	.....	.....
Wiles Barre.....	661,302	834,213	-20.7	.....	.....
Edin.....	2,078,382	Not include	d in to	tal.	.....
Total Middle.....	\$2,004,918,998	\$1,487,568,796	+34.8	\$1,155,730,563	\$1,632,808,283

Clearings at—	1902.	1901.	Inc. or Dec.	1900.	1899.
Boston.....	148,842,638	147,318,430	+1.0	121,370,371	164,714,581
Providence.....	7,369,200	7,182,000	+2.6	7,459,900	7,145,100
Hartford.....	3,941,109	3,388,901	+1.4	2,954,068	2,884,309
New Haven.....	2,453,226	2,220,467	+10.3	1,500,878	1,684,149
Springfield.....	1,610,688	1,610,688	-7.6	1,357,411	1,594,300
Worcester.....	1,804,020	1,773,035	+1.7	1,577,271	1,605,297
Portland.....	1,500,904	1,737,354	-8.5	1,405,951	1,450,137
Fall River.....	1,008,303	966,602	+13.7	1,000,578	1,203,283
Lowell.....	912,490	963,624	-25.0	544,448	573,554
New Bedford.....	491,104	487,710	+0.7	602,018	570,088
Holyoke.....	410,305	386,376	+25.5	383,334	300,000
Total New England.....	160,300,900	167,599,173	+1.0	140,382,259	183,068,637
Chicago.....	176,825,422	150,568,488	+10.6	146,013,554	199,985,717
Cincinnati.....	27,880,400	18,807,050	+13.6	16,188,550	16,730,000
Detroit.....	9,000,000	13,900,000	-35.2	8,393,183	9,075,715
Cleveland.....	17,409,400	13,852,780	+26.3	11,413,891	13,044,784
Milwaukee.....	8,213,305	6,857,060	+19.8	5,963,559	6,492,767
Columbus.....	8,600,000	5,840,000	+48.1	6,754,100	2,777,500
Indianapolis.....	5,704,068	4,258,799	+33.4	3,051,018	2,939,559
Peoria.....	2,791,689	2,547,707	+9.7	2,293,959	2,504,433
Toledo.....	2,607,255	2,700,935	-3.1	2,508,915	2,133,461
Grand Rapids.....	1,523,159	1,575,986	-3.4	1,308,957	1,277,929
Dayton.....	1,543,304	1,353,908	+14.0	1,072,111	1,085,597
Evansville.....	1,196,196	890,449	+33.5	950,910	937,704
Youngstown.....	633,194	507,000	+24.9	273,194	284,389
Springfield, Ill.....	580,000	687,638	-1.3	440,469	472,231
Lexington.....	435,931	451,116	-3.4	555,030	488,505
Akron.....	688,000	688,000	-3.6	615,000	1,007,000
Kalamazoo.....	471,007	435,504	+8.2	387,677	390,009
Rockford.....	367,491	279,335	+31.5	225,066	291,833
Springfield, O.....	307,422	306,314	-0.3	290,254	267,212
Canton.....	499,385	499,385	+17.1	317,636	378,506
Jacksonville.....	167,712	181,934	-8.1	199,757	216,943
Quincy.....	386,845	298,728	+29.5	235,000	.....
Birmingham.....	314,492	312,298	+0.7	255,409	.....
Jackson.....	170,000	144,747	+17.4	136,000	.....
Ann Arbor.....	72,380	78,492	-7.8	.....	.....
Mansfield.....	209,498	61,000	+243.4	50,000	.....
Decatur.....	271,947	Not include	d in to	tal.	.....
Total Mid. Western.....	202,305,805	230,894,655	+10.6	208,846,259	204,084,751
San Francisco.....	34,037,794	26,078,094	+9.7	24,328,191	22,551,509
Salt Lake City.....	2,672,297	4,029,808	-33.7	2,405,021	3,316,609
Portland.....	4,479,501	2,745,945	+63.2	2,723,238	2,404,396
Los Angeles.....	4,144,300	2,968,572	+38.8	2,308,987	1,874,078
Seattle.....	4,383,318	4,112,570	+6.5	3,120,130	2,827,101
Spokane.....	1,940,104	1,628,238	+27.0	1,245,190	1,002,934
Tacoma.....	1,565,907	1,271,335	+23.5	1,288,683	1,168,140
Helena.....	1,503,941	1,503,941	+10.4	1,383,947	1,080,547
Butte.....	621,037	501,973	+23.9	383,700	586,854
Sioux Falls.....	206,511	262,538	-1.5	99,636	107,686
Total Pacific.....	54,548,701	44,590,638	+22.3	38,450,003	37,318,423
Kansas City.....	23,754,318	19,577,296	+21.8	15,800,855	16,940,837
Omaha.....	15,980,991	12,988,770	+14.9	12,988,770	16,940,837
Cincinnati.....	7,747,135	6,004,220	+17.3	6,617,492	7,375,790
St. Paul.....	6,534,000	5,445,747	+19.0	5,839,711	5,508,738
Denver.....	4,250,000	3,861,667	+10.1	4,330,060	4,706,974
Portland.....	4,100,074	4,100,074	-15.2	3,857,268	2,400,135
Des Moines.....	2,011,732	1,092,882	+1.0	1,063,300	1,706,157
Davenport.....	1,332,931	1,091,831	+21.2	1,418,097	1,349,191
Sioux City.....	1,908,840	1,068,065	+15.1	1,321,416	1,853,743
Toronto.....	1,849,368	1,849,368	+28.6	1,017,840	1,155,162
Wichita.....	604,850	498,937	+30.6	406,319	470,106
Fremont.....	119,931	208,700	-42.8	145,548	181,500
Colorado Springs.....	500,108	800,715	-38.6	.....	.....
Total other West'n.....	72,461,400	64,337,375	+12.6	55,382,566	60,349,738
St. Louis.....	47,647,526	44,970,111	+6.0	38,518,290	36,398,697
New Orleans.....	11,409,300	10,584,600	+7.8	12,456,189	9,387,948
Louisville.....	10,300,772	9,863,474	+4.4	8,128,244	8,890,077
Galveston.....	4,620,000	4,538,500	+1.4	3,217,000	2,556,450
Houston.....	7,796,688	6,962,182	+11.6	6,990,497	4,890,797
Savannah.....	4,300,742	4,065,882	+5.9	5,046,065	3,111,145
Richmond.....	4,785,925	3,796,113	+26.1	3,372,350	3,800,940
Memphis.....	3,783,465	2,692,589	+40.5	3,341,573	2,672,702
Atlanta.....	2,808,407	2,639,395	+6.2	2,467,455	2,008,105
Nashville.....	1,870,269	1,527,129	+22.6	1,790,080	1,557,199
Norfolk.....	1,519,555	1,290,126	+17.0	1,405,896	1,213,818
Augusta.....	2,849,305	1,503,799	+89.2	2,821,523	1,155,162
Knoxville.....	931,400	686,034	+34.2	678,054	618,656
Fort Worth.....	1,522,983	1,668,563	-10.4	1,320,110	795,700
Memphis.....	1,115,154	928,550	+18.9	897,394	726,070
Birmingham.....	985,000	881,000	+10.5	684,000	690,000
Little Rock.....	986,928	881,896	+11.0	640,943	506,622
Chattanooga.....	950,000	414,309	+49.9	418,402	977,191
Jacksonville.....	300,554	346,705	-15.4	355,501	221,500
Beaumont.....	352,931	Not include	d in to	tal.	.....
Total Southern.....	110,057,447	100,240,817	+9.8	92,610,312	84,600,509
Total all.....	2,673,687,320	2,101,297,383	+27.2	1,601,431,255	2,008,954,397
Outside New York.....	\$94,182,943	\$18,464,145	+49.3	701,469,512	763,801,655
CANADA—	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montreal.....	23,740,164	17,457,300	+36.1	14,510,903	17,308,506
Toronto.....	17,031,224	12,977,871	+31.2	10,928,397	12,396,062
Winnipeg.....	4,890,371	3,167,394	+54.3	2,038,159	2,778,772
Halifax.....	1,860,909	1,544,904	+20.9	1,770,146	1,560,000
Hamilton.....	1,091,948	1,399,556	-20.3	534,337	929,078
St. John.....	843,392	844,814	-0.1	897,793	529,137
Victoria.....	537,061	891,494	-39.2	898,070	612,200
Vancouver.....	1,302,867	967,389	+34.9	1,247,000	820,045
Quebec.....	1,709,632	1,495,742	+14.7	.....	.....
Ottawa.....	2,079,064	1,782,601	+16.5	.....	.....
London.....	802,128	Not include	d in to	tal.	.....
Total Canada.....	64,967,839	41,056,176	+58.1	52,955,836	57,020,777

OUR STATE AND CITY SUPPLEMENT.

We send to our subscribers to-day the usual semi-annual number of our STATE AND CITY SUPPLEMENT. The tables and statistics in the SUPPLEMENT have been carefully and thoroughly revised, bringing the matter down to recent dates.

The editorial topics discussed in the SUPPLEMENT are "Recitals in Municipal Bonds—When Conclusive" and "The Impolicy of Taxing Public Bonds."

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Since the failure of President Roosevelt's conference for closing the coal strike and his subsequent proposition to Mitchell with the same purpose, which was declined, and the calling out of "the entire division of the National Guard of Pennsylvania" by Governor Stone, there have been no substantial developments with reference to the strike. If lawlessness and intimidation cease now, it is presumed that mining of coal will show material increase within the coming two weeks, unless perchance the miners are encouraged to delay in applying for work through new movements for a settlement which are even now reported to be in progress through the action of politicians of influence. But as Mr. Mitchell says clearly that the strike will not end on any promise of the several operators to consider the complaints of their respective employees, we do not see a way out of the difficulty through a compromise. On the other hand, the latest reports from the mining districts indicate considerable lawlessness and intimidation notwithstanding the presence of Pennsylvania's militia. All these matters in relation to the strike have attracted wide interest, and yet the condition of money, the decided break in Stock Exchange values and the liquidation which has since been in progress have been the more absorbing topic. As the week closes, however, confidence is evidently again returning, notwithstanding money continues very high. But we have written at length in a subsequent article upon matters relating to the week's liquidation on the Stock Exchange.

We remarked last week and have stated on many previous occasions that the Government surplus receipts and the consequent locking-up of currency in the Sub-Treasury were a chief cause for the present stringency in money. Of course the crop movement demand for currency, the activity in business, and the undue speculation prevailing in securities and commodities, leading to enlarged credits by financial institutions, were in some degree sources of the monetary weakness which developed. But as business prospects at present have many elements of strength, a cure for excessive speculation with slower and less hurtful liquidation might have come about without the severe spasm in money with the accompanying great disasters, had it not been for the locking-up of reserves in the Sub-Treasury which the large surplus revenue enforced.

What is meant on this occasion when we speak of the locking-up of currency in the Sub-Treasury is clearly indicated by the following statement of the Government money holdings on the first day of each month of the current calendar year. We do not usually put statistical compilations in this column, but the point is so important, and many published

statements are so loose, that it is well for the reader to have the exact facts.

	Government Holdings 1902—	Cash in Sub-Treasuries.	Deposits in Banks.	Total Holdings.
Jan. 1		\$294,449,086	\$112,653,535	\$407,102,621
Feb. 1		290,738,811	112,578,621	403,317,432
Mar. 1		292,343,795	113,433,947	405,777,742
Apr. 1		294,492,215	118,041,310	412,533,525
May 1		292,423,185	120,396,715	412,819,900
June 1		299,606,600	124,882,004	424,488,604
July 1		312,802,213	126,506,518	439,308,731
Aug. 1		309,335,086	126,152,991	435,488,077
Sept. 1		317,734,602	125,382,170	443,116,772
Oct. 1		324,718,493	133,932,197	458,650,690

It will be observed that the occasion of lowest holdings by the Government in Sub-Treasury and in Bank was February 1. That in the interval between that date and October 1 the United States Treasurer had accumulated, out of surplus income, nearly \$54 million dollars; of this amount there remained Oct. 1, locked up in Sub-Treasury, a net of nearly 34 million dollars, while national bank depositaries all over the country held of the accumulated surplus a little over 21 million dollars. As a large proportion of the total Government revenues goes into Sub-Treasury vaults through our city banks, we assume that a good part of the increase in the deposits in depository banks, as well as all of the 34 millions of increase in Sub-Treasury, was a direct loss to the reserve of the New York Clearing House institutions. Be that as it may, it is interesting to note that the dates of maximum and minimum currency holdings of our banks in 1902, if reversed, will correspond with the Government figures just given, and that the total loss in gross reserves is very nearly the same as the increase in Government cash holdings. That is to say, Feb. 1 was the date of largest currency holdings by the banks (\$270,632,600) while October 4 was the day of smallest (\$219,863,200) currency holdings, and the difference between these items shows that while the Treasury had been gaining in holdings \$55,333,248, the banks had lost \$50,769,400 in their gross reserve. These results bring out very clearly the part the Sub-Treasury law has played in promoting the present monetary crisis.

Our esteemed neighbor, the "Evening Post," takes us to task for approving of Secretary Shaw's course last week with reference to bank reserves against Government deposits because his act was not sanctioned by law. It says we stated that the Secretary had "shown great common sense in that matter and that his action is highly commendable, and is a long step to a freer banking system." These charges are all true, except we do not think it is quite clear that the Secretary's course in that particular was not authorized by the statute. Even granting, however, that it was not, we still stand by what we said and would not if we had it to say over again vary our approval in any respect. The situation justified the suspension of the requirement. One should keep in mind the surroundings. We set them out very fully last week, and we need not repeat them, except to say that if there ever was an occasion when a public officer would be justified in disregarding a statutory regulation, last week's crisis was, we think, of that nature, and the act of Secretary Shaw which the "Post" criticizes was consequently, we think, commendable. Certainly our neighbor would not like to assert that an officer charged with executing a law should enforce it under every conceivable combination of circumstances. Here in this city we have a law against bituminous coal. That is

a very good and just law. Those high in authority believe the use of soft coal to be very deleterious to health—that is, endangers life. And yet to-day almost the whole city of coal consumers are burning it, and our courts even refuse to compel our officers to enforce the law. We do not hesitate to say that the officers and the courts are fully justified in a suspension of the requirement.

The other statement to which the "Post" calls attention—that Mr. Shaw's act "was a long step to a freer banking system"—was perhaps more a hope than an expectation, and may not prove correct as a prophecy. When Congress meets the crisis will be a far-off affair and not unlikely without influence. We, however, had in mind when we wrote, the wish that the hard and fast statutory provision as to reserves might be amended and so relaxed. Our ideal banking law contemplates a freer field, leaving commerce at liberty in large measure to make its own system. The merit of such a device was well illustrated in this matter of reserve last week. A great many people suppose that if banks were relieved from the restrictions the law throws about them now, they would immediately revert to the wild-cat system of currency and banks; they seem to forget that such a development was only possible in a state of the country which existed when they existed. What did our city banks do when Mr. Shaw's relief measure was announced? The Committee of the Clearing House immediately called attention to the Clearing House requirement of 25 per cent reserve, and said it must be respected, and the weekly bank report must be made up as heretofore. That was the course every conservative banker favored; but as the Clearing House "was a machine with some weak members," it had to be announced officially. Mr. Shaw had restored public confidence and rendered to the business community a great service in relieving the banks from the legal restriction; on the other hand the Clearing House Committee's act was merely supplementary and imparted further stability to the situation by showing that no reckless banking and venturesome loan expansion, which so many at the moment predicted, was a possible event. Cannot Congress, in the light of this illustrative act, be led to relax the law?

We think our worthy Mayor can have no idea of the decided and extensive opposition that is felt to his plan of raising real estate assessments to full value. If there were no other objection to the proposal than the fact that it suddenly opens an almost unlimited opportunity for debt-making, and thereby fosters extravagance in every department of the Government, that would be enough to condemn it. It is hardly necessary to call to mind the general prevalence and insidious character among officials of a disposition to spend money recklessly, especially when the assessed public is the only party that is to be saddled with the new bonds and burdens. The debt limit provided by nearly all States for their municipalities for curbing this dangerous spirit is an assertion of its presence and vigor; no class of officials is free from it.

Were it certain that our reform government was to last another term, the change would still be unwise. Increasing expenditures instead of economizing is such a common failing; it being so much easier and more pleasurable a way of conducting affairs, while a great city like New York suggests so many directions

in which added funds could "advantageously" be placed that a taxpayer would hesitate in entrusting even to our present officials such a large and easy process for getting money. But that is by no means the worst form in which this objection to the proposal presents itself. The chances are that at the next city election the present administration will have to walk out and Tammany will walk in. What would be the prospect then? The Democratic party would not be responsible for increasing the debt-making power or the practice of debt enlargement. It could with truth be claimed that a reform administration had made the opening and set the example and started the pace. If the new officials should further raise assessments while keeping the ball a rolling—first a little faster and then a little faster yet—until the added interest and enlarged expenditures became a burden indeed, who could blame a Democratic administration? Besides, if the power should finally drift into the hands of a corrupt as well as an extravagant clique, what a depressing, discouraging experience the event would prove if the occasion should require the starting of a new reform movement.

Perhaps those who are pushing this plan have failed to consider its effect on a large body of voters. We do not refer to the foremost real estate holders; they can probably take care of themselves—besides there are comparatively few of them. The others form a large class; some among the number possessing very valuable properties with small equity, many more having less all the way down to the man who only carries the fee to a dwelling, perhaps the house he lives in. Generally the smaller the investment the more zealous the owner in protecting his possession and the deeper an increased tax rate cuts. The present administration is in no wise responsible for the inequalities in assessments that exist to-day. It will be made responsible not only for every inequality that shall exist when the new assessment is made, but for thousands of cases where there is no just cause for complaint. In brief, here is a hornet's nest—it is all quiet in and about it now. Past grievances are forgotten or have been lulled to sleep. Put in a stick and stir it up. Every occupant becomes an injured and attacking force, not only those who are hurt, but those who think they are. Strange to say, that is about the situation that the moving party in this city problem are putting themselves in. It proposes to concentrate on itself the responsibility and blame for every mistake it may make in reaching the full value, and every imagined inequality that any owner may make himself believe he has suffered. And yet it is obviously just as difficult a problem to find the full value of New York real estate as to find the two-thirds value—the system now in vogue, which our present officials claim is full of errors of the kind described.

The situation in the iron trade remains the same as heretofore: demand still continues greatly in excess of supply. The "Iron Age" has this week made public its usual monthly statement of pig iron production, the figures being brought down to the first of October. It appears that notwithstanding the great difficulty in securing a satisfactory supply of fuel, production in September was only about 60,000 tons under that for August. Our contemporary considers this quite remarkable under the circumstances. It says that during the month so many complaints were heard relative to the banking of furnaces on ac-

count of shortage of fuel, it would not have been surprising to find the output heavily decreased. The "Age" makes the production for September 1,447,434 tons, against 1,498,842 tons in August and 1,475,896 in July. On the first of September, it will be remembered, the capacity of the active furnaces in blast had shown a decrease, following a decrease on the first of August. Now, however, there is again an increase, the gross capacity on the first of October being reported 344,040 tons, against 335,189 tons on September 1. This increase is due to the blowing in of some furnaces of large size, considerably more than offsetting the blowing out of some small furnaces. The total of furnace stocks, which was small on September 1, is reported still smaller for October 1, the amount sold and unsold (not including of course the holdings of the steel works producing their own iron, which are never included,) being down to only 75,901 tons. "The Age" says that the production of both pig iron and steel billets is still considerably short of the country's requirements. Importations continue on a large scale and further transactions in foreign pig iron have been reported during the week. It is pointed out that foreign pig iron is almost the sole dependence of foundrymen along the seaboard and in a great portion of the Central West who desire quick shipments.

The Imperial Bank of Germany raised its official rate of discount on Saturday of last week to 4 per cent from 3 per cent, at which it had stood since February 11. With this exception there had been no change in official discount rates by any of the European banks. On Saturday last the Clearing House Committee, notwithstanding the ruling by Secretary Shaw, that a reserve need not be maintained by depository banks against public funds secured by the pledge of Government bonds, decided to make no change in the form of the weekly statement of the Associated Banks, and it was therefore issued in the usual shape, accompanied, however, by a memorandum stating the amount of the public deposits held by the depository banks; this was \$40,769,300. Calculated upon the basis of net deposits, including public funds, the statement showed a decrease in the surplus reserve, compared with that of the previous week of \$1,417,425, making such surplus \$1,819,200. If the calculation had been made, however, upon the basis of the net deposits less the amount of the public funds, the statement would have shown a surplus reserve of \$12,011,525. The issue by Secretary Shaw on Saturday evening, October 4, of a statement explanatory of his action in the matter of the release of the reserve against public deposits secured by Government bonds and officially denying as unfounded the reports current on the previous day of a disagreement regarding the authority for such release of reserve (which official statement will be found in the department of Bank Items of this issue), enabled the Clearing House Committee on Monday to adopt a plan in conformity with the Secretary's ruling, and this week and hereafter, for the present at least, the Clearing House statements will note the changes in surplus reserve upon both bases—with the public deposits included in the net deposits and with the Government funds excluded therefrom. The bank statement of last week showed a decrease in loans of \$1,878,100, in specie of \$710,900, in legal tenders of \$1,792,300 and in deposits of \$4,343,100; circulation was increased \$583,000. One notable feature of the

statement was the excess of \$127,700 loans over deposits, for the first time since 1884, which excess was due to the transfer of deposits to capital and surplus account, and this was especially noticeable in the statement of the largely capitalized banks, at least four of which indicated an excess of \$44,000,000 loans over deposits. The Associated Banks as a whole showed a cash reserve of \$219,863,200 and capital and surplus of \$218,340,600, indicating an excess of reserve of \$1,522,600, making the limit of further expansion of credits \$6,090,400.

The bank statement of this week will be favorably affected by the receipt by the banks of \$3,050,000 Australian gold, which has arrived at San Francisco and been transferred to New York through telegraphic order, by \$1,045,000 transferred by San Francisco bankers to those in New York, by the arrival of \$1,200,000 South African gold and by the transfer by the United States Government to Manila of \$250,000. At the same time \$700,000 have been transferred through the Treasury to Chicago and New Orleans. As the result of the recently announced policy of the Secretary of the Treasury for the relief of the money market, \$3,854,000 of municipal and State bonds have been accepted as pledge for public deposits, thus releasing a like amount of Government bonds as security for circulation, and the total amount of rebated interest paid up to the latest date is reported at \$2,954,000; deposits of public funds in the designated depositories are slowly increasing, and since September 20 this increase has amounted to \$11,127,087. The Secretary on Monday signified his willingness to buy other than 5 per cent bonds, if they were offered at reasonable prices, but a round amount of 4s of 1925 which was offered on the following day at 137 was refused. He has also refused an offer of 300,000 of these bonds at 138½. Purchase of \$8,000 more of 5s of 1904 are reported.

Money on call representing bankers' balances has loaned at the Stock Exchange during the week at 16 per cent and at 3 per cent, averaging about 11 per cent. On Monday loans were at 12 per cent and at 6 per cent, with the bulk of the business at 10 per cent. On Tuesday transactions were at 10 per cent and at 3 per cent, with the majority at 9 per cent. On Wednesday loans were at 15 per cent and at 7 per cent with the bulk of the business at 11 per cent. The higher rate was recorded in the last half hour, when preparations began for payments on account of the Louisville & Nashville deal. On Thursday the market was somewhat deranged by the shifting of loans incident to preparations for the payment of an instalment of about \$15,000,000 on the shipping deal and transactions were at 15 per cent and at 9 per cent, with the majority at 12 per cent. On Friday loans were at 16 per cent and at 4 per cent, with the bulk of the business at 10 per cent. It may be noted that the proceeds of the Australian and of the South African gold were loaned on Wednesday and Thursday at very near the highest rates. Banks and trust companies quote 6 per cent as the minimum, though the majority of the latter loaned at the rates ruling at the Stock Exchange. Time money was in good demand, especially for ninety days, and rates were 6 per cent, plus a commission of ¼ of 1 to 1 per cent, making the cost equal to about 8 per cent. The quotation for four to eight months was from 6 per cent to this rate, plus ¼

of 1 per cent, but little or no business was reported. There were no local transactions in commercial paper, though some sales to Western banks of choice names were said to have been made. Rates continue to be quoted nominally at 6 per cent for sixty to ninety day endorsed bills receivable, 6 per cent for prime and 6½ per cent for good four to six months' single names.

The Bank of England minimum rate of discount remains unchanged at 4 per cent. The cable reports discounts of sixty to ninety-day bank bills in London at 3¼@3½ per cent. The open market rate at Paris is 2½ per cent, and at Berlin and Frankfurt it is 2½@2¾ per cent. According to our special cable from London the Bank of England lost £1,124,217 bullion during the week and held £34,718,197 at the close of the week. Our correspondent further advises us that the loss was due to exports of £555,000 (of which £500,000 were to Egypt and £55,000 to Argentina), to shipments of £599,000 net to the interior of Great Britain and to the import of £30,000 from Australia.

The foreign exchange market was quite strong on Saturday and on Monday, in response to a demand for remittance by Tuesday's steamer. Then the satisfaction of the inquiry and an over-bought market caused a decline in rates and thereafter a liberal supply of commercial bills and large offerings of sixty and ninety-day drafts, representing sterling loans, contributed to an easier tone, though as the market fell off there seemed to be a moderate inquiry for bills, with the business largest in those for sight. There was an arrival of \$200,000 gold on Monday and of \$1,100,000 on Wednesday, consigned to the National City Bank and constituting part of the South African gold which was bought by that institution. The remainder of this purchase is expected to arrive in a few days. About \$3,500,000 of gold which was recently shipped from Australia arrived at San Francisco on Tuesday and no more gold from that point is understood to be in transit. The Assay Office paid \$919,419 78 for domestic and \$125,219 40 for foreign bullion and there was also an advance payment of \$1,030,000 on this account. Gold received at the Custom House during the week, \$189,105.

Nominal quotations for exchange are 4 84 for sixty days and 4 87 for sight. The market was strong on Saturday of last week in consequence of a demand for remittance by Tuesday's steamer, and long rose 10 points to 4 8310@4 8325, and short and cables 25 points, to 4 8625@4 8640 for the former and to 4 8675@4 87 for the latter. The tone was strong again on Monday, when long was 25 points higher, at 4 8335@4 8350, short 15 points better at 4 8640@4 8660, and cables rose 15 points to 4 8690@4 8710. On Tuesday the market fell off in consequence of a relaxation in the demand and also because it had been largely overbought in expectation of a greater inquiry for remittance, and long declined 35 points, to 4 83@4 8325, shorts 40 points, to 4 86@4 8625, and cables 40 points, to 4 8650@4 8675. On Wednesday the market was irregular though generally easier, and the feature, as above noted, was the offering of sixty and ninety-day bills, representing foreign loans. Long was 10 points lower for the asking price, at 4 8315, short fell off 10 points, to 4 8590@4 8615, and cables remained unchanged. On Thursday the market was easy in the morning, later partially recovering. It closed practically unchanged for long and short, the

latter being 4 8590@4 8610; cables were 10 points lower, at 4 8640@4 8650. The tone was steady on Friday. The following shows daily posted rates for exchange by some of the principal drawers:

	FRI. Oct. 3.	MON. Oct. 6.	TUES. Oct. 7.	WED. Oct. 8.	THUR. Oct. 9.	FRI. Oct. 10.
Brown Bros. { 60 days 4 83¼	84	84	84	84	84	84
{ Sight... 4 87	87	87	87	87	87	87
Baring. { 60 days 4 83¼	84	84	84	84	84	84
{ Sight... 4 87	87¼	87¼	87¼	87¼	87¼	87
Bank British. { 60 days 4 83¼	84	84	84	84	84	84
{ No. America... { Sight... 4 87	87¼	87	87	87	87	87
Bank of Montreal. { 60 days 4 83¼	84	84	84	84	84	84
{ Sight... 4 87	87	87¼	87	87	87	87
Canadian Bank. { 60 days 4 83¼	84	84	84	84	84	84
{ of Commerce... { Sight... 4 87¼	87¼	87	87	87	87	87
Hoelbach, Ick. { 60 days 4 83¼	84	84	84	84	84	84
{ elheimer & Co. { Sight... 4 87	87	87	87	87	87	87
Lazard Freres. { 60 days 4 83¼	84	84	84	84	84	84
{ Sight... 4 87	87	87	87	87	87	87
Merchants' Bk. { 60 days 4 83¼	84	84	84	84	84	84
{ of Canada { Sight... 4 87¼	87	87	87	87	87	87

The market closed at 4 83@4 8315 for long, 4 8585@4 86 for short and 4 8640@4 8650 for cables. Commercial on banks 4 82¼@4 82½ and documents for payment 4 82@4 83. Cotton for payment 4 82@4 82½, cotton for acceptance 4 82½@4 82¾ and grain for payment 4 82½@4 83.

The following gives the week's movements of money to and from the interior by the New York banks.

Week Ending Oct. 10, 1902.	Received by N. Y. Banks.	Shipped by N. Y. Banks.	Net Interior Movement.
Currency.....	\$8,972,000	\$5,318,000	Loss \$1,571,000
Gold.....	1,100,000	1,902,000	Loss 702,000
Total gold and legal tenders.....	\$5,072,000	\$7,145,000	Loss \$2,073,000

With the Sub-Treasury operations the result is as follows.

Week Ending Oct. 10, 1902.	Into Banks.	Out of Banks.	Net Change in Bank Holdings.
Banks interior movement, as above	\$5,072,000	\$7,145,000	Loss \$2,073,000
Sub-Treasury operations.....	28,100,000	28,100,000	Gain 4,000,000
Total gold and legal tenders.....	\$31,172,000	\$39,245,000	Gain \$1,927,000

The following table indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks.

Bank of	Oct. 9, 1902.			Oct. 10, 1901.		
	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
England	\$4,718,197		\$4,718,197	\$7,378,905		\$7,378,905
France.....	102,832,287	44,996,107	147,828,394	94,874,963	44,039,954	138,914,917
Germany.....	81,278,000	11,567,000	92,845,000	80,984,000	19,050,000	100,034,000
Switzerland.....	75,898,000	7,114,700	83,012,700	67,355,000	6,085,000	73,440,000
Austria.....	45,540,000	12,385,700	57,925,700	45,038,000	10,838,000	55,876,000
Spain.....	14,388,000	19,414,000	33,802,000	14,006,000	17,136,000	31,142,000
Italy.....	18,080,000	2,063,800	20,143,800	18,900,000	1,963,800	20,863,800
Netherlands.....	4,690,100	6,477,700	11,167,800	5,795,100	5,949,900	11,745,000
Lat. Belg'm.....	3,339,389	1,619,607	4,958,996	3,161,333	1,660,667	4,822,000
Rot. this week	\$34,547,917	104,869,374	139,417,291	\$38,871,001	99,387,731	138,258,732
Net. prev. w'k	\$34,938,918	105,660,989	140,599,787	\$38,812,310	99,879,677	138,692,987

THE MOVEMENT IN THE STOCK MARKET.

There are several aspects in which the recent violent decline in prices on the Stock Exchange is interesting. Some will draw inferences regarding the financial outlook generally, reasoning that prices as a whole have been high and have been subject in this, the most sensitive of the markets, to violent correction. There is some justice in this criticism, though, as we shall presently show, it needs to be weighed rather carefully. Others will point out the element of our market's borrowings from Europe, which so far anticipated the increase in home resources, through this season's profitable harvests, that the approach of harvest time was apparently without its usual effect. Still others will show that the relative weakness of the banks, as regards reserve percentage, during the past eight months was liable from the first to create an awkward position when normal demands of the crop-moving period were accentuated by Government absorptions.

Granting to these various inferences whatever force belongs to them, we wish to point out another element in the situation which to our mind is still more impressive. It seems to be agreed that the strain in the stock and money markets during the past few weeks has resulted directly from stock speculation. In the later summer it had grown reasonably plain that abundant and profitable grain harvests would be gathered. There was at the same time reasonable ground for believing that foreign harvests, as a whole, would fall below last year's. As against these reassuring facts from the stock market's point of view, should have been placed, first, the fact, already referred to, that the foreign credits expected as a result of these harvests had been to some extent anticipated by foreign borrowings; second, the fact that prices for securities were already well advanced as compared with other prosperous times; third, the fact that heavy interior demand on Eastern reserves in the autumn was a certainty, and that the volume of this demand was very likely to be proportioned to the magnitude of the harvests.

These were facts suggesting caution; and it is very well-known that, in conservative circles of finance, the policy of caution was pursued. There were comparatively few new enterprises placed in the intervening months upon the market. Amalgamations of companies on such a scale as to draw heavily upon local capital were in general deferred. Efforts were largely directed towards the quieting of excitement in the markets; and the maintenance, so far as might be done by prudent oversight, of favoring conditions.

Unfortunately, there were other interests which refused to read the situation after this fashion. The unloosing of the spirit of speculation is always dangerous from the fact that it cannot easily be chained again. The force and duration of a movement of this sort cannot be measured, nor is it ever possible to say to what extent it can be subjected to the reasonable development of events. There is always the chance that speculators may argue, even from the warnings of the market, exactly the opposite conclusions from those derived by sober observers. This has been demonstrated many times. A violent pell-mell movement of speculation for the rise infects, let us say, the entire community. One of those unforeseen events which always marks the culmination of such a movement arrests it violently. Severe reaction follows, but it is only temporary. Afterwards real prosperity asserts itself again, and good times are once more very strikingly in evidence.

Now there are two conclusions which will be drawn from such a sequence of events—one, that there are limits to speculative expansion which should be carefully observed; the other, that a really violent shock has failed to upset the genuinely favorable influences, and that therefore future reactions of the kind may be treated with indifference. Mingled with this last reasoning are such assumptions—very familiar to Wall Street—as the belief that banking interests are so concerned in maintaining confidence that they will personally prevent re-action; that, in short, things which would happen at an ordinary time will be prevented for the benefit of whoever buys stocks on borrowed money for the rise. The fact that many speculators seemed a year ago to defy the usual precedents of the markets, and still to come through unharmed with a fortune to their credit, is of course a stimulus to such imaginations.

It hardly needs argument to show that procedure on such a basis must sooner or later come to grief. No sober-minded man imagines such things as perpetual rise in prices; there are influences, quite outside of human control, which act automatically to check a movement of this sort. Least of all is it reasonable to suppose that perpetual advance in values, with the resultant inevitable expansion of bank liabilities, can occur at moments when bank resources are being rigidly curtailed. Among all people least likely to encourage such conception of the markets, serious financiers with legitimate enterprises, needing support of local capital, would be conspicuous.

The striking part of the whole stock market episode of the fortnight past has been the absence of any grave injury from the decline in prices. This shows the general soundness of the situation. Indeed, we should say that the situation has been greatly helped by the recent readjustment. In two directions the improvement must be manifest. The awkward elements in the recent position of affairs, it is agreed by every one, have been the falling ratio of bank reserves to liabilities and the blockade of the usual autumn relief through the sterling market. Check to excited operations on the Stock Exchange, and in particular reduction of weak speculative commitments, have on the one hand curtailed bank liabilities; on the other, in so far as control over foreign exchanges was impaired by a stock market situation which invited foreign selling and obstructed buying, to that extent to day's position is distinctly stronger. It need not be argued that, on general principles, prices have been too high. That may or may not be so; the question must be determined by a variety of circumstances. But that a moderate lowering of prices, when the foreign exchanges hold stubbornly against us, is the shortest and surest measure of relief, is the teaching of all experience, and such relief has been invoked by the movement of the past two weeks. When the present period of strain is past and our crops are moving in quantity to Europe, it will be possible to take our bearings in a broader way.

THE READING COMPANY REPORT.

The Reading Company annual report—which is for the fiscal year ending June 30 1902—covers almost two months of the anthracite coal miners' strike, this strike having been inaugurated on the 13th of May. All the results for the year must be interpreted in the light of this statement. The Reading Company is the largest one of all the anthracite carriers, and in addition controls the Central Railroad of New Jersey, which is also a very important anthracite company. It follows that the strike was a prominent adverse feature in the company's affairs—and still is.

In view of the part played by the strike, the showing for the year must obviously be considered very good. Taking the three companies together—that is, the Reading Company with the two constituent concerns, the Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company and the Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Company—the surplus above expenses and charges for the twelve months is not as large as for the twelve months preceding, but is, nevertheless, of comfortable proportions, reaching \$2,378,826; for the twelve months preceding the surplus had been \$2,663,087. It should be remembered, too, that this surplus

remains after making liberal charges for renewals and improvements in the case of both the Railway Company and the Coal & Iron Company, though in the aggregate these charges fell below the amount appropriated in the same way in the previous year. In the case of the Coal & Iron Company there was (1) an appropriation of \$863,428 for new work at the collieries; (2) an allowance of \$374,101 (5 cents a ton on coal mined) for the depletion of coal lands; besides this there was in the case of the Railway Company (3) an appropriation of \$666,133 for equipment renewals and (4) a further appropriation of \$1,341,326 for improvements, this latter representing the cost of additional real estate, sidings, second and third tracks, stations, bridges, wharves, etc. Altogether, therefore, there was deducted from earnings in these ways \$3,244,988 before arriving at the surplus of \$3,378,826. In the previous fiscal year the total appropriation for the same four items was \$3,808,858. In charging against income outlays of this description, the company is simply continuing the policy which has been pursued in the management of the property ever since the reorganization of the company—a policy moreover to which practically all the other large systems, both in the Reading's own territory and throughout the whole United States, are wedded, and one, too, without which it could hardly hope to compete successfully with rival systems.

As the reader is aware, the semi-annual dividend on the first preferred stock, which previously had been 3 per cent (or at the rate of the full 4 per cent per annum to which this stock is entitled as a first preference), was recently reduced to 1 per cent. In the light of subsequent events there can be no doubt that the reduction was a proper step, even though on the basis of the late year's results the full 3 per cent might have been paid. In fact we think that if the dividend had been omitted altogether, no fault could have been found. The March payment at 2 per cent called for \$560,000, and a contribution to the general mortgage sinking fund which the company is obliged to make when paying dividends called for \$443,935 more, making \$1,003,935 and leaving \$1,374,891 out of which to pay the October dividend of 1 per cent, which called for \$280,000.

The total accumulated surplus, including the \$1,374,891 just mentioned, was on June 30 1902 \$4,686,615. The management have from the first been very conservative in the matter of distributing profits to the shareholders, making the payments moderate, and then only when the money could unquestionably be spared. Hence it is not strange to find that President Baer, in referring to this accumulated surplus of \$4,686,615, takes occasion to note that "the experience of the last few months, during which the anthracite traffic on the company's lines has been suspended through the strike among the miners, has demonstrated the wisdom of maintaining a sufficient surplus." Mr. Baer confines himself entirely to the results in the annual report, and therefore makes no reference to the loss incurred by the company since the close of the fiscal year. But we published the company's statement for August in our earnings department last week, from which it appeared that the net earnings of the three companies combined for July and August the present year were only \$734,136, against \$2,151,996 in the same two months of last year, showing a loss for these two months of no less than \$1,417,860. This is independ-

ent of the result on the Central of New Jersey, which for the same two months shows net (railroad operations only) of \$523,534, against \$1,366,269. Evidently, therefore, the restriction of the dividends was a prudent move.

While speaking of the Central of New Jersey it may be noted that, according to the report, the income received during the late year from the stock of that company was more than sufficient to meet the fixed charges created by the Reading Company to make the purchase. Of course this favorable result would be changed should the strike be further prolonged and the Central, like the Reading itself, suffer continuous losses month after month. In that event there would be a deficiency which the Reading would have to bear.

We have an inkling of the reason for the firm and resolute stand which President Baer has taken at the present juncture in his dealings with the United Mine Workers in a statement in the report referring to the cost to the company of the coal mined and purchased during the year. It appears that this cost averaged \$2.028 or fully 20½ cents a ton more than for the previous fiscal year. Mr. Baer says that the higher cost resulted principally from the following causes, namely the increased cost of labor due to the advance in October 1900, which affected the whole of the fiscal year ended June 30 1902; the additional expenses attending the freshets of December 1901 and March 1902; the increased amount expended for colliery and other improvements, and to the expenses in connection with the strike and the consequent reduction in the company's tonnage. Mr. Baer does not undertake a discussion of the merits of the strike, but incidentally in connection with another matter he speaks of the "lessened efficiency of labor." What has brought about this "lessened efficiency of labor" is of course well known. It is the domination in so many matters of the miners' organization—the United Mine Workers—and the fact that this domination has ruined the morale of the men and made it impossible, particularly since the victory achieved by the miners two years ago, to maintain the same discipline as before.

As far as the traffic operations are concerned, comparisons with previous years are of course disturbed by the part played by the strike during May and June. One interesting fact, however, may be pointed out, which is that in the general affairs of the company the same feature to which attention has been directed in the previous years is again observable, we mean the growth of the company's traffic in other departments than anthracite transportation, making it less exclusively dependent upon the anthracite coal tonnage alone. Even the earnings from the coal traffic in the late year were somewhat heavier than in the year preceding, notwithstanding the loss in the anthracite tonnage. These coal earnings amounted to \$12,436,159 for 1901-02 and to \$12,391,307 for 1900-01, against only \$9,535,676 in 1896-97. While there was a loss of 1,057,938 tons in the anthracite shipments, there was on the other hand an increase of 1,068,597 tons in the movement of bituminous coal. Doubtless to some extent the anthracite strike operated to increase the shipments of soft coal, but as a matter of fact the company has been extending its traffic in that class of coal year after year. We commented upon this fact twelve months ago, and showed that for 1900-01 the bituminous tonnage

had aggregated 5,018,491 tons as against only 1,690,228 tons in the twelve months ending November 30 1894. In the year under review this bituminous tonnage was further increased from 5,018,491 to 6,087,088 tons. If we compare the passenger traffic and the merchandise traffic with previous years, we find the same evidences of growth and expansion. The passenger earnings for instance were \$4,880,705 in 1901-02, against \$4,561,393 in 1900-01 and only \$3,763,890 in 1896-97. The revenue from the merchandise traffic was \$11,205,307, against \$10,079,427 in the twelve months preceding and \$6,455,030 in 1896-97.

As showing the steady development in this class of business, it may be noted that the total of the merchandise traffic handled in 1901-02 was 16,413,700 tons, as against 14,535,083 tons in 1900-01, 14,192,019 tons in 1899-1900, 12,750,281 tons in 1898-99 and but 8,250,404 tons in the twelve months ending November 30 1894. The total of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company's gross earnings from all operating sources in the late year was \$29,515,534, as against \$28,344,169 the year previous, and no more than \$20,746,864 in 1896-97.

The conclusion to which all this brings us is that the company's business and affairs are in satisfactory shape, that traffic is being extended and developed in all directions, and that as soon as the existing labor troubles in the anthracite regions are settled (and in the nature of things they cannot continue forever) the company will enter upon a new, and it is to be presumed a more lasting, era of prosperity.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC REPORT.

Accustomed as we are to marvelous records of growth and expansion in earnings, the Northern Pacific Railway makes perhaps the most noteworthy and striking showing of any company of its kind. Obviously where there are so many large systems all distinguished in the same way, it is a little difficult to pick out any particular one and say that it ranks in this respect above the others. Still this much can be affirmed with absolute confidence: there are few companies in the whole country that added so much in amount to their earnings, gross and net, the past twelve months as did the Northern Pacific. The truth of this remark will be manifest when we say that the improvement in the gross for the twelve months (ending June 30 1902) reached, according to the report before us, nearly nine million dollars (\$8,826,396) and the improvement in the net earnings considerably more than four million dollars (\$4,178,125).

The contest for control of this property, which was one of the chief events of 1901, is a thing of the past, and the Northern Securities Company may now be said to be practically the only shareholder in the company. It is becoming more and more evident, however, as each succeeding month passes and shows further expansion and development on top of the wonderful gains preceding, that the prize for which the contestants fought was a decidedly valuable one. The increase just noted of \$8,826,396 in gross and of \$4,178,125 in net in the fiscal year ending June 30 1902 is only one of a series of gains that have marked the whole history of the reorganized company. Even in the preceding fiscal year, when the company had to contend with a decided shortage of the spring wheat crop—which crop counts for so much in its territory—there had been a considerable augmenta-

tion in the gross receipts (\$2,539,666 in gross and \$294,151 in net), though, as we pointed out at the time, the inclusion for the first time in the accounts of the operations of the St. Paul & Duluth was an important element in this particular gain.

It is only necessary to go back a few years to see how marvelous and continuous the expansion has been. In the year just passed the company earned gross \$41,387,380; in 1895-96 the corresponding item was only \$19,863,159. In other words, in this interval of six years the total of the gross revenue has considerably more than doubled. The net earnings, which after deducting expenses and taxes, for the late year reached \$19,792,840, in 1895-96 were no more than \$7,527,913. The inclusion of the St. Paul & Duluth in the later year will account for no more than about two million dollars of the immense increase in gross and possibly \$600,000 to \$700,000 of the 12½ million dollars increase in the net earnings. With it all, the same conditions still rule, and President Charles S. Mellen states that the gross receipts of the company the current year will practically be limited only by the company's capacity for handling the business offered.

Mr. Mellen points out that while the Northern Pacific is only a single-track line, already its gross revenue per mile of road operated equals that of several of the trunk lines west of Chicago whose main lines are double-tracked. He thinks it a pressing necessity that considerable sections of the main trans-Continental line shall be double-tracked in the near future. He says the road is handling to-day a relatively larger business at a less ratio of expense and with more limited facilities than most of the other large Western lines, and the demand for transportation consequent upon the extraordinary development of the territory served by the company's lines is taxing those facilities to the utmost. For one thing the company spent no less than \$4,616,895 during the year in the purchase of new equipment to meet the increasing demand upon it.

With nearly twenty million dollars net income, namely \$19,792,840—that is, \$18,949,076 net earnings from operations, plus \$843,765 from investments—the call for interest and rental charges for the year was only \$6,745,608. The preferred stock, as is known, was retired on January 1 1902, and the entire share capital is now represented by \$155,000,000 of common stock. Including the \$1,500,000 paid on the preferred stock in the first half of the year, the total amount paid out in dividends (including the \$6,999,946 distributed on the common stock) aggregated altogether \$8,499,946, or, roughly, 8½ million dollars. This is equal to 5½ per cent on the 155 millions of stock. Payments now on the stock, as will be recalled, are 1½ per cent quarterly, or 6 per cent per annum.

After allowing for the 8½ million dollars distributed in dividends in the late year, there still remained a surplus on the operations of the twelve months in amount of over 4½ million dollars—\$4,547,286. Out of this the management, following the practice of previous years, appropriated a full three million dollars for additions and betterments, and even then there was a remainder of \$1,547,286.

In addition to the three million dollars provided in this way out of income in the late year for betterments there was a similar contribution of two million dollars in 1900-01, of \$3,000,000 in 1899-1900

of \$2,176,619 in 1898-99 and of \$811,709 in 1897-98. Altogether, only a trifle less than \$11,000,000 has been applied out of earnings in the last five years in this manner. As in preceding periods, absolutely no charges were made in 1901-02 to capital account other than for additional equipment and construction of branch lines and purchase of real estate—all expenditures for improvements having been provided out of income.

Besides the large sums provided out of the earnings for additions and betterments the company has had available since September 1 1896 up to June 30 1902 \$27,385,184 out of its Betterment and Enlargement Funds representing new capital outlays. Of this amount \$26,050,946 has been expended, leaving \$1,334,238 of new capital still available.

It is noteworthy that while capital account was increased during the year by \$2,706,677 for new mileage purchased and constructed and for new real estate acquired, cost of road on the books was actually reduced from \$283,711,260 on June 30 1901 to \$280,398,127 on June 30 1902. The explanation is found in the fact that \$3,807,121 was deducted on account of the net proceeds of the land department, \$2,200,392 more for profit and premium realized on the sale and exchange of securities and \$12,296 for some minor credits. The balance sheet shows \$8,377,435 of cash on hand, \$4,066,990 of accounts and bills receivable, besides \$13,774,893 of treasury securities, in addition to the \$1,334,238 still available from the Betterment and Enlargement Funds. The ordinary current liabilities on the same date aggregated no more than \$9,493,872.

As far as the operating results are concerned—we mean the efficiency and income with which operations have been conducted—the results are highly creditable to the management. The General Manager points out that the conduct of affairs was attended with more than ordinary difficulty. The business increased much more rapidly than it was found possible to provide the facilities and equipment necessary to handle it. The company was also seriously hampered by scarcity of labor, delay in procuring material and supplies, and the fact that one hundred new locomotives, so much needed, were several months behind in delivery. Nevertheless, a further increase in the average train-load was effected, bringing it up to the high figure of 401 tons, this comparing with 381 tons in the previous year and with 312 tons in 1897-98. The figures include company freight. Of revenue freight the average was 346 tons, against 324 tons in 1900-01. As showing what has been accomplished in this particular during the last few years, it is only necessary to say that as recently as 1895-96 the average revenue train-load was no more than 193 tons.

The further increase in the load the late year was perhaps the most noteworthy achievement of all, for it is pointed out in the report that the lumber and shingle shipments from the Pacific Coast increased from 29,155 car-loads in 1900-01 to 40,890 in 1901-02, against which there was no corresponding addition in the west-bound traffic, thus resulting in an unavoidable increase in empty car mileage, which for 1901-02 reached 27.35 per cent, as against 26.99 per cent in 1900-01. It is of course well known that the average load will be highest when the movement of freight is nearly equal in both directions and the cars as nearly filled as possible.

In conclusion it may be noted that the Northern Pacific as joint lessee with the Great Northern was not called upon to make any payment on the joint bonds issued in the purchase of the capital stock of the Chicago Burlington & Quincy, the operation of that road having resulted in an excess of revenue above the interest on the bonds in the sum of \$1,263,388.

RAILROAD GROSS EARNINGS FOR SEPTEMBER.

After the rather moderate improvement recorded in August, our preliminary statement of railroad gross earnings for the month of September which we present to-day shows a return to the old conditions—that is, quite large gains again. There were a number of favoring circumstances and factors, apart from the continued activity and prosperity of general trade. The receipts of grain at the Western primary markets were only a little in excess of those for the same month last year, the increase coming almost entirely in the movement of oats. It is fair to assume, however, that the assurance of abundant harvests which the month of September brought with it was a favoring influence with the roads, even though there was no immediate enlargement of the volume of the grain movement as the direct effect. The live-stock receipts at the leading Western points seem also to have been above those of 1901. Likewise the cotton movement in the South reached decidedly larger proportions than twelve months ago, the 1902 crop being early, while that of 1901 was late. Finally, the roads had the advantage of an extra working day in the month this year, September 1902 having contained only four Sundays where September 1901 had five. It may be added that there was a further difference in favor of the present year in the fact that President McKinley's assassination had a retarding influence in 1901, interrupting business quite materially at that time, the day of the funeral (Sept. 19) having been a legal holiday, and business having also quite generally been suspended on the day of his death, Saturday, Sept. 14.

On the other hand there were also some adverse features and conditions the present year. Foremost amongst these, of course, was the continuance of the strike at the anthracite coal mines. None of the distinctively anthracite carriers are in our present compilation, these roads never making early returns of their receipts in time for our preliminary statement. The direct effects and extent of the loss on account of this strike are, therefore, not shown in our table. There can be no doubt, however, that collateral and connecting roads were also in no small measure affected by the cessation of shipments from the anthracite regions. We saw last week in the annual report of the New York Central how important had been the contraction in the anthracite tonnage even on that road during May and June. The bituminous coal miners' strike in West Virginia was another adverse influence and the loss of \$278,456 reported by the Chesapeake & Ohio is entirely attributable to that cause. That strike was not much of a circumstance with the Norfolk & Western, which gained just about as much as the Chesapeake & Ohio lost, its earnings for the month having increased \$279,802.

In addition to all this, one special condition of great advantage to many roads in 1901 did not exist at all the present year. We refer to the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo. The passenger earnings of the

New York Central in September 1901 were enlarged no less than \$801,272 mainly by reason of that fact. Of this large increase in that road's passenger revenues last year only about one-half (as was pointed out by us last week) was lost the present year, or, roughly, \$400,000. As against this loss of \$400,000 in passenger receipts there was, however, a gain of approximately \$415,000 in the freight receipts, leaving total gross earnings for September 1902 actually somewhat larger than for September 1901, when the amount had been increased so decidedly by the travel to the Exposition. Here then is a case where even very moderate improvement the present year indicates surprisingly good results, the Central's earnings for September 1902 being \$6,701,579, as against \$6,686,672 in September 1901, and but \$5,874,849 in September 1900—the operations of the Boston & Albany being included in all the years.

Our statement embraces 89,680 miles of road and the aggregate of the earnings on this mileage shows an increase over September last year of \$5,376,413, or 9.55 per cent. September has yielded very satisfactory results for several successive years—in other words the increase has been cumulative. In that month of 1901 our statement (then covering 101,165 miles of road) recorded an improvement of no less than \$6,528,832, or 10.89 per cent. In the following we show the figures for each year back to 1893, both for September and for the nine months ending with September.

	Mileage.		Gross Earnings.		Increase or Decrease.
	Year Given.	Year Preceding.	Year Given.	Year Preceding.	
September.	Miles.	Miles.	\$	\$	\$
1893 (127 roads).	92,739	90,343	44,708,956	49,587,653	Dec. 4,888,697
1894 (134 roads).	96,555	94,806	42,190,964	45,083,113	Dec. 2,892,147
1895 (130 roads).	94,491	94,361	44,912,906	42,367,000	Inc. 2,545,906
1896 (117 roads).	90,460	89,096	41,561,327	42,086,083	Dec. 524,756
1897 (133 roads).	95,866	94,432	40,730,759	43,233,198	Inc. 2,502,439
1898 (134 roads).	91,517	90,815	47,106,694	44,379,197	Inc. 2,727,497
1899 (131 roads).	95,700	94,503	56,082,534	53,004,337	Inc. 3,078,197
1900 (101 roads).	95,166	95,002	55,870,588	57,173,541	Inc. 1,302,953
1901 (96 roads).	101,165	99,304	66,491,431	59,963,498	Inc. 6,527,933
1902 (72 roads).	89,680	88,083	61,664,020	56,278,213	Inc. 5,385,807
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30					
1893 (134 roads).	92,203	89,713	374,341,983	370,840,724	Dec. 3,501,259
1894 (137 roads).	93,669	92,786	319,667,316	371,037,247	Dec. 51,369,931
1895 (118 roads).	98,437	93,167	333,592,691	323,507,630	Inc. 10,085,061
1896 (111 roads).	89,213	87,464	316,903,420	311,949,860	Inc. 4,953,560
1897 (124 roads).	95,380	93,007	366,515,809	343,580,769	Inc. 22,935,040
1898 (122 roads).	91,475	90,776	356,939,597	319,885,354	Inc. 37,054,243
1899 (103 roads).	95,191	94,026	435,131,212	399,515,997	Inc. 35,615,215
1900 (101 roads).	94,168	93,903	470,882,602	423,574,748	Inc. 47,307,854
1901 (96 roads).	100,492	93,881	535,941,521	476,513,965	Inc. 59,427,556
1902 (72 roads).	89,680	88,083	499,358,531	451,747,198	Inc. 47,611,333

NOTE.—We do not include the Mexican roads in any of the years.

In the case of the separate roads there are as heretofore some very large increases. The spring-wheat systems in the Northwest, like the Great Northern, the Canadian Pacific, the Northern Pacific, etc., are very prominent in the list. Southern roads, however, are hardly less prominent in that way this time, the Southern Railway reporting an increase of \$505,513 and the Louisville & Nashville an increase of \$390,137. We bring together all gains or losses on the separate roads in excess of \$30,000. The losses are not numerous, there being only two running above the amount named.

PRINCIPAL CHANGES IN GROSS EARNINGS IN SEPTEMBER.

Increases.		Decreases.	
Northern Pacific.....	\$586,973	Wisconsin Central.....	\$30,085
Gt. North. Pac. (3 r'ds.)	515,760	Cleve. Cin. Chic. & St. L.	83,320
Southern Railway.....	505,513	Chic. & East. Illinois.	74,305
St. Louis & San Fran.	404,227	Buff. Roch. & Pitts....	67,273
Louisville & Nashville	390,137	Colorado & Southern...	50,013
Canadian Pacific.....	340,976	Minn. & St. Louis.....	43,849
Norfolk & Western.....	279,802	Chic. Ind. & St. Louis...	42,029
Gr. Trunk Sys. (3 r'ds.)	256,632	St. Louis Southwest....	39,830
Central of Georgia.....	219,207	Hocking Valley.....	36,582
Mo. Kansas & Texas...	200,359		
Wabash.....	179,624	Total (representing 31 roads)...	\$5,376,413
Illinois Central.....	177,170		
Minn. St. P. & S. Ste. M.	155,209		
Yazoo & Miss. Valley...	124,037	Cheapeake & Ohio.....	\$275,456
Nash. Chatt. & St. L.	114,111	Denver & Rio Grande*	75,100
Seaboard Air Line.....	110,819	Total (representing 2 roads).....	\$353,556
Mo. Pacific & Iron Mt.	97,721		
Pere Marquette.....	95,261		
Interl. & Gt. Nor....	92,580		

*Includes Rio Grande Western.

The grain movement at the Western primary markets, as already indicated, was but little larger than in 1901. The wheat movement at the spring-wheat points had been exceptionally heavy last year, so Duluth and Minneapolis sustained a considerable decrease in that item the present year. The winter-wheat points pretty generally had better totals, but owing to the loss at the spring-wheat markets the aggregate of the wheat arrivals of all kinds was only 31,812,645 bushels in the four weeks ending September 27, against 34,551,979 bushels in the corresponding four weeks of 1901. The corn receipts were on a very small scale, it being of course too early yet for the new crop to move; the deliveries for the four weeks in 1902 were only 8,504,112 bushels, against 12,784,494 bushels in 1901 and 17,524,363 bushels in the four weeks of 1900. Oats, however, were rushed to market in large quantities, influenced by the prevailing high prices, and the receipts of that cereal aggregated 19,877,536 bushels in the four weeks of 1902, against 12,104,463 bushels in 1901 and 17,486,215 bushels in 1900. Taking wheat, corn, oats, barley and rye together, the deliveries the present year in the four weeks were 68,204,403 bushels, against 67,705,533 in 1901, the increase in the aggregate grain movement thus having been less than half a million bushels. Two years ago in the same four weeks the deliveries reached 70,359,447 bushels. Our usual detailed statement is annexed:

RECEIPTS OF FLOUR AND GRAIN FOR FOUR WEEKS ENDING SEPTEMBER 27, AND SINCE JANUARY 1.

	Flour, (bbls.)	Wheat, (bush.)	Corn, (bush.)	Oats, (bush.)	Barley, (bush.)	Rye, (bush.)
Chicago—						
4 wks. Sept. 1902	477,790	5,541,199	5,515,775	9,439,06	1,705,577	538,708
4 wks. Sept. 1901	713,192	5,893,103	7,850,412	5,747,814	2,180,705	291,323
Since Jan. 1, 1902	5,569,159	25,077,958	33,519,289	34,329,611	7,765,229	1,284,746
Since Jan. 1, 1901	7,193,339	36,886,980	71,051,915	70,618,338	8,194,708	1,781,093
Minneapolis—						
4 wks. Sept. 1902	357,425	717,300	75,650	807,300	1,624,900	195,587
4 wks. Sept. 1901	378,625	945,000	189,900	732,000	1,905,500	188,000
Since Jan. 1, 1902	2,833,294	5,476,674	2,387,130	5,320,170	5,800,960	743,467
Since Jan. 1, 1901	1,997,549	7,329,430	2,401,300	6,616,700	6,199,070	911,500
St. Louis—						
4 wks. Sept. 1902	173,700	3,038,378	558,390	2,160,468	90,000	161,515
4 wks. Sept. 1901	173,045	2,045,672	888,000	1,308,523	281,350	51,763
Since Jan. 1, 1902	1,547,108	10,077,958	2,748,341	11,193,811	715,960	438,285
Since Jan. 1, 1901	1,597,459	17,500,000	12,588,100	11,476,911	510,646	579,135
Duluth—						
4 wks. Sept. 1902	2,410	2,190,926	266,400	1,893,300	7,800	64,150
4 wks. Sept. 1901	2,410	2,045,672	1,205,115	1,327,450	7,628	463,033
Since Jan. 1, 1902	8,650	10,077,958	3,568,237	7,723,157	18,764	223,800
Since Jan. 1, 1901	8,650	10,077,958	3,568,237	7,723,157	18,764	223,800
Detroit—						
4 wks. Sept. 1902	87,300	473,261	175,300	731,976	.....	.....
4 wks. Sept. 1901	39,060	222,430	90,730	447,783	.....	.....
Since Jan. 1, 1902	234,350	2,028,877	1,238,513	3,092,377	.....	.....
Since Jan. 1, 1901	206,410	1,901,210	1,064,475	2,669,440	.....	.....
Cleveland—						
4 wks. Sept. 1902	66,567	297,423	353,716	1,059,767	.....	.....
4 wks. Sept. 1901	43,322	1,428,000	469,083	452,072	.....	.....
Since Jan. 1, 1902	698,300	3,200,000	3,606,618	6,860,000	.....	.....
Since Jan. 1, 1901	69,132	1,913,964	7,462,724	6,960,000	.....	.....
Portia—						
4 wks. Sept. 1902	60,100	292,000	1,044,100	941,900	22,300	70,800
4 wks. Sept. 1901	84,000	151,000	1,432,000	800,400	221,300	9,100
Since Jan. 1, 1902	734,260	2,367,156	12,358,539	9,664,300	842,000	273,800
Since Jan. 1, 1901	734,260	1,311,000	15,019,317	9,629,300	1,260,860	169,400
Duluth—						
4 wks. Sept. 1902	577,500	8,998,794	25,150	767,900	1,217,411	296,693
4 wks. Sept. 1901	603,500	10,712,791	20,780	100,890	906,749	260,588
Since Jan. 1, 1902	3,768,800	17,598,816	6,408,000	9,000,000	1,444,580	479,733
Since Jan. 1, 1901	3,047,555	20,151,471	4,801,600	1,109,900	1,094,000	763,151
Minneapolis—						
4 wks. Sept. 1902	6,570,122	95,930	2,014,040	1,634,628	198,097	.....
4 wks. Sept. 1901	6,561,620	162,830	1,060,900	1,100,900	283,540	.....
Since Jan. 1, 1902	47,464,728	3,438,826	5,739,411	2,774,548	610,836	.....
Since Jan. 1, 1901	54,574,511	6,230,000	7,569,433	2,327,140	716,639	.....
Kansas City—						
4 wks. Sept. 1902	3,844,400	414,400	670,800	.....	.....	.....
4 wks. Sept. 1901	2,450,400	519,300	465,000	.....	.....	.....
Since Jan. 1, 1902	16,048,000	11,008,000	8,119,300	.....	.....	.....
Since Jan. 1, 1901	22,791,400	7,248,000	3,607,300	.....	.....	.....
Total of all—	1,751,672	31,812,645	8,504,112	19,877,536	6,808,911	1,631,129
4 wks. Sept. 1901	1,801,532	34,551,979	12,784,494	17,524,363	7,308,021	1,472,578
Since Jan. 1, 1902	14,816,841	149,345,377	60,182,154	110,649,941	19,368,761	4,361,004
Since Jan. 1, 1901	16,419,837	169,765,801	139,030,667	124,365,172	20,100,000	5,063,672

Taking Chicago (the largest receiving port) by itself, and using in this case the figures for the even month, the receipts for September 1903 are found to have been only 24,647,150 bushels against 25,028,786 bushels in 1901, 32,237,437 bushels in 1900 and 38,08,364 bushels in 1899.

RECEIPTS AT CHICAGO DURING SEPTEMBER AND SINCE JANUARY 1.

	September.			Since January 1.		
	1902.	1901.	1900.	1902.	1901.	1900.
Wheat bush.	6,016,331	7,716,898	8,722,285	18,882,588	37,167,150	23,101,116
Corn...bush.	8,061,023	8,811,903	11,141,981	34,141,807	71,417,547	82,590,013
Oats...bush.	10,134,692	8,319,599	10,865,816	54,408,428	70,790,228	74,330,416
Rye...bush.	555,333	808,591	193,902	1,714,846	1,745,131	1,459,726
Barley...bush.	1,889,777	2,463,405	1,611,563	7,788,222	8,369,845	10,453,477
Total grain	24,647,150	28,085,796	32,337,437	122,905,092	259,430,276	293,149,147
Flour...bbls.	509,951	768,773	507,318	8,410,181	7,141,807	7,210,633
Pork...bbls.	229	581	2,819	9,098	8,090	7,870
Lard m'ts...bbls.	7,790,445	15,776,963	17,048,484	69,872,037	122,533,923	129,735,607
Cut m'ts...bbls.	2,339,158	4,514,542	4,949,471	32,573,634	63,176,311	43,395,647
Live hogs No.	460,037	534,839	634,757	6,131,117	6,339,908	6,344,150

The live-stock movement in the West, as already said, appears to have been of larger volume than that of last year. The foregoing table shows the receipts of hogs at Chicago to have been only 460,037 head, against 539,530 head in 1901. A statement has been published, however, giving the aggregates for the six Western markets combined, namely Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, St. Louis, St. Joseph and Sioux City, and from this it seems that while the receipts of hogs at these six markets were only 906,951 head, against 1,114,776, the receipts of cattle were 1,073,366 head, against 800,061, and the receipts of sheep 1,069,203 head, against 819,592.

As to the cotton movement in the South, the receipts at the Southern outports in September 1902 reached 901,354 bales as against 440,807 bales in the same month of 1901 and 618,290 bales in September 1900. The shipments overland were 40,887 bales in 1902, against 32,666 and 32,502 bales, respectively, in the two years preceding.

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AT SOUTHERN PORTS IN SEPTEMBER, AND FROM JANUARY 1 TO SEPTEMBER 30, IN 1902, 1901 AND 1900.

Ports.	September.			Since January 1.		
	1902.	1901.	1900.	1902.	1901.	1900.
Galveston.....bales.	310,702	173,703	83,006	1,020,776	1,014,618	523,591
Sabine Pass &c.....	1,994	1,541	1,919	72,587	30,904	66,292
New Orleans.....	106,018	114,363	205,111	1,119,353	1,067,628	1,047,743
Mobile.....	18,205	11,158	15,233	54,928	18,307	96,281
Pensacola &c.....	8,476	3,461	1,673	90,437	107,541	84,554
Bavannah.....	190,970	88,018	177,138	648,600	480,979	630,531
Brunswick, &c.....	10,955	10,787	6,977	54,664	84,810	69,558
Charleston.....	57,355	11,869	43,736	133,103	78,502	140,738
Port Royal, &c.....	14	.....	10	285	1,916	60
Wilmington.....	80,855	15,590	64,062	150,068	67,560	144,633
Washington, &c.....	48	13	89	109	71	264
Norfolk.....	38,971	16,939	47,282	206,996	198,007	223,820
Newport News, &c.....	2,897	525	490	28,574	7,576	36,036
Total.....	901,354	440,807	618,290	3,485,780	3,147,785	3,019,438

To complete this review we annex our usual six-year statements of earning for leading roads, arranged in groups so as to facilitate comparisons.

EARNINGS OF SOUTHWESTERN GROUP.

September.	1902. 1901. 1900. 1899. 1898. 1897.					
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Den. & R. Gr.	1,533,000	1,593,700	1,039,351	957,276	804,035	781,813
R. Gr. W.	662,677	664,820	480,973	377,552	301,680	301,571
Int. & Gt. No.	528,098	435,516	388,216	443,601	493,598	878,948
Mo. K. & Tex.	1,603,160	1,463,101	1,315,061	1,323,477	1,988,378	1,943,567
St. P. & R. Gr.	3,293,122	3,197,860	2,936,720	2,794,034	3,486,088	2,603,085
St. L. & S. Fr.	2,063,586	1,069,138	1,548,410	754,881	627,902	635,112
E. C. F. & M.	.....	.....	.....	585,429	408,091	467,004
I. W. & R. Gr.	.....	.....	.....	32,438	53,138	45,117
St. L. Southw.	649,025	609,195	551,418	534,163	521,812	490,701
Texas & Pac.	909,474	919,281	844,806	718,326	666,366	704,483
Total.....	10,000,143	9,282,577	9,080,481	8,437,024	7,548,561	7,592,901

EARNINGS OF NORTHWESTERN AND NORTH PACIFIC GROUP.

September.	1902. 1901. 1900. 1899. 1898. 1897.					
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Canadian Pacific	2,905,000	3,304,024	2,653,492	2,646,786	2,896,385	2,844,229
Chic. Gt. West.	662,677	664,820	480,973	377,552	301,680	301,571
Duluth S. & A. L.	2,946,930	2,411,441	2,222,094	2,211,488	1,609,444	1,627,730
Great Northern	4,112,720	3,596,962	2,876,850	3,118,372	2,856,858	2,498,755
Iowa Central	806,592	806,592	304,533	337,331	209,637	172,477
Min. & St. Louis	349,641	305,792	274,449	276,080	235,810	225,029
M. St. P. & S. M.	696,360	549,151	352,984	318,766	509,571	511,938
Nor. Pac. Co.	4,430,031	3,852,037	3,131,503	2,885,753	3,241,453	2,810,840
St. Paul & Dul.	.....	.....	.....	199,010	184,326	177,391
Wisconsin Cent'l.	579,845	489,360	470,981	556,710	480,784	456,523
Total.....	14,897,088	13,160,946	10,856,277	11,731,060	10,581,048	9,494,384

Includes proprietary lines in 1902, 1901, 1900, 1899 and 1898. Figures for fourth week not yet reported; taken same as last year.

EARNINGS OF MIDDLE AND MIDDLE WESTERN ROADS.

September.	1902. 1901. 1900. 1899. 1898. 1897.					
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Ann Arbor.....	144,873	143,127	139,000	141,688	131,085	110,497
Buff. Roch. & Pitts.	891,506	561,819	404,649	400,009	388,331	318,086
Chicago & East Ill.	580,376	606,071	472,657	449,636	390,278	346,572
Chic. Ind. & Louisv.	430,222	389,593	353,338	371,141	323,546	311,678
Evansv. & Terre H.	148,282	194,080	119,597	126,081	108,057	117,943
Hooking Valley...	490,326	452,744	391,006	345,500	241,680	233,139
Illinois Central &c.	3,602,429	3,435,279	3,113,621	2,737,104	2,381,614	2,346,202
Pere Marquette...	900,313	805,713	780,031	673,863	607,061	536,906
St. L. Van. & T. H.	201,001	175,504	174,474	130,570	170,541	144,631
Vol. & Ohio Cent.	242,200	237,793	210,413	189,715	154,700	137,690
Vol. Peo. & West.	105,633	96,406	107,638	104,439	95,378	89,833
Vol. St. L. & West.	230,381	208,367	170,941	163,760	194,995	194,760
Wheel. & L. Erie.	.....	.....	.....	.....	127,539	111,973
Clev. Can. & So.	836,637	300,392	235,384	233,604	62,913	58,690
Total.....	8,063,518	7,428,936	6,737,793	6,128,791	5,387,278	5,044,110

+ These figures are simply the totals of the Chicago & West Michigan, Detroit Grand Rapids & Western and Flint & Pere Marquette combined. * Results on Yazoo Branch are not included after 1897.

EARNINGS OF SOUTHERN GROUP.

September.	1902. 1901. 1900. 1899. 1898. 1897.					
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Alabama Gt. So.	907,574	196,520	173,869	181,534	151,304	140,081
Cent. of Georgia.	506,050	889,843	648,694	553,904	408,234	500,085
Chesapeake & Ohio...	1,177,597	1,456,053	1,368,602	1,123,648	1,023,901	937,894
Cin. N.O. & Tex. P.	617,077	460,301	391,397	443,312	449,019	337,149
Louisv. & Nashv.	2,580,555	2,445,418	2,315,729	2,337,217	1,910,957	1,804,773
Mobile & Ohio...	1,470,500	1,470,500	1,470,500	1,470,500	1,470,500	1,470,500
Nash. Chat. & St. L.	730,764	625,653	680,238	698,315	588,178	498,651
Norfolk & West.	1,684,909	1,406,107	1,363,660	1,322,870	1,018,970	1,033,303
Southern Ry. &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Louis Div.	3,597,841	3,091,328	3,000,476	2,864,444	1,447,149	1,434,143
Yazoo & Miss. Val.	588,747	454,700	432,569	448,334	300,506	329,401
Total.....	12,691,614	11,308,823	10,693,486	10,372,697	8,845,313	8,041,234

* Includes Paducah & Memphis Division in these years. + Includes Montgomery Division for 1902, 1901, 1900 and 1899. b Freight on material carried for company's own use is no longer credited to earnings, the item having been eliminated from both earnings and expenses. The figures for 1902, 1901 and 1900 are given on this basis. c Figures for 1902, 1901, 1900, 1899 and 1898 include South Carolina & Georgia Southern, Birmingham and 161 miles of Atlantic & Yadkin and Atlantic & Danville. Memphis Division included for all the years. d Figures for 1902, 1901 and 1900 include Cincinnati Portsmouth & Virginia. g Figures for fourth week not yet reported; taken same as last year. k Earnings for 1902 not reported; taken same as last year.

EARNINGS OF TRUNK LINES.

September.	1902. 1901. 1900. 1899. 1898. 1897.					
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Bal. & Ohio	4,310,547	3,997,355	3,630,530	2,539,371	2,433,750	2,433,750
B. & O. S. W.	418,767	317,779	296,706	701,666	595,190	595,190
Pitts. & W.	1,745,549	1,652,529	1,652,529	1,604,326	1,400,326	1,339,095
C. C. & St. L.	240,320	218,403	196,585	196,000	170,785	168,098
G. T. & Can.	2,835,405	2,835,773	2,037,189	2,080,958	1,866,730	1,958,599
G. T. West	.....	.....	337,365	310,489	217,274	211,829
D. G. H. & M.	.....	.....	93,926	97,332	97,303	107,639
N. Y. C. & H. T.	6,701,579	6,036,672	5,574,849	4,943,781	4,334,043	4,537,679
Wabash...	1,840,098	1,601,284	1,615,671	1,497,441	1,288,631	1,202,500
Total.....	18,142,981	17,635,675	15,694,228	14,448,348	12,962,552	12,821,273

* Boston & Albany included in 1902, 1901 and 1900, the Beech Creek R.R. and the Walkill Valley R.R. for all the years, and the Fall Brook system after 1899. k Figures for 1902 not reported; taken same as previous year.

GROSS EARNINGS AND MILEAGE IN SEPTEMBER.

Name of Road.	Gross Earnings.			Mileage.	
	1902.	1901.	Increase or Decrease.	1902.	1901.
Alabama Gt. South'n.	913,985	912,331	+10,754	309	309
Ann Arbor.....	144,873	143,127	+1,746	292	292
Atlanta Knoxville & No.	58,851	53,977	+4,874	250	250
Atlantic & Birm'm	17,500	8,360	+8,140	108	70
Buff. Roch. & Pitts.	611,596	564,318	+47,278	472	472
Canadian Pacific.	3,005,000	3,264,024	+259,024	7,590	7,590
Central of Georgia.	809,050	589,543	+219,507	1,845	1,845
Chatt. Southern.	9,798	7,498	+2,300	105	105
Chesapeake & Ohio.	1,177,597	1,456,053	-278,456	1,636	1,561
Chic. & East Illinois.	580,376	506,071	+74,305	738	727
Chic. Great Western.	662,677	664,820	-2,143	929	929
Chic. Ind. & Louisv.	430,622	383,593	+47,029	548	548
Chic. Term. Tr. R.R.	148,229	135,800	+12,429	108	108
Cin. N.O. & Tex. P.	617,077	460,301	+156,776	336	336
Clev. Cin. Ch. & St. L.	1,745,549	1,652,529	+93,020	1,891	1,891
Peoria & Eastern.	240,226	218,403	+21,823	352	352
Colorado & Southern.	496,500	446,487	+50,013	1,121	1,145
Col. Sand. & Hook's.	99,336	77,512	+21,824	269	269
Den. & Rio Grand.	1,523,600	1,598,700	-75,100	2,390	2,393
Rio Grande West.	117,140	112,401	+4,739	423	423
Detroit Southern.	916,042	915,520	+522	574	574
Dul. So. Shore & A. L.	33,230	29,538	+3,692	146	146
Evansv. & Indianap.	143,682	124,080	+19,602	162	162
G. South. & Florida.	106,375	99,226	+7,149	285	285
Gr. Trunk of Can.	2,885,405	2,835,773	+49,632	4,085	4,083
Gr. Trunk West.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Det. Gr. Hav. & M.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. N. O. & P. M. & M.	3,954,250	3,424,899	+529,351	4,985	4,942
Eastern of Minn.	158,472	172,063	-13,591	260	260
Montana Central.	490,326	452,744	+37,582	347	347

Name of Road.	Gross Earnings.			Mileage.		Name of Road.	1902.	1901.	Increase.	Decrease.
	1902.	1901.	Increase or Decrease.	1902.	1901.		\$	\$	\$	\$
Iowa Central.....	206,362	206,350	+12	558	510	T. Haute & Indianap...	1,303,148	1,166,930	136,218	
Iron Railway.....	6,327	6,130	+197	20	20	Terre Haute & Peoria...	394,242	409,208		14,966
Kanawha & Mich.....	62,074	83,049	-20,975	177	177	Texas Central.....	326,558	407,115		108,254
Louisv. & Nashville...	2,836,555	2,446,418	+390,137	3,382	3,269	Texas & Pacific.....	7,645,186	8,067,675		412,489
Macon & Birmingham...	15,538	6,710	+8,828	97	97	Texas Sab. Val. & N. W.	108,800	96,300		8,500
Manistowic.....	7,950	2,491	+5,459	64	64	Toledo & Ohio Central...	2,157,899	2,006,331		151,568
Minn. & St. Louis.....	349,641	305,292	+44,349	642	642	Toledo Peoria & West'n.	840,674	850,931		10,257
Minn. St. P. & S. Ste. M.	695,368	540,159	+155,209	1,412	1,355	Tel. St. L. & Western...	1,989,165	1,977,860		11,309
Mo. Kan. & Tex. sys.	1,663,460	1,463,101	+200,359	2,555	2,480	Toronto Ham. & Buff...	2,293,153	2,274,000		19,153
Mo. Pac. & Iron Mt.	3,188,740	3,091,019	+97,721	5,182	5,155	Wabash.....	14,554,874	13,350,648		1,204,226
Central Branch.....	104,382	106,347	-1,965	388	388	Wheeling & Lake Erie...	2,781,944	2,315,462		466,482
Mobile Jack. & K. C.	115,232	112,976	+2,256	72	50	Wisconsin Central.....	4,711,550	4,146,742		564,808
Nash. Chat. & St. L.	739,764	685,658	+54,106	1,195	1,195	Yazoo & Miss. Valley...	4,711,292	4,345,298		465,994
Nevada-Cal-Oregon...	24,144	16,943	+7,201	145	145	Total (72 roads)....	489,256,531	451,747,198		37,509,333
N. Y. Cent. & Hud. Riv.	6,701,579	6,686,672	+14,907	3,320	3,320	Net Increase			37,509,333	
Norfolk & Western...	1,684,909	1,405,107	+279,802	1,710	1,675	Mexican Roads—				
Northern Pacific.....	4,439,010	3,852,037	+586,973	5,394	5,255	Inter-oceanic (Mex.)...	3,419,875	3,123,762		296,113
Pere Marquette.....	900,913	805,712	+95,201	1,779	1,779	Mexican Central.....	15,148,023	12,868,280		2,279,746
Rio Grande Southern...	45,427	47,463	-1,936	180	180	Mexican Railway.....	3,603,600	3,108,300		495,300
St. Louis & S. Fran.	2,062,237	1,659,138	+403,099	3,514	3,187	National R.R. of Mex...	6,417,185	5,698,308		718,877
St. Louis Southwe'n	649,025	609,195	+39,830	1,293	1,258					
St. L. Van. & T. H.	201,001	175,504	+25,497	158	158					
San Fran. & No. Pac.	128,438	112,803	+15,635	165	165					
Seaboard Air Line.....	1,255,369	914,550	+340,819	2,611	2,600					
Southern Indiana.....	71,903	67,459	+4,444	154	154					
Southern Railway.....	3,597,541	3,092,328	+505,213	7,106	6,918					
T. Haute & Indianap...	164,527	142,492	+22,035	80	80					
T. Haute & Peoria.....	50,604	46,007	+4,597	174	174					
Texas Central.....	65,623	50,234	+15,389	236	233					
Texas & Pacific.....	939,474	919,361	+20,113	1,688	1,615					
Tex. Sab. Val. & N. W.	13,000	12,000	+1,000	40	40					
Tol. & Ohio Central...	249,200	237,793	+11,407	436	436					
Tol. Peoria & West'n.	108,632	96,466	+12,166	245	245					
Tol. St. L. & West'n.	269,397	269,397	0	451	451					
Toronto Ham. & Buff...	27,185	31,645	-4,460	88	88					
Wabash.....	1,840,908	1,961,284	-120,376	2,484	2,367					
Wheel. & Lake Erie...	336,587	309,892	+26,695	469	469					
Wisconsin Central.....	579,345	489,280	+90,065	977	977					
Yazoo & Miss. Val.	588,747	464,700	+124,047	1,096	1,091					
Total (72 roads)....	51,654,626	56,278,218	-4,623,592	89,680	88,083					

* Boston and Albany included in both years. † Results on Monterey & Mexican Gulf are included in 1902. ‡ Includes Paducah & Memphis Division in both years.
 † Figures are for four weeks ending September 27 in both years.
 ‡ Figures here given are for three weeks only of the month in both years, the fourth week not yet reported.
 § Includes proprietary roads in both years.

GROSS EARNINGS FROM JANUARY 1 TO SEPTEMBER 30.

Name of Road.	1902.	1901.	Increase.	Decrease.
Alabama Gt. Southern...	1,798,372	1,607,700	190,672	
Ann Arbor.....	1,362,946	1,398,051		35,105
Atl. Knorv.....	483,458	484,702		1,244
Atlantic & Birmingham	131,666	75,276	56,390	
Buff. Roch. & Pittsburg	4,838,341	4,613,587	224,754	
Canadian Pacific.....	28,011,307	23,804,190	4,207,117	
Central of Georgia.....	5,892,783	5,024,193	868,590	
Chattanooga Southern...	82,573	66,075	16,498	
Chesapeake & Ohio.....	11,451,065	11,716,613		265,548
Chic. & East'n Illinois...	4,823,449	4,306,943	516,506	
Chic. Great Western.....	5,403,010	5,418,181		15,171
Chic. Ind. & Louisv.	3,494,320	3,238,176	256,144	
Chic. Term'l Transfer...	1,250,637	1,120,907	129,730	
Cin. New Or. & Tex. Pac.	1,194,691	1,379,790		185,099
Clev. Cin. Ohio. & St. L.	13,773,544	13,592,857	180,687	
Peoria & Eastern.....	1,871,033	1,934,814		63,781
Colorado & Southern...	4,801,756	3,710,501	1,091,255	
Col. Sand. & Hocking...	970,273	913,115	57,158	
Den. & Rio Grande.....	12,477,099	12,282,621	194,478	
Rio Grande Western...				
Detroit Southern.....	940,099	864,582	75,517	
Dul. So. Shore & Atl.	1,200,829	1,127,191	73,638	
Evansv. & Indianapolis...	252,712	233,132	19,580	
Evansv. & Terre Haute...	1,146,271	1,096,576	49,695	
Ga. Southern & Florida...	965,956	906,404	59,552	
Grand Trunk.....				
Gr. Trunk Western...	22,544,685	21,315,860	1,228,825	
Det. Gr. H. & Milw...				
Great No. St. P. M. & M.	26,237,232	21,122,545	5,114,687	
East'n of Minnesota...				
Montana Central.....	1,416,908	1,566,623		149,715
Rocking Valley.....	4,185,900	3,561,158	624,741	
Illinois Central.....	30,537,669	26,427,969	2,109,700	
Illinois Southern.....	108,621	90,300	18,321	
Int. & Great Northern...	3,486,189	3,485,265	927	
Iowa Central.....	1,884,268	1,710,877	173,391	
Iron Railway.....	61,704	52,134	9,570	
Kanawha & Michigan...	728,246	717,195	11,051	
Louisville & Nashville...	28,888,821	21,359,839	2,499,682	
Macon & Birmingham...	15,538	75,482		20,944
Manistowic.....	84,271	81,466	2,805	
Minneapolis & St. Louis	2,662,029	2,531,147	130,882	
Minn. St. P. & S. Ste. M.	4,697,428	3,676,823	1,020,605	
Mo. Kan. & Texas.....	11,810,578	11,513,698	296,880	
Mo. Pacific & Iron Mt.	26,980,761	25,631,165	449,596	
Central Branch.....	768,695	1,009,107		240,412
Mobile Jack. & K. City.	131,154	111,393	19,761	
Nashv. Chat. & St. L.	6,341,191	5,664,659	676,532	
Nev. Cal. Oregon.....	124,694	110,211	14,483	
N. Y. Cent. & Hud. Riv.	52,514,872	51,291,021	1,223,851	
Norfolk & Western...	13,841,204	12,132,592	1,708,612	
Northern Pacific.....	31,248,879	26,513,624	4,735,255	
Pere Marquette.....	7,268,681	6,749,930	518,751	
Rio Grande Southern...	434,346	395,340	39,006	
St. Louis & San Fran...	16,376,268	14,737,277	1,638,991	
St. Louis Southwe'n...	5,123,819	5,195,285		71,466
St. Louis Vand. & T. H.	1,444,423	1,526,124		118,299
San Fran. & No. Pacific	880,711	799,264	81,447	
Seaboard Air Line.....	8,665,946	8,438,678	227,268	
Southern Indiana.....	513,863	408,924	104,939	
Southern Railway.....	29,100,537	26,660,641	2,439,896	

COTTON CROP CONDITION AND PROSPECTS OCTOBER 1.

Through a very reliable corps of correspondents, many of whom have served the CHRONICLE very satisfactorily for a long number of years, we have within the past two weeks made an extensive investigation into the condition and prospects of the current cotton crop. In this investigation we have impressed upon our correspondents that only such information was desired as was the result of their own observations or emanated from others who could be depended upon to furnish intelligent or unbiased reports.

It is, of course, hardly necessary to say that this year, as in any season, the final outcome of the crop is dependent to a considerable extent upon the time of killing frosts, and our correspondents quite generally have based their replies upon frosts occurring about average dates for the various sections. The replies received indicate that in a large majority of the States the yield will equal or exceed the out-turn of 1901-02. To be more specific, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia, with an average frost date and normal weather, are expected to yield as much as, or a little more than, last season. Florida and Louisiana, it is anticipated, will give less than in 1901-02, and Oklahoma and Indian Territory will equal or fall a little below last season. The remaining States—Alabama, Mississippi, Texas, Arkansas and Tennessee—in the opinion of our correspondents, will, barring unexpected disaster subsequent to the first of October, produce larger crops than in 1901-02, and with a late fall the promise is even better.

The information received from Alabama and Texas is not at all in accord with the reports promulgated through public and private sources for some weeks past. In fact, some of our most reliable reports are to the effect that there has been much exaggeration. The crop in those two States in particular has been quite persistently reported as much below the average, denoting a considerable decrease in yield as compared with last year. Our replies indicate from each State, however, that instead of any deterioration there has been a decided improvement in condition since the latter part of August, that a very promising top crop is approaching maturity over much of the area, and that only an earlier frost than usual can prevent a better out-turn than a year ago.

Pressure on our columns will not permit of the publication of all our replies, but we give below a portion of them—sufficient to indicate the general tenor of the advices. In many cases we merely give the gist of the reply, but in some instances where the report is especially interesting the information is set forth quite fully. More particularly is this true of points in Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi and Texas.

NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH.—The yield per acre will be greater than last year in this section, and the number of bales produced will be about 30 per cent more, notwithstanding the decreased area. Three quarters of the crop is open and no kind of weather, except such as would beat out cotton and destroy it, will have any effect now.

WELDON.—From my own observation and reports from farmers, I am of the opinion that the yield in this vicinity will be below that of last season.

CHARLOTTE.—Reports from various sources indicate a very spotted crop. I do not believe that this immediate section will make as much cotton as last year.

KINSTON.—Area less than last year but crop at least ten per cent greater. Plant small but more heavily fruited.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

COLUMBIA.—In the surrounding country this year's crop will exceed last year's by 10 to 15 per cent; the same is true of nearly half the counties of the State, but others are short of last year, so that on the whole I do not believe there will be any material difference from the yield of last season. The top crop is an uncertain quantity as yet, depending upon the time of killing frost. On clay lands plants took on new growth and fruited the last ten days of August, and that part of the crop will be in doubt for some time.

GREENWOOD.—There will be very little top crop. The yield in this immediate vicinity, which comprises sandy soil generally, will be 5 to 10 per cent less than last year, but in some sections of clay lands contiguous to this market the outlook is better.

WALTERBORO.—Receipts are large for this time of year, owing to crop being three weeks earlier than usual. Many planters say their entire crop is picked. Late cotton is still growing and has had but one picking. The crop here, in our judgment, will fully equal last year's, and perhaps exceed it by 5 to 10 per cent.

STATEBURG.—Rains latter part of September were of great benefit here, and a fine top crop will be made in some places unless there should be killing frost before Nov. 1, which is not likely. There will be much more cotton produced in this vicinity this year than last year.

GEORGIA.

AUGUSTA.—Weather the past four or five weeks has been most favorable to the production of a top crop which will be large should killing frost be even normally late. The top crop is the most promising I have ever seen. In the territory in Georgia and South Carolina contiguous to Augusta the rains seemed to follow certain lanes, which while not unusual, has been a marked feature of this season. Plantations in these lanes had ample moisture and have maximum crops. But adjoining them were lanes of drought from which have come the complaints of "dried up plants," "crop 50 per cent less from last year," etc., etc. From my long experience in planting I have seen enough to conclude that if frost does not come unusually early our territory will yield a crop larger than last year.

COLUMBUS.—Crop is fully as good as last year in the country tributary to Columbus. Of course there are bad crops, but good ones offset them. The plants took on a second growth after the hot weather of July and August and where lands are at all strong, and on bottom lands, there is every reason to believe that the fruit will mature.

COVINGTON.—Thirty days ago I thought late plantings would make very little cotton, but high temperature and great humidity during September has changed the aspect of things. There is being gathered in the most droughty localities more cotton than was thought possible at the time I refer to. So upon the whole the crop will turn out much better than expected when picking began, but we will be short of a full crop.

WASHINGTON.—Crop in my immediate vicinity is the poorest in years, and the same holds true of the county (Wilkes) generally. Cotton is now growing and blooming beautifully, but unless frost should hold off until December the fruit will never mature.

THOMASVILLE.—Crop is very spotted. There will be no top crop. Am quite sure the yield in middle Georgia will be short of last season.

FAIRBURN.—The crop in this section is considerably off from last year.

FLORIDA.

TALLAHASSEE.—A fair top crop is expected. I believe the yield will be about 90 per cent of a full crop.

MIDWAY.—Crop in this immediate neighborhood will be about 60 per cent of last year's yield, which was a fairly good one.

GAINESVILLE.—Sea Island cotton damaged by recent wet weather. Yield here will be much less than last year.

ALABAMA.

ANNISTON.—Crop has improved wonderfully since rains of August 28th. Have been in fields that have more bolls on the plant made since August 28th than were on it up to that time. With an average frost date, say November 15, the plant will make as much more fruit as it has already made.

MONTGOMERY.—The crop is short in this vicinity, but beneficial rains and warm weather during September encourage hopes of a top crop.

DEMOPOLIS.—Deterioration up to August 25th was undoubtedly great, but soaking rains on the 25th and 26th did wonders for cotton. Plants apparently dying took on new life, and with almost perfect weather since, a very large top crop has developed. One week more of favorable conditions should insure a yield fully equal to last year, and with further satisfactory weather and no killing frost before Octo-

ber 25th we believe the crop will be 10 to 12 per cent greater than last season.

EUFULA.—Not much can be expected from the top crop here. Yield in this section will be 15 per cent below last year.

TROY.—Many of the damage reports sent out have been gross exaggerations. Majority of farmers now concede that crop is turning out better than expected. Favorable September weather has revived the plant, which has taken on new growth and promises the largest top crop in years. The season is sufficiently early to favor the development of a top crop provided the month of October be dry.

LA FAYETTE.—A top crop is now developing, but favorable weather and no frost until December are necessary for its maturing. Otherwise the yield of this section will be below last year.

SELMA.—The top crop promises to be the best in years, and should frost be delayed until the average date, say Nov. 8, the yield here will be as great as, if it does not exceed, last season. My plantation will produce 10 per cent more than last year; other farmers say the same of their crops.

BURNSVILLE.—The plant put forth a very considerable new growth of forms about a month ago which have since developed very rapidly. The large number of half-grown bolls now to be seen is surprising. With merely an average fall nearly all will open. In my judgment the crop prospect here has improved 10 per cent in the last month, and I presume this locality is typical of all lands (sandy) of the same kind and near the same latitude.

MARION.—Top crop is doing well. Should frost be delayed till Nov. 1, believe we will make as much cotton as last year.

MOBILE.—Crop of Southern Alabama very spotted. A top crop is developing on lowlands, and with killing frost delayed until the middle of November the yield of such sections will probably be materially added to; on uplands little or no top crop will be made.

MISSISSIPPI.

GRENADA.—We have an immense top crop and with a season similar to 1896 Mississippi, on bottom lands, will make the largest crop on record. With an average date of killing frost the State will, we believe, make as much cotton as last year. Much depends upon the date of frost. Should it be as late as the latter part of October, we cannot conceive how the crop of Mississippi can fail to be 5 to 10 per cent greater than last season. Practical farmers here feel that reports of damage in the State have been exaggerated.

CANTON.—Crop in our vicinity is apparently 20 per cent less than last year, but I think there is going to be a considerable top crop, as the weather is now favorable for it.

BROOKHAVEN.—Favorable weather has developed the top crop wonderfully, and if frost does not interfere enough cotton will mature to bring the yield about up to the average. This is a decided improvement over the earlier promise.

NITTA YUMA.—Indications are that with killing frost at the average time, the crop here will be about 10 per cent short of last year. With a late fall, however, the yield will be considerably increased, as there is a good deal of fruit on the stalk that will mature.

MERIDIAN.—Decided improvement in this territory since latter part of August. Cotton has been fruiting heavily for several weeks past, and with no killing frost before 1st of November believe that more will be made after Sept. 1st than before that date. Even with an early frost the crop will turn out better than expected in August. Reports that are being made to the Bureau as to damage and shortness of yield here are greatly exaggerated.

CHERRY CREEK.—No top crop here, but yield will be about same as last year.

LOUISIANA.

ALEXANDRIA.—There is a top crop growing of which we think enough is now safe to make the whole crop of this section equal last year's. With a very late frost—say 13th to 15th November—our crops will be better than last year's "bumper." At any rate we expect to equal last year unless killing frost occurs by October 15.

WEST MUNROE.—Condition of cotton here not nearly so bad as reports being circulated would lead one to believe. We have made an immense bottom crop, and a fair top crop is promised. With an average date of killing frost we should make within ten per cent of last year's yield, which was above the average.

AMITE CITY.—No top crop is expected. The yield in this section will be about 20 per cent less than last season.

ZACHARY.—Do not believe top crop will amount to much without a late fall. If it is late East Baton Rouge Parish will make about same as last year.

RUSTON.—Crop now much better than looked for in August, but it will likely be less than last year.

FLOURNOY.—A slight top crop is maturing on new lands, but practically none on old lands. Yield in this upland country will likely be short of last year.

WINNFELD.—Will produce less cotton than last year. The top crop will be small.

GRAND COTEAU.—The top crop will be fairly good unless there is early frost. Total yield here, however, will be less than last season.

TEXAS.

PARIS.—With favorable weather and late frost we should make a good crop. In fact, if such conditions prevail in this immediate section we might exceed all previous records. Our plants are so large and heavily fruited that with fine weather there is no telling how much cotton we will make. The frost period will be a more important factor than usual this year, as the continued moisture has given a heavily-fruited plant and postponed the date of general maturity.

WACO.—Crop accounts are conflicting in this section—some good, some poor. But we believe that with an average date of frost this locality will make 25 to 30 per cent more cotton than last year.

DALLAS.—Texas crop will undoubtedly be heavier than last year. The increase will certainly be 10 per cent, and with a late frost and seasonable weather possibly 30 per cent.

ABILENE.—If frost holds off until the 25th of October, a good top crop will be secured, and the total yield, compared with last year, should show an increase of at least 10 per cent.

ARKANSAS.

ARKADELPHIA.—Crop in this section will be about 15 per cent less than last year. There will be very little top crop, as the fruitage that would have made it did not hold.

HARRISON.—The yield of Boone County will be in excess of last year.

DEVALL BLUFF.—The top crop now looks promising, but much of course depends upon the weather, especially frost. The yield of this county should be about 15 per cent in excess of last season.

HELENA.—The top crop and the general yield will be about the same as last year in this vicinity. Up to six weeks ago it promised to be about 10 per cent greater.

BATESVILLE.—While the promise is not as good here as it was six weeks ago, we yet believe that the yield will be about 20 per cent more than last season. The top crop does not amount to anything.

LITTLE ROCK.—This section will raise as much cotton as last year. With a dry fall and an average date of frost the crop of Arkansas should be larger than last season, as the plant is growing rapidly and taking on a vast amount of bolls.

AGNOS.—While the crop is not as good as early indications promised, it will nevertheless be somewhat greater than last season.

MOUNT JUDEA.—The crop in Newton County is above the average. In fact this locality has an excellent crop.

TENNESSEE.

MEMPHIS.—Outlook in this vicinity exceptionally fine—the best in many years. With a normal season from now on and killing frost at the average date, the Memphis district will make the largest crop on record.

NASHVILLE.—Will make a good top crop with late frost, and a fair one under any circumstance, because of the extremely early season. We feel safe in asserting that from present indications the crop in our territory (comprising North Mississippi, North Alabama and Middle and West Tennessee) probably 5 to 10 per cent more than last year.

DYERSBURG.—The prospect at present is for a crop about equal to last season. But there is a considerable top crop coming on, which, in case of late frost, should increase the yield by 10 per cent.

PARIS.—Very little cotton is raised here, but the crop of the county will be 100 to 200 bales more than last season, in consequence of increased acreage.

CLEVELAND.—The present outlook is for as much cotton as last year, and if conditions stay favorable an increase will be shown.

DECATURVILLE.—The crop of Decatur County should be about 90 per cent of an average yield.

INDIAN TERRITORY.

TALIHINA.—Crop is less than expected. Stalk is large but fruitage light. Not much is looked for from the second crop.

OKMULGEE.—General condition is no better than last year, but on account of increased area the yield should be greater than last year. With early frost only a light top crop will be secured.

ATOKA.—Crop will be a little less than last year. No top crop is looked for.

ARDMORE.—With late fall the top crop will probably bring the yield of the Territory within ten per cent of last season, but everything depends upon the date of killing frost.

WEWOKA.—We expect about the same yield as last year, due to increased area. No top crop.

OKLAHOMA.

STILLWATER.—The plants are large and in good condition generally throughout Oklahoma, but we had unusually cool weather throughout September. A light frost which would stop growth without injuring the plant seriously would be

an advantage. Acreage is larger than last year but yield will likely show a decrease.

CHEYENNE.—Product per acre less than last year, but aggregate yield will be much greater on account of largely increased acreage.

WELLSTON.—Top crop on bottom lands will be better than early cotton if frost is as late as last year (Nov. 8). Yield here will be about ten per cent less than last season.

ITEMS ABOUT BANKS BANKERS AND TRUST CO.'S

—The auction sales of bank stocks this week aggregate 175 shares. The transactions in trust company stocks reach a total of 55 shares. No sales of either class were made at the Stock Exchange. The first public sale of Empire State Trust Co. stock was made this week at 198 and of Consolidated National Bank stock at 205. Stock of the Trust Co. of the Republic was sold at 275, as against 301 in May, the date of the last previous sale. In the "curb" market a sale of 15 shares of Trust Co. of America stock at 300 was the only business reported.

Shares.	BANKS—New York.	Price.	Last previous sale.
6	America, Bank of.....	544	July 1902— 555
12	City Bank, National.....	300	Sept. 1902— 311
25	Commerce, National Bank of...	340½	Oct. 1902— 340
5	Consolidated Nat. Bank.....	205	First sale.
14	Corn Exchange Bank.....	434½	Sept. 1-02— 435
48	Merchants' Exch'ge Nat. Bank.	165½	Mar. 1902— 158½
9	N. Y. County Nat. Bank.....	1,515	First sale since 1897.
10	North American, Nat. Bank of.	240	Apr. 1902— 200
20	Seventh National Bank.....	165	Sept. 1902— 155½
	BANK—Brooklyn.		
25	Mechanics' Bank.....	220½	Apr. 1902— 218
	TRUST COMPANIES—New York.		
50	Empire State Trust Co.....	198	First sale.
5	Republic, Trust Co. of the.....	275	May 1902— 301

—The annual meeting of the New York Clearing House Association was held on Tuesday, when James Stillman, President of the National City Bank, was elected President; Gates W. McGarragh, President of the Leather Manufacturers' National Bank, Secretary; William Sherer, Manager, and William J. Gilpin, Assistant Manager. The Clearing House committee consists of: James T. Woodward, President of the Hanover National Bank; Stephen Baker, President of the Bank of the Manhattan Company; Charles H. Fancher, President of the Irving National Bank; J. Edward Simmons, President of the Fourth National Bank, and Dumont Clarke, President of the American Exchange National Bank. The Manager's annual report showed that the transactions of the Clearing House for the year were: exchanges, \$74,753,189,435 86, against \$77,030,673,493 65 for the previous year, when the exchanges were the largest on record. Balances last year were \$3,377,504,073 11, against \$3,515,037,741 05 in the previous year; also the largest ever recorded. The average daily exchanges last year were \$945,899,649 46 and the average balances were \$11,110,310 76. The largest exchanges on any one day were \$500,430,938 67, May 6, and the largest balances were \$34,943,456 93, July 3. The greatest daily exchanges on record were \$598,537,409 64 and the largest balances \$23,873,115 93, both on May 10, 1901. The Association is now composed of 42 national and 17 State banks; the Assistant Treasurer at New York also makes his exchanges at the Clearing House. There are 73 banks and trust companies in the city and vicinity, not members, which make their exchanges through banks that are members.

—One event of the week was the laying of the corner stone on Tuesday of the new Custom House building in Bowling Green, with appropriate ceremonies, by the Secretary of the Treasury.

—Mr. Gates W. McGarragh, Vice-President of the Leather Manufacturers' National Bank, was on Tuesday last elected President of this well known institution. Mr. McGarragh, in the early eighties commenced his career as check clerk with the Produce Exchange Bank at the time of its organization in 1883, and was gradually advanced until he was made Assistant Cashier in 1893. This position he resigned in 1895 to accept the cashiership of the Leather Manufacturers' National Bank. Here his progress was even more noteworthy; in 1899 he was appointed director and Acting Vice President, and now comes the advancement to the highest position which the directors are able to bestow. Mr. Nicholas F. Palmer, the retiring President, resigned in June last, owing to the attention required by private interests, among them being the ownership of the Quintard Iron Works of this city. Mr. Palmer still remains on the board of directors, and will take a lively interest in the welfare of the old Leather Manufacturers' National Bank.

—The uptown branch of the United States Mortgage & Trust Company of this city, which we announced some time ago was to be established, was opened on September 29. This branch is located at 78d Street and Broadway, and is known as the West End office of the company. Mr. Charles B. Collins, for many years with Messrs. Baring, Magoun & Co., has been appointed Manager of the new office. Interest will be allowed on daily balances of accounts, subject to check, and will be credited monthly. Ladies have been especially provided for, and a large and comfortably arranged reception room has been set apart for their use. The deposits at this branch the first week exceeded \$300,000.

—The Liberty National Bank has made arrangements to increase its capital from \$500,000 to \$1,000,000, and its surplus, which now is \$500,000, to \$1,000,000. This will be effected by the sale of 5,000 shares of new stock to present stockholders at \$300 per share, but it is proposed, in order to secure new business, that each shareholder shall pay 50 per cent of his new holdings into the hands of a committee of the directors consisting of J. R. Maxwell, Francis L. Hine and E. C. Converse, the latter President of the bank, who shall have power to sell the stock at \$500 per share.

—The ninth annual convention of the New York State Bankers' Association assembled at the New York Clearing House on Thursday, A. D. Bissell, Vice-President of the People's Bank of Buffalo, presiding. The principal speaker was William A. Nash, President of the Corn Exchange Bank, who referred to the many advantages of branch banks organized in cities under the State law. The following were on Friday elected officers of the Association for the ensuing year: Stephen M. Griswold, of the Union Bank of Brooklyn, President; Charles H. Sabin, Vice-President National Commercial Bank of Albany, Vice-President; T. E. Carpenter, President of the Mount Kisco Bank, Secretary, and E. T. Johnson, Cashier of the First National Bank of Glens Falls, Treasurer.

—The following are the directors of the Windsor Trust Company of this city, which it is thought will begin business some time this month: William H. Baldwin Jr., Erskine Hewitt, Daniel O'Day, Eben B. Thomas, Charles H. Van Brunt, August Belmont, William B. Leeds, Charles D. Wetmore, De Lancey Nicoll, James A. Burden Jr., Cornelius Vanderbilt, James Gayley, John Alvin Young, Andrew Freedman, John M. Hall, Robert H. McCurdy, Cord Meyer, Jordan J. Rollins, George W. Young, Ernest Iselin, Ogden Mills, James Timpson, Archibald S. White, Robert W. Goelet and Charles Lathrop Pack.

—Mr. Joel Cook has been elected Vice-President of the United Security Life Insurance & Trust Company of Philadelphia. Mr. Cook is the financial editor of the Philadelphia "Public Ledger."

—The International Bank & Trust Company of America, which was formed by the merger of the Mexican Trust Company and the Corporation Trust Company of Delaware, of this city, filed a certificate of consolidation on Thursday.

—The following is the official explanation by Secretary Shaw of his action of last week relative to the maintenance of a reserve against deposits of public funds which are secured by Government bonds:

A wholly unauthorized and unfounded report appears to have been sent from Washington yesterday, calculated to mislead, with reference to the action taken by the Secretary of the Treasury relative to the maintenance of reserve against Government deposits secured by Government bonds. That there may be no misunderstanding, either as to the law or the action taken by the Department, you are advised: The National Bank Act, as you are well aware, lays down the rule that all associations shall maintain certain reserve against all deposits, failing to do which the Comptroller of the Treasury may notify any association to make good such reserve. Failing to do which within thirty days, the Comptroller may, with the concurrence of the Secretary, appoint a receiver, &c.

The law therefore lays down the rule that the reserve shall be maintained, but lodges a discretion with the Comptroller and with the Secretary of the Treasury as to the enforcement of the rule. You are therefore notified that the rule will not be enforced so far as it relates to Government deposits secured by Government bonds.

It must be borne in mind in this connection that it is not the intention of the Department to encourage increased credit. On the contrary very great conservatism should be exercised. But it is the desire of the Department that no worthy business interest shall suffer simply because a bank has invested its money in Government bonds to secure a Government deposit, and to that extent has relieved the Treasury from a growing surplus, and has thus restricted its capacity to extend accommodation.

—The following resolution was adopted by the Maryland Bankers' Association at its recent convention at Blue Mountain, reference to which has previously been made in these columns:

WHEREAS, the constantly recurring periods of financial stringency, particularly at crop-moving time, are directly traceable to the non-flexibility of our bank note currency as now constituted; and

Whereas, such periods of money tightness are extremely hurtful to the general prosperity of the country by reason of the inevitable check upon trade and the often ruinous unsettling of values; and

Whereas, research and study have demonstrated beyond question that a currency based solely upon the assets of the banks can be so safeguarded as to make it absolutely secure; therefore be it

Resolved, that we reaffirm our recommendations in favor of the creation of an elastic asset currency to overcome the periodical inadequacy characteristic of our present system; but so safeguarded and protected as to furnish unquestioned security to the noteholder.

Resolved, that our Representatives and Senators in Congress be, and they are hereby urged to favor such amendment to the National Banking Act as will provide a safe and elastic asset currency, and that a committee of three be appointed by the chair to urge upon appropriate Congressional committees the adoption of the legislation desired.

—The opening of the Thirty-fourth Street National Bank, located at 21 West 34th Street, this city, occurred on Monday. The bank has a capital and surplus of \$300,000 each, and is officered by Mr. Bradford Rhodes as President and Curtis J. Beard, Cashier.

—Messrs. Muller, Schall & Co. of 54 Wall Street, this city, are interested in the establishment of a new bank in Porto Rico. The bank has been designated the First National Bank of Porto Rico, and has an authorized capital of \$500,000. It will be located at San Juan.

—Mr. Peter Rado has been elected Cashier of the Northern National Bank, at 892 Broadway, this city, to succeed Mr. Charles G. Balmanno.

—A number of Eastern financiers left Philadelphia on the 2d inst. to participate in an excursion to San Francisco, Portland and Seattle as the guests of Messrs. Morris & Whitehead, whose offices are located in Philadelphia and Portland. The trip is being made in a special train.

—Mr. Francis I. Gowen has been elected a director of the Fourth Street National Bank of Philadelphia to succeed the late Mr. John C. Bullitt. Mr. Gowen is also a director of the Girard Trust Company of Philadelphia.

—The United Realty Trust Company of Pittsburg has received permission to change its name to the Iron City Trust Company, a change acted upon by the stockholders early last month.

—The stockholders of the Allentown National Bank of Allentown, Pa., voted unanimously at their meeting to increase the capital from \$500,000 to \$1,000,000. As previously announced, the stock will be sold at \$70 per share (the par is \$40), so that \$375,000 will be added to the surplus.

—Mr. Glenn C. Page has resigned as Treasurer of the Wyoming Valley Trust Company of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., to become Cashier of the Marine National Bank of Erie, Pa. The resignation will take effect November 1.

—An attractive programme has been prepared for the twelfth annual convention of the Ohio Bankers' Association, to be held on Wednesday and Thursday next in Cincinnati. The address of welcome will be delivered by the Mayor, Hon. Julius Fleischmann, while Mr. George H. Bohrer, President of the German National Bank of Cincinnati, will welcome the delegates on behalf of the city's banks. The reports of the officers and various committees will then be presented. At the conclusion of these a luncheon will be given at the Queen City Club, followed by a trolley ride through the city and an entertainment in the evening at one of the theatres. The second day's proceedings will include an address on "The Consolidation of Corporations," by the Hon. Daniel J. Ryan of Columbus; one on "The Citizen and the City," by Hon. H. L. Gordon of Cincinnati, and also one on "The Public Funds," by the Hon. I. B. Cameron, Treasurer of the State.

—The Federal Trust Company of Cleveland declared its first dividend this week. The stock has been placed on a six-per cent basis, dividends payable quarterly, the initial payment of 1½ per cent to be made on November 1. The company began business in June of 1901.

—Mr. Frank P. Hays has resigned as bond officer of the Mississippi Valley Trust Company on account of ill health. Mr. W. Davies Pittman has been chosen as his successor.

—The formal order discharging the receiver of the Guardian Trust Company of Kansas City, Mo., was filed on Monday. The receiver has been instructed to turn over the property on October 22, when the stockholders will meet to decide as to the company's future.

—The Atlantic National Bank of Wilmington, N. C., this month celebrates its tenth anniversary. Throughout its career the bank has paid to its stockholders dividends amounting to \$145,000, which is \$30,000 in excess of its capital. In addition, there remains a surplus of \$155,000. The deposits aggregate \$1,875,000 and assets are \$1,750,000.

—The Commercial & Savings Bank, of Macon, Ga., is shortly to enter its own new building, erected at a cost of \$45,000. The bank will be domiciled on the first floor, above which there are four stories, each having eight rooms. Brick and terra cotta, in two shades of red and gray, are the main materials used in the construction of the exterior.

—On next Wednesday and Thursday the Kentucky Bankers' Association will hold its tenth annual convention at Paducah. Mr. George C. Thompson, President of the American-German National Bank of Paducah, is President of the association; the Secretary is Mr. Isham Bridges, Manager of the Louisville Clearing House, while the Treasurer is Mr. E. W. Hays, Cashier of the National Bank of Kentucky at Louisville.

—The late Mr. W. H. Palmer has been succeeded as Cashier of the First National Bank of Houston, Tex. by the former Assistant Cashier, Mr. J. T. Scott.

—Mr. F. W. Anderson, President of the St. Paul National Bank of St. Paul, Minn., died last week in Everett, Wash., where he had gone on a pleasure trip. Mr. Anderson was seventy years old. He was born in Stafford, Conn., but went to St. Paul in 1883, at which time he organized the bank whose President he was. His son, Mr. A. C. Anderson is Cashier.

—A certificate was issued to the Clarke National Bank of Minneapolis, Minn., by the Comptroller, under date of the 4th inst. The institution, as before noted in this department, has been capitalized at \$200,000.

—The annual convention of the Nebraska Bankers' Association was held in Omaha on the 2d and 3rd inst. and was well attended by an enthusiastic gathering. There are now 288 banks in the association, two having dropped out during the year while forty-one have been added. Mr. Charles G. Dawes, President of the Central Trust Company of Illinois, Chicago, was one of the speakers, and in his address on "Asset Currency—Branch Banking," he gave it as his opinion that the "Bankers' associations of the United States will make a mistake if they base their objections to the branch banking system wholly on the ground that the small bank, as such, should be protected. The position which they should take in connection with the branch banking system is a broader one than that. It is not the small bank and its protection which appeals to the great masses of the people, but it is the protection of the great class of borrowing customers of the small banks as a matter of national policy." Mr. J. A. Reichenbach, Cashier of the Rising City Bank of Rising City, Neb., had also prepared an address on the same subject. The remainder of the programme was made up of papers on various topics, one on "Trust and Business Combinations" by Mr. J. A. S. Pollard, Cashier of the Fort Madison Savings Bank of Fort Madison, Iowa; an address on "Fidelity Bonds" by Mr. Charles F. Bentley, Cashier of the First National Bank of Grand Island, and a discourse on "The Negotiable Instruments Law" by Mr. Edwin Jeary, President of the First National Bank of Elmwood, Neb. Before adjourning, the following officers were elected: President, Mr. S. H. Burnham, President of the First National Bank of Lincoln, Neb.; Vice President, J. B. Dinsmore, President of the Sutton National Bank, Sutton, Neb.; Treasurer, Frank T. Hamilton, Assistant Cashier of the Merchants' National Bank of Omaha, and Secretary, (re-elected), H. R. Gould, General Agent of the Prudential Insurance Company of Omaha.

—A consolidation of two Portland, Ore., banks is now under way and will probably become effective the latter part of the month. The institutions concerned are the United States National and the Ainsworth National. The bank to be absorbed is the Ainsworth National, which will transfer its deposits and sufficient assets to cover the liabilities thus

assumed to the United States National. This latter name it is proposed to retain, the capital being increased from \$250,000 to \$300,000. The Ainsworth National has a capital of \$100,000 and deposits of \$797,472. The deposits of the United States National are \$1,089,029.

—Two new Vice-Presidents have been elected to the staff of the American National Bank of San Francisco, Cal. They are Mr. Francis Cutting and William B. Wightman.

—The Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation has issued its 74th semi-annual statement covering the half-year ending 30th June 1902. The net profits for that period, including \$1,483,348 07 balance brought forward from last account, after paying all charges, deducting interest and making provision for bad and doubtful accounts, amount to \$3,557,618 92. The directors recommend the transfer of \$500,000 from the profit and loss account to credit of the silver reserve fund, which fund will then stand at \$4,750,000. They also recommend writing off bank premises account the sum of \$300,000.

From the balance of \$2,842,618 92 the directors recommend the payment of a dividend of one pound and ten shillings sterling per share, which will absorb \$533,333 33. The difference in exchange between 4s. 6d. the rate at which the dividend is declared, and 1s. 8½d., the rate of the day, amounts to \$871,544 71. The balance, \$1,437,740 88, to be carried to new profit and loss account.

FAILURES FOR THIRD QUARTER AND SINCE JANUARY 1.—The following figures, prepared from Messrs. R. G. Dun & Co.'s statement, show the number of failures in the United States and Canada during the quarter ending Sept. 30, 1902, and for the nine months ending with the same date. For purposes of comparison like figures for the corresponding periods of the preceding year are given:

	1902.		1901.	
	No. of Failures.	Amount of Liabilities.	No. of Failures.	Amount of Liabilities.
Third Quarter.				
New England States.....	419	\$3,215,842	341	\$3,333,348
Middle States.....	551	5,823,349	497	10,006,680
Southern States.....	409	5,056,040	398	2,713,811
Southwestern States.....	194	759,615	148	747,714
Central States.....	460	3,561,720	532	4,961,983
Western States.....	287	1,165,014	224	1,990,501
Pacific States and Territories.....	201	749,954	186	1,002,302
Aggregate United States.....	2,511	\$25,032,634	2,324	\$24,756,172
Dominion of Canada.....	231	\$3,585,016	337	\$2,606,401
Nine Months.				
New England States.....	1,357	\$13,444,234	1,404	\$16,495,403
Middle States.....	1,744	29,109,531	1,677	27,881,315
Southern States.....	1,853	13,863,787	1,405	10,337,194
Southwestern States.....	904	4,236,437	499	8,153,628
Central States.....	1,568	14,232,577	1,758	14,437,787
Western States.....	930	5,203,360	695	5,053,099
Pacific States and Territories.....	625	4,731,564	647	3,150,553
Aggregate United States.....	8,676	\$85,407,490	8,083	\$80,560,982
Dominion of Canada.....	845	\$9,338,967	1,013	\$9,149,337

The record of failures by quarters for the three quarters of the last seventeen years is as follows:

	First Quarter.		Second Quarter.		Third Quarter.	
Years—	No. of Failures.	Amount of Liabilities.	No. of Failures.	Amount of Liabilities.	No. of Failures.	Amount of Liabilities.
1886.....	3,203	\$29,681,726	1,963	\$20,752,734	1,932	\$27,237,630
1887.....	3,007	32,161,762	1,905	22,976,330	1,938	73,023,554
1888.....	2,948	38,884,789	2,241	29,229,370	2,361	22,114,254
1889.....	3,311	42,972,516	2,292	22,856,337	2,276	30,227,045
1890.....	3,223	37,852,968	2,162	27,466,416	2,196	35,452,436
1891.....	3,545	42,167,631	2,529	50,248,636	2,754	44,302,494
1892.....	3,384	39,284,349	2,119	22,989,331	1,984	18,659,235
1893.....	3,202	47,338,300	3,199	121,541,239	4,015	82,469,821
1894.....	4,304	64,137,333	2,735	37,601,973	2,568	29,411,196
1895.....	3,802	47,813,683	2,555	41,026,261	2,792	32,167,179
1896.....	4,031	57,425,135	2,995	40,444,547	3,773	73,285,349
1897.....	3,932	48,007,911	2,889	43,684,876	2,881	25,601,188
1898.....	3,687	32,946,565	3,031	34,498,074	2,540	25,101,778
1899.....	2,772	27,152,031	2,081	14,910,902	2,001	17,640,972
1900.....	2,894	33,042,073	2,438	41,724,879	2,519	27,119,996
1901.....	3,385	31,708,496	2,424	24,101,204	2,324	24,756,172
1902.....	3,418	38,791,758	2,747	26,643,048	2,511	25,012,634

Monetary; Commercial English News

[From our own correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, September 27, 1902.

Markets have been very depressed during the week, mainly through the fear that New York will take so much gold from Europe that money here will become both scarce and dear. Other causes, however, have combined, such as the long-continued fall in consols, British railway stocks and South African mining shares. A further cause is found in the resurgence of political uneasiness in France. It is said that the Clerical Party, and more particularly the monks, have been using their influence in the Catholic districts to induce depositors in the savings banks to withdraw their deposits.

Whether such influence has or has not been used, it is undeniable that withdrawals have been considerable, and in Paris it is believed that they have mainly been on the part of persons who are opposed to the enforcement of the Association Law. There have, likewise, been some withdrawals from the ordinary banks, and as a consequence the money and the stock markets have been somewhat disturbed, and for the first time for several years French rentes fell during the week to just under par.

It is probable that the withdrawals will not last very long, for the French peasant is a very thrifty person, and when he finds that nothing happens except that he himself receives no interest he will very likely return his deposits. In the meantime, however, the great French banks have not been increasing their balances in London. Indeed, they have been somewhat withdrawing them.

In spite, however, of the uneasiness caused, there is still a fair amount of investment in Spanish, Italian and South American Government bonds. It is announced that an arrangement has been arrived at between the Spanish Minister of Finance, the Bank of Spain and the more important Spanish railway companies and private banks for the purpose of regulating exchange. The intention is to prevent speculation in exchange by having the Bank of Spain, with the assistance of the Treasury, selling exchange at prices to be fixed monthly. It is understood that the Bank of Spain has already made considerable provision for carrying out the arrangement, and that in fact the late rumors that the negotiations had been broken off merely arose from the fact that the Bank did not like to complete the arrangement until it found itself in a position to fulfill what it undertook. As a consequence Spanish bonds have advanced further, and in Paris the belief is very general that they will continue to rise. For example, it is said that if the quotation for Spanish bonds were to go to about 90 it would not pay for Spanish holders to sell internal bonds for the purpose of buying external bonds, and that therefore a further rise of 3 or 4 points in external bonds is necessary to carry out the plan of the Government.

Italian bonds have likewise been improving, and there is a recovery in the Berlin market, not very considerable as yet, but still undoubted. Apparently the long liquidation is now nearly completed and recuperation is going on rapidly. The more important industries are working on a large scale, although it is admitted that the profits in many cases are exceedingly low—in some cases there are no profits at all. Still, the works are in full operation and all the work-people are employed.

In India enough rain is believed now to have fallen not only to remove all apprehension of famine, but to insure good crops for the coming season. In Australia the recent rains have done very much good in the eastern half of New South Wales, but in the western half the drought is still very severe. It is worse, if possible, in Queensland. On the other hand, the rainfall has been abundant in Victoria, and everything looks very promising there now, while the present year is one of the most prosperous ever known in New Zealand and Tasmania, which are selling agricultural produce of every kind at exceptionally good prices to New South Wales and Queensland.

In South Africa cattle disease has broken out, adding to the many trials of the two new colonies, and according to the telegrams coming over in considerable numbers, there is much uneasiness at the refusal of the Government to announce what will be the amount of the loan to pay for the cost of the war. It is not probable that the Government is yet in a position to make the announcement, for the Boers are not yet brought back to their farms. Only a small proportion comparatively of the mines are reopened, the scarcity of native labor continues and, in short, business of all kinds is completely at a standstill. It is hardly possible, therefore, for anybody to make a reasonable estimate of what the Transvaal will be able to pay by and by; and even if the Government were unwise enough to make such an estimate, it is perfectly certain that the Transvaal could not pay the interest upon a great loan. Probably it will not be in a position to pay much for a couple of years.

Money has been in exceedingly strong demand throughout the week, partly because of the Stock Exchange settlement which ended on Friday evening and partly because the Government has just placed two millions sterling of Treasury

bills, which also had to be paid for on Friday, the Stock Exchange settling day; but the main cause no doubt is the fear that gold may be withdrawn in large amounts from the Bank of England, and that therefore money may become scarce and dear. In the early part of the week there was an expectation that the Bank of England rate of discount would be raised, and the discount rate in the open market consequently rose to the Bank level; but the directors of the Bank very wisely decided to make no change. Of course the rate may have to go up if much gold is withdrawn, and even if much gold is not withdrawn it may have to be put up should the withdrawals of deposits in France continue, for large withdrawals in France might lead the French banks to take away some of the balances they are employing here, and to prevent that it would be desirable to make it profitable for the French banks to continue to employ money here. In any case, it is reasonably to be anticipated that the rate will be put up to 4 per cent during the coming month. Money, as already said, is dearer in Paris because of the withdrawals, and it is likewise dearer in Berlin, where at the end of September there is always a very great demand for money to move the crops.

The India Council continues to sell its drafts well. It offered for tender on Wednesday 80 lacs, and the applications exceeded 1,580 at prices ranging from 1s. 8 15-16d. to 1s. 4d. per rupee. Applicants at 1s. 8 31-32d. per rupee were allotted about two per cent of the amounts applied for.

The following return shows the position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, &c. compared with the last three years:

	1902. Sept. 24.	1901. Sept. 25.	1900. Sept. 26.	1899. Sept. 27.
Reserve.....	20,194,845	20,401,020	22,500,000	27,900,000
Public deposits.....	2,201,490	10,848,704	5,918,008	5,228,781
Other deposits.....	40,376,322	40,788,449	39,121,034	38,741,554
Government securities.....	14,594,200	18,682,427	10,754,494	18,057,977
Other securities.....	36,024,000	25,458,207	28,460,843	20,008,990
Reserve of notes and coin.....	25,328,608	25,011,141	24,282,221	22,423,230
Joint and bullion both departments	37,222,345	29,827,001	33,107,411	34,569,710
Prop. reserve to liabilities, &c.	5854	54,116	64	494
Bank rate.....per cent.	5	4 1-16	4	3 1-4
Consols, 2 1/2 per cent.....	95 3/4	92 8-16	95 1/4	104 1/4
3 per cent.....	104 1/4	104 1/4	104 1/4	104 1/4
Marine-Insurance returns.....	140,503,000	143,240,000	144,750,000	135,458,000

The rates for money have been as follows:

London.	Bank Rate.	Open Market Rates.				Interest allowed for deposits by	
		Bank Bills.		Trade Bills.		Joint Stock Banks.	Dial's Est. At 7-34 Cull Days
		3 Months.	6 Months.	3 Mos.	6 Mos.		
Aug. 30	3 1/4	3 1-16	3 1/4	3	3 1/4 @ 3 1/4	1 1/4	3 1/4
Sept. 6	3 1/4 @ 3 13-16	2 15-16	3 1/4 @ 3 1/4	3	3 1/4	1 1/4	3 1/4
" 13	3 1/4	3 1/4	3 1/4 @ 3 1/4	3 1/4 @ 3 1/4	3 1/4 @ 3 1/4	1 1/4	3 1/4
" 20	3	3 1/4	3 1/4 @ 3 1/4	3 1/4	3 1/4	1 1/4	3 1/4
" 27	3 1/4 @ 3 1/4	3 1/4	3 1/4	3 1/4	3 1/4	1 1/4	3 1/4

The Bank rate of discount and open market rates at the chief Continental cities have been as follows:

Rates of Interest at	September 26.		September 19.		September 12.		September 5.	
	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate.	Open Market
Paris.....	3	3 1/4	3	3	3	3 1/4	3	3 1/4
Berlin.....	3	3 1/4	3	3 1/4	3	3	3	3 1/4
Hamburg.....	3	3 1/4	3	3 1/4	3	3	3	3 1/4
Frankfurt.....	3	3 1/4	3	3 1/4	3	3	3	3 1/4
Amsterdam.....	3	3 1/4	3	3 1/4	3	3 1/4	3	3 1/4
Brussels.....	3	3 1/4	3	3 1/4	3	3 1/4	3	3 1/4
Vienna.....	3 1/4	3 1/4	3 1/4	3 1/4	3 1/4	3 1/4	3 1/4	3 1/4
St. Petersburg.....	4 1/4	nom.	4 1/4	nom.	4 1/4	nom.	4 1/4	nom.
Madrid.....	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Copenhagen.....	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

Messrs. Pixley & Abell write as follows under date of September 25:

Gold—There is a good demand for gold, and all arrivals in the open market are taken at 77s 9 1/4d. The Bank has lost during the week £775,000, of which £150,000 has been sent to Egypt, £200,000 to Austria and £425,000 to South America. The arrivals have been £30,000. Arrivals: Cape Town, £22,000; Australia, £27,000; West Indies, £25,000. Total, £194,000. Shipments: Bombay, £24,750.

Silver—The market in silver has been free and active at falling prices. New York shipments continue large, and the demand is being chiefly for covering open September contracts, but also for the Far East. The Indian price is Rs. 60 3/4 per 100 tolas. Arrivals: New York, £124,000; Australia, £6,000; West Indies, £2,000. Total, £132,000. Shipments: Bombay, £102,700; Australia (coin), £16,200. Total, £118,900.

Mexican Dollars—Only a few transactions have taken place in dollars, and the nearest price is 23 1/4d. per oz. To hand from America \$57,000, to China \$3,650, and to the Straits \$1,300.

The quotations for bullion are reported as follows:

GOLD.		Sept. 25.	Sept. 18.	SILVER.		Sept. 25.	Sept. 18.
London Standard.		s. d.	s. d.	London Standard.		s. d.	s. d.
Bar gold, fine.....oz.	77 9 1/4	77 9 1/4	77 9 1/4	Bar silver, fine.....oz.	23 1 1/2	23 1 1/2	23 1 1/2
U.S. gold coin.....oz.	76 4 1/2	76 4 1/2	76 4 1/2	Do 2 mo. delivery	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
3-mo. gold coin.....oz.	76 4 1/2	76 4 1/2	76 4 1/2	Bar silver, contain'g			
French gold coin.....oz.	76 5 1/2	76 5 1/2	76 5 1/2	do 5 grs. gold.....oz.	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
Japanese yen.....oz.	76 4 1/2	76 4 1/2	76 4 1/2	do 4 grs. gold.....oz.	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
				do 3 grs. gold.....oz.	23 1 1/2	23 1 1/2	23 1 1/2
				Cake silver.....oz.	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2
				Mexican dollars.....oz.	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2

*Nominal.

The following shows the imports of cereal produce into the United Kingdom during the three weeks of the new season compared with previous seasons:

	1902.	1901.	1900.	1899.
Imp'ts of wheat, cwt.	5,851,674	3,123,500	5,150,200	2,189,200
Barley.....	2,554,956	1,967,500	1,066,200	949,000
Oats.....	933,181	1,236,600	1,392,400	1,115,800
Peas.....	127,193	112,000	95,310	152,300
Beans.....	215,802	252,100	79,100	66,900
Indian corn.....	2,158,816	3,175,000	3,300,400	3,352,500
Flour.....	1,071,618	1,198,100	1,022,500	1,360,300

Supplies available for consumption (exclusive of stocks on September 1):

	1902.	1901.	1900.	1899.
Wheat imported, cwt.	5,851,674	3,123,500	5,150,200	2,189,200
Imports of flour.....	1,071,618	1,198,100	1,022,500	1,360,300
Sales of home-grown.....	692,020	2,183,581	1,155,392	1,909,523

Total.....	7,615,312	6,505,181	7,328,092	6,459,023
Aver. price wheat, week 27s. 1d.	28s. 0d.	28s. 4d.	25s. 4d.	25s. 3d.
Average price, season 28s. 3d.	28s. 3d.	28s. 3d.	28s. 3d.	28s. 3d.

The following shows the quantities of wheat, flour and maize afloat to the United Kingdom:

	This week.	Last week.	1901.	1900.
Wheat.....qrs.	1,560,000	1,200,000	1,935,000	1,970,000
Flour, equal to qrs.	310,000	285,000	325,000	395,000
Maize.....qrs.	555,000	475,000	680,000	765,000

English Financial Markets—Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations for securities, etc., at London are reported by cable as follows for the week ending Oct. 10:

LONDON.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Silver, per ounce.....	23½	23½	23½	23½	23½	23½
Onsola, new, 2½ p.ots.	93	93	93	93	93	93
For account.....	93	93	93	93	93	93
French rentes (in Paris) fr.	100 00	100 07½	100 15	100 15	100 15	100 15
Spanish 4s.....	87½	88	88½	87½	87½	87½
Anaconda Mining.....	5½	5½	5	5	5	4½
Atch. Top. & Santa Fe.....	90½	89½	90½	91	90½	90½
Preferred.....	108½	108½	102½	103½	103½	103½
Baltimore & Ohio.....	108½	108	107½	108½	108½	108½
Preferred.....	98	98½	98½	98	98	98
Canadian Pacific.....	140½	137½	137½	138½	138½	138½
Chesapeake & Ohio.....	52½	51½	51½	51½	51½	52½
Ohio, Great Western.....	31½	29½	29½	30	30½	30½
Ohio, Mil. & St. Paul.....	198	197½	195½	197	198½	198½
Den. & Rio Gr., com.....	45½	44½	44	45	44½	44½
Do do Preferred.....	94	93½	93	93½	94	94
Erie, common.....	39½	39½	39½	40	39½	39½
1st preferred.....	69½	69½	69½	69½	69½	69½
2d preferred.....	65½	64½	64½	64½	65½	65½
Illinois Central.....	154½	153	150½	150½	151	151
Louisville & Nashville.....	142	141	141	141½	142	142
Mexican Central.....	27	26½	26	26½	27½	27½
Mo. Kan. & Tex., com.....	30½	30½	29½	30½	30½	30½
Preferred.....	63½	62½	61½	62½	62½	62½
National R.R. of Mex.....	19½	19½	19	19½	19½	19½
Preferred.....	40	40	39½	40	40	40
N. Y. Cent. & Hudson.....	161	159	159½	159½	159	159
N. Y. Ontario & West'n.....	35½	35	34½	34½	34½	34½
Norfolk & Western.....	76½	75½	74½	75	75½	75½
Do do pref.....	94½	94	93½	93½	93½	93½
Pennsylvania.....	83½	82½	82½	83½	83½	83½
*Phila. & Read.....	35½	35½	35½	35	35	35
*Phila. & Read, 1st pref.....	49½	44½	44½	44½	44½	44½
*Phila. & Read, 2d pref.....	39½	39½	39½	39½	39½	39½
Southern Pacific.....	74½	73½	73½	74½	73½	73½
South'n Railway, com.....	39	38½	38	38½	38½	38½
Preferred.....	99	98	97½	98	99½	99½
Union Pacific.....	106½	105½	106½	108½	107	107
Preferred.....	93½	93	92½	93	93	93
U. S. Steel Corp., com.....	40½	40½	40½	41	40½	40½
Do do pref.....	91½	90½	91	91½	91	91
Wabash.....	35	34	34	33½	33½	33½
Do preferred.....	50½	49½	48½	49½	49½	49½
Do Deb. "B".....	85½	83½	82½	83½	83½	83½

* Price per share.

Commercial and Miscellaneous News

NATIONAL BANKS.—The following information regarding national banks is from the Treasury Department.

NATIONAL BANKS ORGANIZED.

Certificates Issued August 13 to September 1, 1902.

- 6,387—The First National Bank of Sleepy Eye Lake, Minnesota. (Post Office, Sleepy Eye) Capital, \$25,000. C. D. Griffith, President; W. W. Smith, Cashier.
- 6,388—The West Baden National Bank, West Baden, Indiana. Capital, \$25,000. Lee W. Sinclair, President; James F. Peters, Cashier.
- 6,389—The National Bank of Fairfax, Virginia. Capital, \$25,000. R. W. Moore, President; Frank R. Ford, Cashier.
- 6,390—The National Bank, Sealy, Texas. Capital, \$25,000. Leonard Thilston, President; J. G. Wessendorf, Cashier.
- 6,391—The Belmont National Bank, Belmont, Ohio. Capital, \$25,000. President; J. F. Neff, Cashier.
- 6,392—The National Bank of Wichita, Kansas. Capital, \$100,000. President; R. S. Granger, Vice-President; Geo. W. Robinson, Cashier.
- 6,393—The First National Bank of New Rockford, North Dakota. Capital, \$25,000. Thomas L. Beiseker, President; James E. Hyde, Cashier.
- 6,394—The First National Bank of Conroe, Texas. Capital, \$25,000. D. C. Tharp, President; Banks Griffith, Cashier.
- 6,395—The Citizens' National Bank of Sisseton, South Dakota. Capital, \$50,000. Joseph Warwick, President; A. J. Norby, Cashier.
- 6,396—The Windom National Bank, Windom, Minnesota. Capital, \$25,000. D. U. Weld, President; Jno. J. Rupp, Cashier.
- 6,397—The First National Bank of Starkweather, North Dakota. Capital, \$25,000. A. O. Whipple, President; Cashier.
- 6,398—The First National Bank of Ellendale, North Dakota. Capital, \$25,000. F. B. Gannon, President; Benjamin R. Crabtree, Cashier. Conversion of Bank of F. B. Gannon & Co.

- 6,399—The First National Bank of Barton, Maryland. Capital, \$25,000. Lemuel Bradley, President; Cashier.
- 6,400—The Athens National Bank, Athens, Texas. Capital, \$25,000. Travis Holland, President; V. I. Stirman, Cashier.
- 6,401—The First National Bank of Twin Valley, Minnesota. Capital, \$25,000. A. L. Hanson, President; Cashier.
- 6,402—The First National Bank of Crowell, Texas. Capital, \$25,000. John S. Bagler, President; Jas. P. Bagler, Cashier.
- 6,403—The German-American National Bank of -Hawson, Wisconsin. Capital, \$25,000. Charles R. Stier, President; Frank J. Martin, Cashier.
- 6,404—The First National Bank of Gunter, Texas. (Chartered Aug. 30.) Capital, \$30,000. Harvey C. Sperry, President; John Hardie, Cashier.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The following are the imports at New York for the week ending for dry goods Oct. 2 and for the week ending for general merchandise Oct. 8; also totals since beginning first week January.

FOREIGN IMPORTS.

For week.	1902.	1901.	1900.	1899.
Dry Goods.....	\$2,359,327	\$2,063,363	\$1,771,743	\$1,598,618
Gen'l mer'dise.....	10,456,137	8,440,798	8,555,796	6,167,145
Total.....	\$12,815,460	\$9,504,161	\$10,327,539	\$7,765,763
Since Jan. 1.				
Dry Goods.....	\$97,053,293	\$81,890,966	\$92,002,718	\$79,753,458
Gen'l mer'dise.....	\$33,939,323	\$42,840,104	\$18,741,555	\$12,698,165
Total 40 weeks.....	\$130,992,616	\$124,731,070	\$110,744,273	\$92,451,623

The imports of dry goods for one week later will be found in our report of the dry goods trade.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending Oct. 6, and from January 1 to date.

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1902.	1901.	1900.	1899.
For the week.....	\$10,073,286	\$9,128,738	\$10,916,163	\$11,427,399
Prev. reported.....	\$33,733,274	\$34,776,345	\$40,036,816	\$43,604,405
Total 40 weeks.....	\$43,806,560	\$43,905,083	\$50,952,979	\$55,031,804

NOTE.—As the figures of exports as reported by the New York Custom House from week to week frequently show divergence from the monthly totals, also compiled by the Custom House, we shall from time to time adjust the totals by adding to or deducting from the amount "previously reported."

The following table shows the exports and imports of specie at the port of New York for the week ending Oct. 4 and since Jan. 1, 1902, and for the corresponding periods in 1901 and 1900.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW YORK.

Gold.	Exports.		Imports.	
	Week.	Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan. 1.
Great Britain.....	.....	\$184,625	\$194,660	\$1,165,292
France.....	.....	18,774,514	.....	427,550
Germany.....	.....	4,921,099	121,662	121,667
West Indies.....	\$1,990	614,121	3,262	350,506
Mexico.....	.....	1,376,294	3,824	33,081
South America.....	.....	108,046	.....	900,028
All other countries.....	.....	.....	.....	157,787
Total 1902.....	\$1,990	\$26,023,485	\$223,408	\$3,160,893
Total 1901.....	2,100	\$9,219,178	\$1,040,721	\$3,929,991
Total 1900.....	12,000	\$7,256,505	15,087	\$1,752,950
Silver.	Exports.		Imports.	
	Week.	Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan. 1.
Great Britain.....	\$792,250	\$24,425,044	.....	\$2,997
France.....	.....	599,435	.....	1,594
Germany.....	.....	1,006	.....	63,456
West Indies.....	2,714	158,515	\$2,303	445,339
Mexico.....	.....	52,661	.....	431,299
South America.....	21,638	276,977	2,311	18,970
All other countries.....	.....	7,212	.....	.....
Total 1902.....	\$816,602	\$25,519,844	\$4,614	\$963,625
Total 1901.....	855,635	\$7,381,780	6,293	\$2,262,233
Total 1900.....	1,130,039	\$9,380,438	23,840	\$3,727,474

Of the above imports for the week in 1902 \$3,835 were American gold coin and \$4,614 American silver coin. Of the exports during the same time \$1,990 were American gold coin and \$16,000 were American silver coin.

FOREIGN TRADE OF NEW YORK—MONTHLY STATEMENT.—In addition to the other tables given in this department, made up from weekly returns, we give the following figures for the full months, also issued by our New York Custom House. The first statement covers the total imports and exports of merchandise and the Customs receipts for the eight months of the last two seasons.

MONTH.	MERCHANDISE MOVEMENT AT NEW YORK.				CUSTOMS RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK.	
	Imports.		Exports.		1902.	1901.
	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.		
January....	\$1,640,418	\$5,647,707	\$2,352,497	\$5,167,416	\$1,650,604	\$1,800,899
February....	\$3,698,194	\$3,259,808	\$3,847,167	\$9,791,990	\$1,038,060	\$1,594,392
March.....	\$9,461,658	\$8,793,416	\$6,596,486	\$4,100,991	\$1,433,109	\$1,897,945
April.....	\$6,978,692	\$9,084,328	\$4,182,346	\$9,909,197	\$1,581,468	\$2,694,736
May.....	\$2,540,145	\$6,068,245	\$1,296,084	\$6,768,496	\$2,064,512	\$1,938,307
June.....	\$4,809,826	\$6,198,828	\$6,510,769	\$1,186,951	\$2,694,019	\$1,980,399
July.....	\$8,570,900	\$7,098,078	\$6,606,619	\$4,004,877	\$1,923,581	\$1,159,847
August.....	\$5,659,242	\$4,900,646	\$8,843,95	\$9,546,072	\$1,228,701	\$1,160,789
Total.....	\$77,548,477	\$68,679,549	\$14,655,770	\$44,876,571	\$14,356,438	\$10,409,448

The imports and exports of gold and silver for the eight months have been as follows:

MONTH.	GOLD MOVEMENT AT NEW YORK.				SILVER—NEW YORK	
	Imports.		Exports.		Imports.	Exports.
	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.
January	\$ 184,874	\$ 214,747	\$ 1,969,750	\$ 1,174,069	\$ 335,107	\$ 4,010,806
February	235,063	290,693	7,874,301	284,900	\$ 331,163	\$ 3,394,141
March	533,078	314,548	4,706,538	485,990	67,909	2,541,913
April	311,478	175,579	3,624,238	4,893,806	547,178	\$ 3,215,101
May	98,314	261,430	565,806	10,060,137	\$ 331,334	\$ 2,411,320
June	149,170	181,147	49,602	8,019,187	\$ 307,434	\$ 1,508,148
July	313,261	560,063	7,557,079	1,458,015	\$ 286,979	\$ 1,916,300
August	213,822	711,558	1,567,043	\$ 473,828	\$ 219,328	\$ 3,372,151
Total	1,992,558	2,553,709	29,865,331	30,878,083	2,544,130	29,440,976

BANK NOTES—CHANGES IN TOTAL OF, AND IN DEPOSITED BONDS, ETC.—We give below tables which show all the monthly changes in Bank Notes and in Bonds and Legal Tenders on Deposit. The statement for July, 1902, will be found in the CHRONICLE of August 9, 1902, page 273.

1901-02.	Bonds and Legal Tenders on Deposit for Bank Circulation.		Circulation Afloat Under		
	Bonds.	Legal-tenders.	Bonds.	Legal-tenders.	Total.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Sept. 30.	326,052,770	43,150,454	323,843,144	43,150,454	366,993,598
Aug. 31.	322,941,680	41,875,104	319,407,587	41,875,104	361,282,691
July 31.	318,588,480	42,369,417	316,614,767	42,369,417	358,984,184
June 30.	317,163,530	42,433,280	314,238,811	42,433,280	356,672,091
May 31.	316,196,180	43,137,347	313,609,837	43,137,347	356,747,184
Apr. 30.	317,484,130	41,974,007	315,113,392	41,974,007	356,987,399
Mar. 31.	319,528,330	40,016,025	317,460,382	40,016,025	357,476,407
Feb. 28.	322,575,030	38,359,943	320,074,924	38,359,943	358,434,867
Jan. 31.	324,031,280	37,166,224	322,278,391	37,166,224	359,444,615
Dec. 31.	326,280,280	35,280,420	325,009,308	35,280,420	360,289,728
Nov. 30.	328,107,480	33,508,525	325,212,186	33,508,525	358,720,711
Oct. 31.	329,833,930	31,713,069	328,198,614	31,713,069	359,911,683

For full explanation of the above table see CHRONICLE Dec. 14, 1901, page 1333, first item in Financial Situation.

The following shows the amount of each class of bonds held against national bank circulation and to secure public moneys in national bank depositories on September 30.

Bonds on Deposit Sept. 30, 1902.	U. S. Bonds Held Sept. 30, 1902, to Secure—		
	Public Deposits in Banks.	Bank Circulation.	Total Held.
5 p. cts., 1894, due 1904	\$2,121,450	\$910,900	\$2,932,350
4 p. cts., funded 1907	15,968,350	7,404,450	23,372,800
4 p. cts., 1895, due 1925	9,302,750	2,569,600	11,872,350
3 p. cts., '98, due 1908-18	10,614,520	4,487,720	15,052,240
2 p. cts., 1900 due 1930.	97,266,100	310,826,100	408,092,200
3 p. cts. Dist. Col., 1924	1,352,900	1,352,900	2,705,800
Total	\$136,625,170	\$326,052,770	\$462,677,940

The foregoing does not include the bonds held in the New York Sub-Treasury against deposits in banks. There were so held on Sept. 30 \$11,293,000 bonds, making the whole amount at that date in possession of the Government as security for deposits \$147,971,170.

The following shows the amount of national bank notes afloat and the amount of the legal-tender deposit Sept. 1 and Oct. 1, and their increase or decrease during the month of September.

National Bank Notes—Total afloat—		
Amount afloat September 1, 1902	\$9,867,187	\$361,282,691
Amount issued during September	4,156,250	5,710,907
Amount retired during September		
Amount bank notes afloat Oct. 1, 1902.		\$366,993,598
Legal Tender Notes—		
Amount of deposit to redeem national bank notes September 1, 1902		\$41,875,104
Amount deposited during September	\$2,556,240	
Amt. of bank notes redeemed in September	1,280,890	1,275,350
Amount of deposit to redeem national bank notes Oct. 1, 1902		\$43,150,454

The portion of legal tenders deposited (1) by banks becoming insolvent, (2) by banks going into voluntary liquidation, and (3) by banks reducing or retiring their circulation, was as follows on the first of each of the last five months.

Legal Tenders.	June 1.	July 1.	Aug. 1.	Sept. 1.	Oct. 1.
Deposits by—					
Insolvent banks.	\$ 765,480	\$ 721,035	\$ 689,535	\$ 662,185	\$ 637,990
Liquidating banks.	11,316,924	10,981,162	11,280,307	11,717,784	11,841,227
Reducing and retiring.					
act of 1874.	31,054,947	30,731,033	30,399,575	29,495,135	30,671,237
Total	43,137,347	42,433,280	42,369,417	41,875,104	43,150,454

*Act of June 20, 1874, and July 12, 1892.

STOCK OF MONEY IN COUNTRY.—The following table shows the general stock of money in the country, as well as the holdings by the Treasury, and the amount in circulation on the dates given. The statement for Aug. 1, 1902, will be found in the CHRONICLE of Aug. 9, 1902, page 274; for that of Oct. 1, 1901, see Oct. 26, 1901, page 882.

	Stock of Money Oct. 1, 1902.		Money in Circulation—	
	In the United States.	Held in Treasury.	Oct. 1, 1902.	Oct. 1, 1901.
Gold coin (inc. bullion in Treas.)	1,315,334,885	338,124,771	634,768,090	631,701,397
*Gold certificates			304,320,054	277,577,189
Standard silver dollars	543,360,880	8,745,088	75,043,719	71,801,115
*Silver certificates			458,571,478	458,437,922
Subsidiary silver	97,988,076	8,081,871	80,906,305	81,538,117
Treasury notes of 1890	26,736,000	94,210	26,741,790	42,944,781
United States notes	346,081,018	2,750,960	349,930,086	335,029,898
*Currency cert., Act June 8, '72				
National bank notes	361,068,699	14,820,833	353,383,366	348,311,214
Total	2,507,064,935	2,149,984	2,237,684,491	2,237,188,491

Population of the United States Oct. 1, 1902, estimated at 70,458,000; circulation per capita, \$38.64.

* For redemption of outstanding certificates an exact equivalent in amount of the appropriate kinds of money is held in the Treasury, and is not included in the account of money held as assets of the Government.

* This statement of money held in the Treasury as assets of the Government does not include deposits of public money in national bank depositories to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States, and amounting to \$130,102,429.57.

Breadstuffs Figures Brought from Page 809.—The statements below are prepared by us from figures collected by the New York Produce Exchange. The receipts at Western lake and river ports for the week ending Oct. 4, and since Aug. 1, for each of the last three years have been:

Receipts at—	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
	Bbls. 100 lbs.	Bush. 60 lbs.	Bush. 56 lbs.	Bush. 32 lbs.	Bush. 48 lbs.	Bush. 56 lbs.
Chicago	124,706	1,283,137	1,139,775	1,781,958	588,007	79,285
Minneapolis	101,260	318,900	18,300	189,100	888,200	23,070
St. Louis	100,900	2,914,818		90,941	644,987	61,565
St. Paul	2,231,080	14,750	343,500	366,000	42,340	
Portland	233,000	87,000	65,000		12,000	
Detroit	10,300	54,382	66,829	82,708		
Cleveland	30,222	40,740	124,081	100,355		
St. Louis	47,185	789,020	65,015	267,390	74,000	31,245
St. Paul	16,500	44,300	197,000	113,400	49,900	4,300
Kansas City		751,200	61,600	147,600		
Oct. 4, 1902	481,118	8,756,653	1,703,943	3,351,744	2,851,607	263,778
Same Oct. 4, '01	530,423	8,528,121	1,608,396	3,133,544	1,699,198	290,479
Same Oct. 4, '00	484,001	6,161,275	1,983,645	3,527,818	2,000,840	162,919
Since Aug. 1.						
1902	4,385,539	75,034,805	16,640,638	45,502,311	10,378,091	2,863,350
1901	4,434,738	75,916,094	29,742,941	37,900,116	11,018,758	3,490,386
1900	4,148,456	69,122,831	35,723,148	48,590,840	8,945,980	1,106,935

The receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the week ended Oct. 4, 1902, follow:

Receipts at—	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
	Bbls. 100 lbs.	Bush. 60 lbs.	Bush. 56 lbs.	Bush. 32 lbs.	Bush. 48 lbs.	Bush. 56 lbs.
New York	163,725	1,282,900	305,550	466,500	33,750	64,550
Boston	45,093	254,138	24,505	200,817		725
Montreal	45,315	47,799	715	191,368	7,690	82,945
Philadelphia	90,415	136,104	18,617	114,157		
Baltimore	82,548	59,466	47,416	106,413		89,605
Richmond	4,830	70,609	8,788	24,248		8,230
New Orleans	10,700	124,000	87,250	69,560		
San Francisco	3,618	78,000	17,148			
San Pedro	18,393					
San Jose		631,560				
Portland, Me.	2,455	315,128		18,598		
Panama		84,000				
Quebec	2,236	113,000				
Total week	477,650	3,970,808	454,151	1,188,091	41,840	246,926
Week 1901	475,708	4,118,358	1,048,740	1,308,708	148,280	142,776

Total receipts at ports from Jan. 1 to Oct. 4 compare as follows for four years:

Receipts at—	1902.	1901.	1900.	1899.
Flour	bbls. 15,815,550	16,840,375	16,221,138	
Wheat	99,450,773	130,697,181	76,776,979	93,523,515
Corn	12,475,907	30,131,118	126,119,250	126,119,250
Oats	30,041,211	20,408,563	61,470,774	70,223,715
Barley	1,783,716	3,033,401	3,309,431	4,339,545
Rye	3,298,911	3,144,383	2,171,351	4,736,637
Total grain	150,932,230	200,080,508	264,240,909	299,283,334

The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week ending Oct. 4, 1902, are shown in the annexed statement:

Exports from—	Wheat.	Corn.	Flour.	Oats.	Rye.	Peas.	Barley.
	Bush. 60 lbs.	Bush. 56 lbs.	Bbls. 100 lbs.	Bush. 32 lbs.	Bush. 48 lbs.	Bush. 56 lbs.	Bush. 56 lbs.
New York	574,654	106,130	131,993	256,115	159,365	4,415	5,901
Boston	139,556		1,850	17,067			
Portland, Me.	318,138		2,435	18,598		561	
Philadelphia	113,000		30,143				
Baltimore	90,984	1,000	99,136		90,000		
New Orleans	292,000	990	29,877	130			
San Francisco			15,893				
San Jose	75,000	17,148	8,613				
San Pedro	459,881	36,094	10,185	159,898	123,438	10,748	18,778
San Jose	215,000		15,404				
Panama	21,000						
Quebec	112,000		2,280				
Total week	2,054,597	180,900	308,994	459,385	342,701	18,955	23,737
Same time '01	2,384,083	661,678	367,767	529,785	390,798	18,903	23,737

The destination of these exports for the week and since July 1, 1901, is as below:

Exports for week and since July 1, 1901.	Flour.		Wheat.		Corn.	
	Week.	Since July 1, 1901.	Week.	Since July 1, 1901.	Week.	Since July 1, 1901.
Sept. 1 to—						
United Kingdom	121,919	3,761,640	2,049,809	24,120,376	41,609	204,794
Continents	60,449	661,917	1,514,588	20,849,789	84,436	303,898
U. S. & C. America	11,448	281,063			2,946	83,993
West Indies	23,838	348,608	250		5,514	150,550
U. S. & C. America	1,745	44,895			7,650	23,523
Other countries	567	305,104			1,572	47,895
Total	308,994	4,806,876	3,594,597	44,760,498	150,909	570,614
Total 1901-02	307,767	4,324,644	3,203,638	39,916,597	691,918	18,559,514

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, Oct. 4, 1902, was as follows:

	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Rye, bush.	Barley, bush.
At New York—					
New York.....	1,221,000	181,000	1,636,000	24,000	5,000
Do do.....	116,000				
Boston.....	541,000	11,000	125,000		
Philadelphia.....	583,000	1,000	197,000	14,000	
Baltimore.....	752,000	10,000	450,000	184,000	
New Orleans.....	418,000				
Galveston.....	708,000				
Montreal.....	117,000	28,000	312,000	10,000	10,000
Winnipeg.....	31,000				
Buffalo.....	522,000	388,000	316,000	14,000	81,000
Do do.....					
Chicago.....	1,128,000	120,000	1,804,000	58,000	1,000
Do do.....					
St. Louis.....	450,000	14,000	228,000	98,000	4,000
Do do.....					
Chicago.....	5,233,000	1,009,000	1,092,000	199,000	
Do do.....					
Milwaukee.....	61,000	7,000	117,000	9,000	128,000
Do do.....					
St. Paul.....	1,116,000	1,000	892,000	128,000	1,311,000
Do do.....					
Minneapolis.....	1,591,000	2,000	1,016,000	30,000	448,000
St. Louis.....	4,128,000	12,000	56,000	54,000	
Do do.....					
Kansas City.....	1,238,000				
Do do.....					
Peoria.....	752,000	33,000	321,000	64,000	
Indianapolis.....	508,000	41,000	17,000		
On Mississippi River.....	1,798,000	630,000		116,000	602,000
On Lake Erie.....	658,000	93,000	144,000	134,000	514,000
On canal and river.....					
Total Oct. 4, 1902.....	25,384,000	3,075,000	8,344,000	1,154,000	2,767,000
Total Sept. 27, 1902.....	24,843,000	2,048,000	7,733,000	990,000	1,718,000
Total Oct. 1, 1901.....	27,474,000	14,028,000	8,888,000	1,800,000	1,994,000
Total Oct. 6, 1900.....	25,401,000	7,897,000	12,043,000	935,000	1,028,000
Total Oct. 7, 1899.....	44,215,000	14,750,000	6,892,000	806,000	1,731,000

New York City Clearing House Banks.—Statement of condition for the week ending Oct. 4, based on average of daily results. We omit two ciphers (00) in all cases.

BANKS.	Capital.	Surplus.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	Deposits.	Re-serve.
Bank of N. Y.	\$2,000,000	\$2,369,100	\$16,195,000	\$2,455,000	\$1,490,000	\$15,007,000	\$82,000
Manhattan Co.	2,000,000	2,284,200	11,748,000	4,899,000	2,096,000	25,143,000	285,000
Mechanics'	2,000,000	1,258,500	11,704,500	1,858,500	1,553,500	19,913,500	285,000
America	1,500,000	2,276,700	19,893,400	2,904,100	2,508,900	31,423,500	257,000
Phoenix	1,000,000	287,000	4,930,000	1,075,000	248,000	4,918,000	368,000
City	25,000,000	15,358,100	125,528,000	22,395,000	5,415,000	109,780,000	362,000
Chemical	500,000	7,340,100	32,728,000	4,059,900	1,574,000	11,532,000	240,000
Mechanics' Bk.	500,000	285,400	5,160,700	915,800	478,400	5,461,000	355,000
Gallatin	1,000,000	2,147,300	8,563,600	998,900	792,500	6,431,800	378,000
Bank & Drovers'	300,000	89,300	1,711,300	495,900	42,200	2,047,600	344,000
Moeh & Traders	450,000	1,197,000	5,941,000	278,000	3,443,000	5,183,000	375,000
Greenwich	300,000	127,700	1,190,700	123,500	135,400	1,532,000	275,000
Leather Mfrs.	500,000	535,100	1,146,300	3,455,100	319,500	6,562,000	407,000
Seventh Nation's	1,700,000	161,000	8,470,000	1,647,000	343,400	8,841,800	260,000
American Exch.	5,000,000	8,761,000	28,338,000	5,493,000	1,502,000	20,789,000	354,000
Commerce	10,000,000	1,434,100	12,193,300	1,193,300	4,485,900	25,536,000	375,000
Broadway	1,000,000	1,892,700	6,964,400	1,119,400	150,600	5,584,700	316,000
Mercantile	1,000,000	1,429,200	13,535,200	2,149,200	1,379,500	14,157,700	249,000
Pacific	422,700	550,800	3,091,000	405,000	415,100	3,765,900	318,000
Union	1,500,000	1,034,400	5,577,000	1,397,000	776,300	7,701,700	375,000
People's	300,000	285,500	2,370,500	178,500	437,200	2,705,200	327,000
North America	2,000,000	1,977,900	14,197,200	2,220,400	1,153,900	12,918,600	361,000
Manover	2,000,000	8,908,900	45,887,000	9,945,000	6,943,800	50,895,700	374,000
Irving	1,000,000	1,000,700	5,644,000	578,100	512,200	4,895,000	348,000
Chinamen's	500,000	601,800	1,187,800	1,187,800	371,500	6,329,000	374,000
Market & Fulton	900,000	1,049,100	6,339,900	925,900	689,900	6,528,000	344,000
Shoe & Leather	1,000,000	271,800	4,013,800	443,200	233,900	4,559,900	255,000
Corn Exchange	3,000,000	2,176,000	23,704,000	2,457,000	3,395,000	26,350,000	341,000
Oriental	300,000	407,300	1,786,300	301,800	345,500	1,774,900	308,000
Imp'ts & Trad.	1,500,000	6,277,600	31,994,000	3,805,000	1,159,000	19,351,000	324,000
Park	2,000,000	4,511,400	10,121,000	10,349,000	3,309,000	58,902,000	320,000
East River	350,000	250,000	1,151,000	1,151,000	1,151,000	1,151,000	285,000
Fourth	2,000,000	7,710,400	12,939,000	2,058,500	2,328,100	19,327,000	374,000
Central	1,000,000	677,700	9,786,000	1,807,000	988,000	12,148,000	320,000
Second	300,000	1,205,500	9,512,000	1,531,000	1,076,000	10,314,000	253,000
First	10,000,000	12,319,000	74,987,000	13,708,000	1,951,100	65,834,000	238,000
N.Y. Nat'l Exch.	1,000,000	2,168,700	23,704,000	2,457,000	3,395,000	26,350,000	341,000
Bowry	250,000	776,500	2,548,000	243,000	355,000	2,127,000	190,000
N. Y. County	300,000	608,400	3,955,100	785,000	392,400	4,877,000	241,000
German Amerl.	750,000	431,900	3,974,500	785,900	219,200	4,012,000	250,000
Chase	1,000,000	2,168,700	23,704,000	2,457,000	3,395,000	26,350,000	341,000
Fifth Avenue	300,000	1,570,900	9,008,700	2,523,600	1,554,000	9,975,000	368,000
German Exch.	300,000	628,500	2,106,400	410,900	583,900	2,779,000	295,000
Germania	300,000	964,800	2,106,400	410,900	583,900	2,779,000	295,000
Lincoln	300,000	1,168,500	11,841,500	651,300	2,860,500	12,906,000	301,000
Sanfield	1,000,000	1,329,300	1,767,300	1,767,300	1,767,300	7,367,300	374,000
Bank of Metrop.	1,000,000	1,377,000	8,729,000	1,082,900	478,000	9,918,600	230,000
West Side	300,000	470,700	3,105,000	452,000	286,000	3,826,000	251,000
Seaboard	800,000	1,167,000	10,439,000	1,439,000	1,439,000	12,439,000	277,000
Western	300,000	3,198,000	9,757,900	7,743,000	8,245,000	42,875,000	256,000
1st Nat. B'k'g.	300,000	550,600	4,419,000	499,000	645,000	4,830,000	247,000
Island	300,000	892,200	7,230,500	1,109,500	360,700	6,999,000	210,000
N. Y. Prod. Ex.	1,000,000	470,200	4,160,500	765,100	309,700	4,550,700	292,000
New Amsterdam	300,000	634,700	7,101,000	1,247,000	425,200	7,930,700	219,000
United States	500,000	478,200	4,241,000	774,000	355,000	4,195,000	345,000
Total	100,872,700	100,441,972	872,503,700	151,269,685	59,593,879	1,170,000	202,000

New York City, Boston & Philadelphia Banks.—Below we furnish a summary of the weekly returns of the Clearing House Banks of New York City, Boston and Philadelphia.

BANKS.	Capital & Surplus.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	Deposits.	Clearings.
N. Y. City	\$14,509,800	\$99,498,900	\$15,775,700	\$7,132,100	\$908,789,300	\$4,287,500
Boston	216,543,800	887,534,400	150,000,700	70,508,400	888,871,000	34,761,800
Phila.	218,240,600	874,181,000	151,299,000	70,508,400	888,871,000	34,761,800
Total	448,294,200	1,761,214,300	306,975,400	148,148,900	1,688,431,300	73,810,100
Oct. 4	218,240,600	874,181,000	151,299,000	70,508,400	888,871,000	34,761,800
Oct. 20	52,822,000	188,643,000	15,827,000	6,184,000	207,522,000	5,829,000
Oct. 27	52,822,000	188,643,000	15,827,000	6,184,000	207,522,000	5,829,000
Oct. 4	52,822,000	188,643,000	15,827,000	6,184,000	207,522,000	5,829,000
Oct. 20	44,764,000	188,643,000	15,827,000	6,184,000	207,522,000	5,829,000
Oct. 27	44,764,000	188,643,000	15,827,000	6,184,000	207,522,000	5,829,000
Oct. 4	44,764,000	188,643,000	15,827,000	6,184,000	207,522,000	5,829,000

* We omit two ciphers in all these figures.
* Including for Boston and Philadelphia the item "due to other banks," and also Government deposits. For Boston these Government deposits amounted on Oct. 4 to \$4,791,000.

Reports of Non-Member Banks.—The following is the statement of condition of the non-member banks for the

week ending Oct. 4, based on averages of the daily result. We omit two ciphers (00) in all cases.

BANKS. (One omitted.)	Capital.	Surplus.	Loans & Investments.	Specie.	Legals & Bk. Notes.	Deposits, with Clearing Agent.	Other Eas. Ac.	Res.
NEW YORK CITY. <i>Borough of Manhattan.</i>								
Colonial.....	100,000	170,200	202,100	44,300	140,000	152,900	150,000	220,100
Columbia.....	300,000	253,700	322,500	154,000	100,000	256,000	200,000	191,700
Fourth Street.....	100,000	95,800	171,900	53,000	52,300	217,000	181,700	181,700
Manhattan.....	300,000	49,800	184,700	30,900	115,100	85,300	104,700	104,700
Hamilton.....	200,000	107,700	185,900	124,300	108,700	78,900	5,000	195,700
Mount Morris.....	250,000	94,600	240,200	145,500	95,800	215,300	82,900	261,100
Mutual.....	300,000	177,400	208,400	39,400	123,500	115,600	200,000	200,000
Twentieth Ward.....	300,000	275,900	163,500	29,600	120,900	277,000	131,400	200,000
Twentieth Ward.....	100,000	227,500	279,000	119,000	215,000	83,000		200,000
Twentieth Ward.....	100,000	102,800	101,800	18,000	63,300	101,000	100,000	100,000
Twentieth Ward.....	100,000	388,900	224,800	892,000	145,000	141,000	240,000	240,000
Twelfth Ward.....	300,000	74,700	170,000	80,000	155,000	123,000	200,000	200,000
Twentieth Ward.....	100,000	51,100	120,800	24,900	15,800	91,600	29,000	29,000
Twentieth Ward.....	100,000	261,500	164,300	35,300	125,600	139,700	1,000	1,000
Washington.....	100,000	46,000	76,000	13,300	51,300	88,800	124,700	124,700
Fidelity.....	300,000	108,500	82,700	10,800	37,100	59,900	61,000	61,000
Fidelity.....	100,000	60,500	72,500	2,500	32,300	38,300		
Twentieth Ward.....	300,000	62,000	139,000	11,600	123,300	5,000	139,000	139,000
Century.....	100,000	69,700	237,000	3,100	11,300	30,000	141,000	141,000
Washington Heights	100,000	103,900	431,100	8,300	14,000	44,200	200,000	200,000
United National.....	100,000	218,400	220,600	190,000	34,500	32,500	135,700	135,700
Borough of Brooklyn.								
Brooklyn.....	150,000	137,200	151,300	12,900	105,100	109,300	111,800	101,600
Brooklyn.....	100,000	201,200	174,600	12,500	161,000	175,300	191,000	191,000
Brooklyn.....	300,000	185,400	147,000	81,400	44,000	138,000	70,800	142,000
Eighth Ward.....	100,000	17,700	317,600	8,200	49,400	45,700	31,700	385,000
Twentieth Ward.....	100,000	100,000	75,000	3,000	39,500	75,000	10,000	10,000
Manufacturers.....	250,000	488,000	302,300	321,900	91,800	404,400	84,200	84,200
Mechanics.....	300,000	381,900	419,100	232,800	168,900	335,700	200,000	454,900
Merchants.....	100,000	29,800	88,700	8,900	53,800	59,500	94,200	94,200
Nassau National.....	300,000	631,500	402,000	119,000	270,000	185,500	27,000	403,000
Nassau National.....	300,000	559,700	209,100	122,000	208,000	277,000	62,000	403,000
North Side.....	100,000	155,500	98,000	10,800	60,800	44,400	39,300	39,300
Peoples.....	100,000	144,100	128,000	35,400	84,700	44,400	132,000	132,000
Seventeenth Ward.....	100,000	75,800	108,900	9,600	43,300	81,300	42,400	42,400
Twenty-Ninth Ward.....	100,000	110,800	88,900	12,400	58,000	104,400	104,400	104,400
Twentieth Ward.....	300,000	59,000	596,900	12,400	64,500	95,600	6,000	6,000
Union.....	300,000	120,100	138,900	38,200	72,400	64,100	1,370,000	1,370,000
Wallabout.....	100,000	65,700	83,200	37,500	29,500	68,100	89,000	89,000
Borough of Richmond.								
Bank of Staten Isl	250,000	76,100	555,100	14,700	18,900	85,000	7,000	597,000
St. Nat. Staten Isl	100,000	100,000	740,200	41,300	100,000	104,400		753,000
Other Cities.								
1st Nat. Jer. City.	400,000	996,800	429,500	270,600	278,600	1216,700	1081,600	712,500
Ind. Co. Nat. J. C.	500,000	518,200	590,600	60,600	62,200	595,000	587,000	510,000
2d Nat. Jer. City.	300,000	121,800	117,200	11,000	27,300	310,000	310,000	310,000
3d Nat. Jer. City.	200,000	259,800	135,700	40,600	61,300	228,900	214,000	129,400
1st Nat. Hoboken.	110,000	493,600	222,900	111,200	24,100	140,000	18,000	137,400
2d Nat. Hoboken.	125,000	130,000	106,200	30,700	26,200	220,000	17,000	100,700
Totals Oct.	8,612,000	9,948,700	7,993,600	3,399,800	4,008,700	72,009,200	35,559,500	33,851,100
Totals Sept. 27.	8,612,000	9,442,700	7,808,900	3,328,900	4,124,900	76,428,200	33,123,500	32,064,500
Totals Sept. 30.	8,612,000	9,938,500	7,903,700	3,446,600	4,059,600	72,747,500	35,257,500	33,767,500

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DIVIDENDS.

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable	Books Closed. (Days Inclusive.)
Railroads (Steam).			
Cin. Ham. & Dayton, pref. A. & B. (qu.)	1	Oct 7	Sep 21 to Oct 7
Dayton & Michigan, com. guar.	1 1/2	Oct 1	Sep 21 to Oct 7
do do pref. guar. (quar.)	2	Oct 7	Sep 21 to Oct 7
Southern, pref.	3 1/2	Oct 31	Oct 21 to Oct 31
Street Railways.			
Central Traction, Pittsburg	1 1/2	Oct 31	Holders of rec. Oct 20
Cin. Newport & Cov. Light & Traction	1	Oct 15	Oct 7 to Oct 14
Cen'd. Traction, Pittsburg, pref.	1	Nov 1	Holders of rec. Oct 20
Dequene Traction, Pittsburg	2	Oct 31	Holders of rec. Oct 20
Geary street, Park & Ocean (San Fran.)	50c.	Oct 1	
Pittsburg Traction	3 1/2	Oct 31	Holders of rec. Oct 20
Miscellaneous.			
Amer. Car & Foundry, com. (quar.)	1 1/2	Nov 1	Oct 11 to Nov 2
do do pref. (quar.)	1 1/2	Nov 1	Oct 11 to Nov 2
American Shipbuilding, com. (quar.)	1	Dec 1	Nov 19 to Dec 1
do do pref. (quar.)	1 1/2	Oct 15	Oct 7 to Oct 15
American Window Glass, com. (quar.)	1 1/2	Oct 15	Holders of rec. Oct 8
Bell Telephone, Philadelphia (quar.)	1 1/2	Oct 25	Oct 19 to Oct 25
Harbison Walker Refractories, pf. (qu.)	1 1/2	Oct 20	Holders of rec. Oct 10
Pacific Coast, com. (quar.)	1 1/2	Nov 1	Oct 17 to Nov 1
do do 1st pref. (quar.)	1 1/2	Nov 1	Oct 17 to Nov 1
do do 2d pref. (quar.)	1 1/2	Nov 1	Oct 17 to Nov 1
Pittsburg Coal, pref. (quar.)	1 1/2	Oct 25	Oct 15 to Oct 25
Railway Equip. Corp. (monthly)	1 1/2	Oct 15	
United States Steel Corp., com. (quar.)	1	Dec 30	Dec 10 to Dec 30
do do pref. (quar.)	1 1/2	Nov 15	Oct 22 to Nov 15

WALL STREET, FRIDAY, OCT. 10, 1902.—5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation.—Under conditions that have been dominant for some time past, the security markets have continued extremely sensitive and irregular this week. Saturday's bank statement was not as favorable as had been hoped for, and a considerable portion of the call loan negotiated have been at or near a 10-per cent rate, with 12 and 15 per cent the maximum. Time-loan rates have also ruled high, notwithstanding Secretary Shaw's efforts to relieve the situation.

Rumors that a settlement of the coal strike is impending have been freely circulated during the past two or three days, these rumors imparting a degree of strength to the anthracite coal stocks and indirectly to the entire market.

The matters referred to above are by far the most important factors in the general situation, and until both are in a more satisfactory condition it is hardly to be expected that affairs in Wall Street will assume a normal condition.

The open market rates for call loans on the Stock Exchange during the week on stock and bond collaterals have ranged from 3 to 16 per cent. To-day's rates on call were 4 to 16 per cent. Prime commercial paper nominally 6 per cent.

The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed a decrease in bullion of £1,124,217, and the percentage of reserve to liabilities was 43.38, against 44.63 last week, the discount rate remaining unchanged at 4 per cent. The Bank of France shows a decrease of 13,000,000 francs in gold and 4,235,000 francs in silver.

Contrary to general expectations, in view of the decision of the Secretary of the U. S. Treasury not to require the banks hereafter to hold any cash reserve against Government deposits secured by U. S. bonds, the Clearing-House bank statement last Saturday was issued in its usual form. That is, no separation was attempted between the ordinary deposits and the Government deposits. A line was added, however, at the end, saying that the aggregate of United States deposits reported was \$40,769,300. Calculated in the customary way, there was a surplus reserve of \$1,819,300, a decrease of \$1,417,425 from the previous week.

	1902 Oct. 4	Differences from previous week	1901 Oct. 5	1900 Oct. 6
Capital	100,872,700	\$	81,722,700	74,922,700
Surplus	117,867,900		90,211,800	90,109,900
Loans & discounts	872,303,700	Dec 1,374,100	873,558,300	816,810,700
Circulation	35,660,900	Inc 583,000	30,611,100	30,110,800
Net deposits	872,176,000	Dec 4,343,100	943,553,100	877,210,900
Specie	181,269,900	Dec 710,000	180,354,600	163,404,100
Legal tenders	68,693,300	Dec 1,792,300	71,086,700	62,140,500
Reserve held	219,983,200	Dec 2,503,200	251,448,300	235,544,800
20 p. c. of deposits	218,644,000	Dec 1,088,775	235,888,375	219,302,700
Surplus reserve	1,819,200	Dec 1,417,425	15,560,025	6,241,900

NOTE.—Returns of separate banks appear on page 776.

Foreign Exchange.—The foreign exchange market has been dull and irregular, but generally weak under a limited demand for bills.

To-day's actual rates of exchange were as follows: Bankers' sixty day sterling, 4 83/4 @ 4 83/5; demand, 4 85/8 @ 4 86; cables, 4 86/40 @ 4 8650; prime commercial, sixty days, 4 82 1/2 @ 4 83; documentary commercial, sixty days, 4 83 @ 4 83; grain for payment, 4 82 1/2 @ 4 83; cotton for payment, 4 82 @ 4 83 1/2; cotton for acceptance, 4 82 1/2 @ 4 82 1/2.

Posted rates of leading bankers follow:

October 10	Sixty Days	Demand
Prime bankers' sterling bills on London	4 84	4 87 @ 4 87 1/2
Prime commercial	4 82 1/2 @ 4 83	
Documentary commercial	4 83 @ 4 83 1/2	
Paris bankers' (France)	5 20 1/2 @ 5 20	5 17 1/2 @ 5 17 1/2
Amsterdam (guilder) bankers	39 1/2 @ 39 1/2	40 1/2 @ 40 1/2
Frankfurt or Bremen (reichsmarks) bankers	94 1/2 @ 94 1/2	94 1/2 @ 95

* Loss 1 1/2.

The following were the rates of domestic exchange on New York at the under-mentioned cities to-day: Savannah, buying 75c. discount, selling 75c. premium; Charleston, buying 1-16 discount, selling 1-16 premium; New Orleans,

bank. par; commercial, \$1 25 discount; Chicago, 10c. per \$1,000 discount; St. Louis, 15 @ 25c. per \$1,000 discount; San Francisco, 2 1/2 c. per \$100 premium.

United States Bonds.—Sales of Government bonds at the Board include \$16,000 3s, coup., at 103 1/4 to 103 1/2; \$3,000 3s, reg., at 107 1/2; \$10,000 4s, coup., 1925, at 117 1/2; \$56,000 4s, coup., 1907, at 111 to 111 1/2; \$5,000 4s, reg., 1907, at 111 1/2, and \$7,000 5s, coup., at 105 1/4 to 105 1/2. The following are closing quotations: for yearly range see third page following.

	Interest Periods	Oct. 4	Oct. 6	Oct. 7	Oct. 8	Oct. 9	Oct. 10
2s, 1880.....registered	Q-Jan	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2
2s, 1880.....coupon	Q-Jan	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2
2s, 1880 small.....registered	Q-Feb	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
2s, 1880 small.....coupon	Q-Feb	108	108	108	108	108	108
3s, 1918.....registered	Q-Feb	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
3s, 1918 small.....registered	Q-Jan	110 1/2	110 1/2	110 1/2	111	111 1/2	111 1/2
4s, 1907.....registered	Q-Jan	110 1/2	110 1/2	110 1/2	111	111 1/2	111 1/2
4s, 1907 small.....registered	Q-Feb	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2
4s, 1925.....registered	Q-Feb	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2
5s, 1904.....registered	Q-Feb	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2
5s, 1904 small.....registered	Q-Feb	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2

*This is the price bid at the morning board; no sale was made.

State and Railroad Bonds.—Sales of State bonds at the Board include \$5,000 Tennessee settlement 8s at 95 1/2 and \$67,000 Virginia 6s deferred trust receipts at 13 1/4 to 14 1/4.

The railway bond market has been generally weak in sympathy with other departments. The volume of business fluctuated widely from day to day, averaging somewhat lower than of late. The records show limited transfers of high-grade issues.

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.—The stock market suffered another severe relapse during the early part of the week. On Tuesday quotations were in many cases below the lowest reported last week and, as has frequently been the case of late, many high-grade issues were seriously affected by the movement, being carried down from 5 to 9 points, but these stocks quickly reacted again when the tone of the market became firmer, as it did on Wednesday. On Thursday the market was strong, but to-day it has been weak and exceptionally dull.

The anthracite coal shares were firm in anticipation of an early settlement of the coal miners' strike, and the Southern group has been relatively strong throughout the week on the closer relations now existing. Otherwise there has been almost no exception to the general trend of the market.

The express stocks and copper shares have been weak features of the industrial list. United States Steel issues were relatively steady, the common closing only fractionally lower than last week. American Sugar Refining fluctuated rather widely and closes with a net loss of 4 1/2 points.

For daily volume of business see page 786.

The following sales have occurred this week of shares not represented in our detailed list on the pages which follow.

STOCKS	Sales for Week Ending Oct. 10	Range for Week	Range Since Jan. 1
Amer Tobacco, pref.	100	148 1/2 Oct 6 148 1/2 Oct 6	140 Jan 1 151 1/2 Mar 3 1/2
Balt. & Ohio rights	33,198	1 1/2 Oct 7 1 1/2 Oct 7	1 1/2 Oct 7 1 1/2 Oct 7
Butterick Co.	800	50 Oct 7 51 Oct 4	41 Jan 6 53 Sep
Canadian Pac sub 3d pd	700	132 Oct 6 134 Oct 6	132 Oct 144 Sep
General Chemical	100	63 1/2 Oct 6 63 1/2 Oct 6	63 1/2 July 67 1/2 May
Preferred	100	102 Oct 9 102 Oct 9	98 1/2 Jan 108 Sep
Illinois Central rights	34,072	9 1/4 Oct 6 10 1/4 Oct 4	9 1/4 Oct 12 1/2 Sep
New York Dock	112	24 1/2 Oct 7 24 1/2 Oct 7	12 Feb 28 Apr
Preferred	150	62 1/2 Oct 4 62 1/2 Oct 4	39 1/2 Feb 64 Sep
Quicksilver Mining	200	2 Oct 8 2 Oct 8	2 Oct 2 Oct 8
Southern, stamped	200	37 1/2 Oct 10 37 1/2 Oct 10	37 1/2 Oct 37 1/2 Oct
Preferred, stamped	900	95 1/2 Oct 10 96 Oct 10	96 Oct 96 Oct
Standard Mining	100	3 50 Oct 10 3 50 Oct 10	3 25 Feb 4 00 July
Vulcan Detinning	800	32 Oct 8 32 1/2 Oct 9	32 Oct 32 Oct
Preferred	200	80 Oct 7 81 Oct 9	80 Oct 81 Oct

Outside Market.—Apart from the railroad securities, this week's outside market was confined to very narrow limits, and a reactionary tendency was apparent until late in the week, when, in response to the strength on the Stock Exchange, a general improvement in prices followed. Northern Securities was foremost in demand, but sold down from 110 1/2 to 107 1/2, rallying later to 110 1/2, and closing at 109, while Rock Island ranked second, the common sagging from 58 1/2 to 55 1/2 and the preferred from 84 to 82, both recovering subsequently to 57 and 84 1/2, final figures being 56 1/2 and 83, respectively. The bonds moved between 89 1/2 and 87 1/2. San Francisco brought 22 1/2 @ 22 1/2 for common and 61 1/2 @ 60 for preferred. Liquidation in United States Realty was unusually heavy, and the common was forced down from 34 1/2 to 30 and the preferred from 77 1/2 to 73 1/2. To-day's close shows an improvement, the figures being 31 1/2 and 74. Moderate inquiry was shown for Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke, which also sold down from 37 to 34 1/2, rising again to 36 1/2 and closing at 37. The bond ranged between 77 1/2 and 75 1/2. A lot of International Salt was sold on Thursday at 12 1/2 @ 10 1/2, and Electric Lead reduction was in good demand at 3 1/2 @ 3, and 3 1/2 @ 4 1/2 for common and preferred respectively. Bamberger de Lamar was bought freely at 10 1/2 @ 11. American Writing Paper was active, the common selling at 6 1/2 @ 5 1/2 and the preferred at 24 1/2 @ 23 1/2, while National Enamel common, after prolonged inactivity, jumped from 39 to 41 1/2 on good buying, reacting later, however, to 39. The preferred was dull at 89 1/2. Greene Consolidated Copper found a ready market at 26 @ 25 1/2 and British Columbia realized 5 1/2 @ 6 1/2, while Montreal & Boston was largely inquired after at 2 1/2 @ 2 1/2.

Outside quotations will be found on page 786.

New York Stock Exchange—Stock Record, Daily, Weekly and Yearly

CONTINUING TWO PAGES

STOCKS—HIGHEST AND LOWEST SALE PRICES

Saturday Oct. 4	Monday Oct. 6	Tuesday Oct. 7	Wednesday Oct. 8	Thursday Oct. 9	Friday Oct. 10
34 34	40 43	40 42	39 40	38 41	39 41
71 71	70 70	69 70	69 71	69 71	69 71
88 89	88 88	85 87	87 87	87 88	87 88
100 101	99 100	99 100	99 100	99 100	99 100
103 104	104 106	103 105	104 105	105 106	104 105
83 85	83 85	83 85	84 85	84 85	84 85
64 64	62 64	61 63	62 63	62 63	62 63
121 126	121 126	121 126	121 126	121 126	121 126
135 137	131 136	131 134	132 133	134 135	133 134
176 180	175 175	177 177	170 174	177 177	177 177
50 51	49 50	49 50	48 50	48 50	48 50
86 87	86 86	84 85	84 85	85 86	85 86
74 74	73 73	72 73	72 73	73 73	73 73
214 216	214 216	214 216	215	215	215
30 30	30 30	30 30	30 30	30 30	30 30
91 91	89 91	89 91	89 91	89 91	89 91
87 88	87 87	82 87	82 87	83 88	83 88
46 46	44 46	46 46	47 47	47 47	45 46
192 194	190 194	184 190	185 189	186 187	174 177
197 198	196 196	193 193	192 198	196 196	193 193
230 235	227 231	228 231	227 227	230 231	230 231
198 202	200 200	205 205	200 200	200 202	193 196
168 168	165 165	163 163	160 167	160 167	160 167
190 195	190 193	190 196	190 196	190 202	190 202
211 211	21 21	20 21	21 21	21 21	21 21
39 39	38 39	37 38	38 38	38 39	38 39
83 83	83 83	83 83	83 83	83 83	83 83
50 50	50 50	50 50	50 50	50 50	50 50
101 102	100 102	100 101	100 101	101 101	99 101
31 31	30 31	30 31	30 31	30 31	30 31
72 72	72 72	71 72	71 71	72 72	71 71
48 48	46 48	44 45	44 45	46 47	46 47
173 174	170 172	168 171	168 171	170 172	169 170
270 275	267 267	268 268	261 265	264 269	260 263
44 44	42 43	42 43	42 43	42 43	42 43
91 91	90 91	90 91	90 91	91 92	91 91
47 50	47 47	45 48	45 48	46 46	45 45
21 21	20 21	19 20	19 20	20 20	20 20
40 41	38 40	38 40	38 40	39 40	39 40
89 90	89 89	88 89	88 89	88 89	88 89
19 19	18 19	17 17	17 17	18 18	18 18
30 30	29 30	28 29	28 29	29 29	28 29
38 39	37 38	37 38	38 38	38 39	38 39
67 68	67 67	67 67	67 67	67 67	67 67
63 63	62 63	61 62	61 62	62 62	61 62
61 61	61 61	60 61	60 61	61 61	61 61
85 90	85 90	84 88	83 87	83 87	84 87
60 60	60 60	60 60	60 60	60 60	60 60
190 195	190 195	187 187	188 188	189 189	188 189
27 27	25 27	25 26	25 26	26 26	26 27
90 95	91 94	90 91	91 91	91 94	90 92
90 90	90 90	90 90	90 90	90 90	90 90
149 151	147 149	145 148	144 147	147 148	146 147
45 45	42 45	42 43	44 44	43 44	43 43
81 81	79 79	77 79	76 78	78 79	78 79
42 42	42 43	42 43	42 43	42 43	42 43
89 89	88 89	88 89	88 89	88 89	88 89
34 34	32 33	32 33	33 33	34 34	33 33
55 55	53 54	53 54	54 54	55 55	55 55
37 37	37 37	37 37	36 36	36 36	33 37
65 70	65 70	65 70	65 70	65 70	65 70
60 65	60 60	60 60	60 60	60 60	60 60
120 130	120 130	120 130	120 125	120 126	121 121
80 84	135 139	135 138	136 137	137 139	138 137
137 139	135 135	132 134	133 135	134 135	133 134
135 137	133 135	132 134	131 133	132 133	131 132
139 140	137 139	136 138	137 138	139 140	138 139
42 42	40 42	40 41	40 41	40 41	40 41
88 92	83 92	83 92	83 92	83 92	83 92
96 96	85 92	85 92	85 92	85 92	85 92
111 112	110 111	110 111	108 109	108 109	108 109
127 127	118 127	118 127	118 125	118 125	118 125
72 73	66 72	66 72	67 69	71 74	70 74
126 124	124 124	113 122	110 119	125 126	120 124
29 30	28 29	27 28	28 29	29 29	28 29
61 61	61 61	61 61	61 61	61 61	61 61
113 116	110 113	109 112	109 111	111 112	109 110
105 105	103 103	101 105	107 108	105 105	105 105
19 19	18 18	18 19	18 19	18 19	18 19
38 38	38 38	38 38	38 38	38 38	38 38
166 166	153 165	152 164	153 164	154 165	153 164
51 51	50 50	45 49	45 47	48 48	47 48
110 120	110 120	110 121	110 121	110 121	110 121
88 93	87 89	86 88	86 88	87 89	87 89
233 233	228 230	228 230	228 230	228 230	228 230
34 34	33 34	33 34	33 34	33 34	33 34
73 74	72 74	72 74	72 73	73 74	72 73
91 93	91 91	91 91	90 93	90 92	90 92
77 77	76 76	76 76	76 76	76 76	76 76
100 106	100 106	100 106	100 106	100 106	100 106
80 85	79 80	78 80	79 80	80 80	80 80
162 163	160 162	159 161	160 162	161 162	161 162
40 45	40 45	40 41	40 40	40 41	40 41
82 83	82 82	82 82	82 82	82 82	82 82
96 100	95 96	96 96	95 96	97 97	96 99
110 124	110 124	110 120	110 120	110 120	110 120
89 94	89 94	89 94	89 94	89 94	89 94
89 90	87 89	87 89	86 89	87 89	86 89
87 87	85 87	85 86	86 86	86 87	86 87
77 77	76 77	76 76	76 77	77 78	76 78
20 22	20 22	20 22	20 22	20 22	20 22
76 77	76 76	74 77	74 76	76 76	74 74
87 89	86 86	86 87	86 87	87 88	87 87

STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE		Sales of the Week Shares	Range for Year 1902 On basis of 100-shares lots		Range for Previous Year (1901)	
			Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest
Railroads.						
Ann Arbor.....	20	33	Feb 20	48 1/2	20	Feb 34 Nov
A. Do pref.....	520	63	Jan 9	77 1/2	50	Sep 66 Dec
Atch. Topeka & Santa Fe.....	28,418	74 1/2	Jan 27	96 1/2	42 1/2	Jan 91 Jan
Baltimore & Ohio.....	84,995	101	Jan 14	118 1/2	80	Jan 114 May
Do pref.....	1,210	92 1/2	Sep 20	99	83 1/2	Feb 97 Jan
Brooklyn Rapid Transit.....	43,925	60 1/2	Feb 14	72 1/2	55	Oct 88 Apr
Buffalo Roch. & Pittsbg.....	115	Apr 4	128	Aug 26	117 1/2	Nov 88 Nov
Canadian Pacific.....	113,100	112 1/2	Jan 28	145 1/2	87	May 117 May
Canada Southern.....	500	88	Oct 7	97 1/2	84 1/2	Jan 89 Nov
Central of New Jersey.....	600	170	Oct 18	198 1/2	135 1/2	May 95 Dec
Chesapeake & Ohio.....	28,900	85	Feb 20	87 1/2	82	May 95 May
Chicago & Alton.....	16,225	33 1/2	Jan 22	45 1/2	27	May 50 Apr
Do pref.....	1,620	72	Oct 7	79	70 1/2	Jan 82 Apr
Chicago & East'n Illinois.....	134 1/2	Jan 21	220 1/2	July 30	91	Jan 140 Nov
Chicago Great Western.....	23,500	22 1/2	Jan 26	35	16	Jan 27 Nov
Do 4 p.c. debentures.....	110	90 1/2	May 5	95 1/2	90 1/2	Jan 94 Mar
Do 5 p.c. pref. "A".....	100	83 1/2	Jan 22	90 1/2	75	May 90 Jan
Do 4 p.c. pref. "B".....	1,600	104	Jan 22	51 1/2	89	May 95 Mar
Chicago M'lv. & St. Paul.....	135,160	160 1/2	Jan 27	198 1/2	134	May 188 May
Do pref.....	2,000	186	Jan 14	200 1/2	175	May 200 May
Chicago & North Western.....	4,120	204 1/2	Jan 27	219 1/2	168 1/2	Jan 215 May
Do pref.....	1,800	230	Jan 16	274 1/2	207	Jan 248 Apr
Chicago Rock Island & Pacific.....	1,142	132	Jan 16	151 1/2	116 1/2	Jan 175 Apr
Chic. St. P. Minn. & Om.	300	140	Feb 17	170 1/2	125	Mar 140 Nov
Do pref.....	195	Mar 8	210	Apr 15	180	Mar 201 Apr
Chicago Term'l Transfer.....	4,000	15 1/2	Feb 21	24 1/2	10	Jan 31 Apr
Do pref.....	5,420	30 1/2	Feb 20	44	19	Jan 38 Apr
Chicago Union Traction.....	2,200	10 1/2	Jan 8	23 1/2	12	Jan 20 May
Do pref.....	200	44 1/2	Mar 16	60	58	May 69 May
Cleve. Cin. Chic. & St. L.....	1,800	95 1/2	Jan 14	108 1/2	73	May 101 May
Do pref.....	118	Jan 21	124 1/2	Sep 2	115 1/2	Jan 124 May
Colorado & So. Pac.	6,410	14 1/2	Jan 15	35 1/2	13 1/2	Jan 18 Apr
Do 1st pf. vot. tr. cfs.....	1,458	59 1/2	Jan 15	79 1/2	40	Jan 60 Dec
Do 2d pf. vot. tr. cfs.....	3,500	28	Jan 14	53 1/2	16 1/2	Jan 28 Apr
Delaware & Hudson.....	9,352	168	Oct 7	184 1/2	105	Jan 185 Apr
Delaw. Lack. & West'n.....	3,825	263	Jan 20	267 1/2	240	Jan 275 Apr
Do pref.....	7,148	31	Apr 7	51 1/2	29	Jan 63 May
Des Moines & Ft. Dodge.....	6,500	88 1/2	May 19	96 1/2	80	Jan 109 Apr
Do pref.....	800	39	Feb 1	53 1/2	18	Jan 45 Apr
Detroit South. vot. tr. cfs.....	5,420	13	Feb 3	25	10	Jan 38 Apr
Do pref.....	7,488	38	Feb 24	48 1/2	36	Dec 40 Dec
Detroit United.....	990	75	June 2	97	75	Oct 82 Aug
Duquoin So. Shore & Atl.....	3,548	10	Jan 15	24	4 1/2	Feb 12 Apr
Do pref.....	2,354	18 1/2	Jan 14	35 1/2	14	Jan 28 Apr
Erie.....	106,045	158 1/2	May 18	44 1/2	24	May 45 Apr
Do 1st pref.....	7,685	68 1/2	May 19	75 1/2	59 1/2	Jan 75 Dec
Do 2d pref.....	4,600	61	May 17	63 1/2	39 1/2	Jan 62 Dec
Evanston & Terre Haute.....	1,885	50	Mar 26	74 1/2	41	Jan 95 Apr
Do pref.....	82	Mar 29	104 1/2	Feb 27	77	Jan 96 Apr
Ft. Worth & Den. C. stmp.	419	30	Jan 2	66	17	Jan 36 Apr
Great Northern pref.....	1,500	18 1/2	Mar 5	20 1/2	16 1/2	May 208 Mar
Green Bay & W. deb. ctf. A.....	16	70	Jan 11	90	65	Jan 67 Feb
Do deb. ctf. B.....	1,294	9	Jan 8	29 1/2	8	Jan 29 Apr
Hocking Valley.....	2,000	61	Jan 15	106	40 1/2	May 75 Dec
Illinois Central.....	700	81 1/2	Jan 14	97 1/2	69 1/2	Jan 88 Dec
Iowa Central.....	30,108	137	Jan 14	173 1/2	124	May 154 Apr
Do pref.....	8,150	37 1/2	Jan 15	61 1/2	38	Jan 87 Apr
K.C. & M. tr. cfs. pfd.....	8,500	71	Jan 14	90	68	Jan 87 July
Do pref.....	1,375	78 1/2	Jan 25	50 1/2	21	Jan 41 Dec
Kansas City So. vot. tr.	4,250	19	Jan 15	39	13 1/2	Jan 25 Apr
Do pref. vot. tr. cfs.....	3,000	44	Jan 14	62 1/2	34	Jan 57 Apr
Keokuk & Des Moines.....	700	13	Jan 15	41	5 1/2	Jan 18 Oct
Do pref.....	2,000	68	Jan 2	68 1/2	24	Jan 45 Sep
Lake Erie & Western.....	850	65 1/2	Oct 8	71 1/2	39 1/2	Jan 76 Nov
Lake Erie pref.....	900	120	Oct 18	138	107	Jan 85 Sep
L. Shore & Mich. South'n.....	325	Apr 7	340	Apr 25	320	Apr 355 Nov
Lehigh Valley.....	27	Jan 15	91 1/2	May 2	67	Jan 90 Dec
Louisville & Nashville.....	60,950	102 1/2	Jan 27	159 1/2	79	May 111 Apr
Manhattan Elevated.....	119,265	128	Mar 12	140 1/2	83	May 148 Dec
Metrop. Secur. sub. rec.....	1,600	109 1/2	May 12	134 1/2	107	Jan 127 Apr
Metropolitan Street.....	15,900	185 1/2	Oct 7	174	150	May 177 Jan
Mex. West Side (C).....	100	Feb 6	43	Jan 6	27	Jan 41 Nov
Do pref.....	89	Mar 3	91 1/2	Mar 22	79 1/2	Jan 85 Sep
Mexican Central.....	7,150	25	Oct 7	31 1/2	24	Jan 85 Sep
Michigan Central.....	1150	Mar 7	192	Apr 29	107 1/2	May 180 Nov
Minneapolis & St. Louis.....	700	105	Jan 27	119 1/2	67 1/2	Jan 111 Apr
Do pref.....	118 1/2	Jan 25	127 1/2	Apr 28	101	Jan 124 Oct
Minn. & St. P. & S. Marie.....	2,800	18 1/2	Jan 14	29 1/2	15	Jan 28 Apr
Do pref.....	5,040	90	Jan 14	139	49	Apr 94 Nov
Mo. Kansas & Texas.....	11,510	24	Mar 5	35 1/2	15	Jan 38 Apr
Do pref.....	12,000	51	Jan 13	69 1/2	37	May 68 Apr
Missouri Pacific.....	176,038	90 1/2	Mar 11	125 1/2	69	Jan 124 Apr
N. Y. & N. H. & H.	5,800	14 1/2	Jan 15	21 1/2	6 1/2	Jan 15 Oct
Do pref. vot. tr. cfs.....	2,100	37 1/2	Sep 23	45 1/2	Mar 18	
N. Y. Central & Hudson.....	28,700	152	Oct 7	168 1/2	130 1/2	Jan 174 Nov
Do pref.....	2,400	117 1/2	May 21	124 1/2	97	Mar 120 Sep
Do 2d pref.....	1,500	84	Feb 4	100	47	Mar 95 Sep
N. Y. N. Haven & Hartf.	4,541	209	Jan 30	255	Apr 28	200 1/2
N. Y. & Ontario & Western.....	49	50 1/2	Mar 11	78 1/2	44	May 84 Apr
Norfolk & Western.....	71,000	50	Feb 1	78 1/2	48	Jan 61 Apr
Do adjustment, pref.....	230	90	Feb 21	98 1/2	82	Feb 92 Nov
Pacific Coast Co.....	4,500	67 1/2	Jan 23	81 1/2	52	Feb 78 Dec
Do 1st pref.....	100	Jan 6	100	Mar 25	89	Feb 103 Dec
Do 2d pref.....	77 1/2	Jan 6	100	Mar 25	89	Feb 103 Dec
Pennsylvania.....	208,623	147	Jan 14	170	137	May 161 Apr
Peoria & Eastern.....	600	39	Jan 8	47 1/2	14 1/2	Jan 50 Sep
Pere Marquette.....	500	71	Feb 18	85 1/2	33 1/2	Jan 84 Nov
Do pref.....	950	80 1/2	Jan 7	105 1/2	57	Jan 81 Dec
Pittsbg. & Ches. & St. L.....	10	Mar 25	128	May 14	88	Jan 113 Dec
R.R. Securities, "A" cfs.....	10	93	Oct 1	96 1/2	May 15	
Reading, vot'g tr. cfs.....	358,470	52 1/2	Mar 18	78 1/2	38 1/2	Jan 82 Dec
Do 1st pref.....	100	60	Jan 14	80 1/2	38	Jan 84 Apr
Do 2d pref. vot'g tr. cfs.....	19,800	60	Jan 14	80 1/2	38	Jan 84 Apr
Rutland.....	200	68	Oct 10	125	Apr 29	Nov 112 Nov
St. Joseph & Grand Island.....	400	12	Jan 14	24 1/2	Apr 29	7 1/2
St. Louis & San Fran.....	1,000	62	Jan 14	78 1/2	50	Oct 85 Apr
Do 2d pref.....	1,100	27	Jan 7	42	22	Dec 36 Apr
St. Law. & Adirondack.....	50	May 18	141 1/2	Feb 17	57	Jan 134 Dec

STOCKS—HIGHEST AND LOWEST SALE PRICES

[illegible]

BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES—BROKERS' QUOTATIONS

Banks	Bids	Asks	Banks	Bids	Asks	Trust Co's	Bids	Asks	Trust Co's	Bids	Asks	Trust Co's	Bids	Asks
NEW YORK CITY	200	Ask	BROOKLYN 5th Avenue	105	.....	BROOKLYN Union	140	160	Eastern Tr.	212	315	Metropolitan	600	.....
Washington	200	.....	First	105	.....	Wallabout	105	.....	Empire State	1198	.....	Metrolit	1090	1110
Wash. & Utes	590	.....	Mechanics	1220	.....	N. Y. City	.....	.....	Equitable	1785	.....	Morgan Guar.	1100	1125
Western	600	.....	Mechanics	1220	.....	N. Y. City	.....	.....	Farm Loan Tr.	1475	.....	N. Y. Life	1175	1225
Yorkville	240	.....	Merchants	110	.....	Atlantic Tr.	275	285	First Ave Tr.	640	970	N. Y. S. Ed.	1375	.....
Bedford	225	.....	Nassau	350	.....	Bowling Green	220	230	Guaranty Tr.	725	750	North Amer.	275	285
Borough	100	.....	Nat City	170	185	Broadway Tr.	170	185	Guardian Tr.	200	215	Real Est Tr.	425	.....
Broadway	250	.....	North Side	180	.....	CITRY B&F Tr.	790	810	Lincoln Tr.	410	425	Tr Co of Am.	300	305
City	125	.....	People's	200	.....	Central Tr	1910	.....	MoV & Crtry	270	280	Tr Co of Rph	1275	.....
South	125	.....	17th Ward	130	.....	City Tr	385	410	Manhattan	500	.....	Union Trust	1380	.....
St. Ward	125	.....	23rd Ward	135	.....	City Tr	385	410	Standard Tr.	400	.....	King Co	220	.....
Tru Ward	125	.....	28th Ward	135	.....	Continental	385	410	Merchants	490	430	Unit State Tr.	1725	1775
												Williams & G.	230	237

* Bid and asked prices; no sales on this day. † Less than 100 shares. ‡ Ex rights. § Beginning March 31 quoted per cent instead of dollars per share.
 † Sale at stock exchange or at auction this week. ‡ Ex stock dividend. § Trust Co. certificates. ¶ Banks marked with a paragraph (§) are State banks.

MISCELLANEOUS BONDS—Continued on Next Page

* No price Friday; latest bid and asked this week. a Due Jan b Due Feb c Due Apr d Due May e Due July f Due Aug g Due Oct h Due Dec i Option only

BONDS
N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 10

[illegible]

BONDS
N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 10

N Y Cent & H R (Continued)		Bid	Ask	Low	High	No	Low High
N Y Junc H gu 1st 4s.	1986	F-A	105	Sale	105	105	106 105
Registered.	1986	F-A					
N Y Pu 1st con gu 4s.	1993	J-D			105%	Nov '01	
Nor & Mont 1st gu 5s.	1916	J-J					
West Shore 1st 4s gu.	2361	A-O	113%	Sale	113%	113%	21 112 116
Registered.	2361	J-J	108	113%	104%	Sep '02	112 116
Lake Shore consol.	1903	J-D	103		104%	Mar '02	104 107
Registered.	1903	J-D			107%	Sep '02	107 109
Gold 3%.	1997	J-D	108		110%	Mar '00	114 114
Registered.	1997	J-D					
Dea & T Co.	1903	F-A			114	Feb '02	
Mahon & G R 1st gu 5s.	1938	J-J			127%	Feb '02	127 127
Kaoh C I RR 1st 5s.	1934	J-J			146%	Apr '01	
Pitts Me K & Y 1st gds.	1932	J-J					
2d guar 6s.	1934	J-J					
Mech & S 1st 4s.	1903	F-A			118%	Dec '01	
Mich Cent 1st consol 6s.	1909	M-S	128	129%	127	Jne '02	128 130
Registered.	1909	M-S			106%	Jne '02	127 130
4s.	1940	J-J			110	Dec '01	
Registered.	1940	J-J			127	Nov '00	
Bat & S 1st g 3%.	1961	M-S					
J L C & Star 1st gu 3s.	1989	J-D			115%	May '00	
N Y & Harlem g 3%.	2000	M-N					
Registered.	2000	M-N					
N Y & North 1st g 5s.	1927	A-O	122		121%	May '02	121 121
R W & O con 1st ext 5s.	1922	A-O	113%		118%	118%	12 118 124
Owse & R 2d gu 5s.	1915	F-A			113%	Jan '02	113 117
N Y & O R 1st gu 5s.	1918	M-N					
Utich & Bk 1st 4s.	1903	F-A	108		108	Sep '02	108 108
N Y Chic & S 1st 1st 4s.	1937	A-O	104%	Sale	104%	104%	7 104 106
Registered.	1937	A-O			106%	Sep '02	106 106
N Y & Green W Lake	See Erie						
N Y & Har 1st 4s.	1903	F-A			100	Dec '01	
N Y & L & W	See Erie						
N Y & Long R	See Cent of N H						
N Y & N H	See N Y N H & H						
N Y & H & H 1st reg 4s.	1903	J-D			100	Dec '01	
Convert deb certs \$1,000.	1900	A-O			229%	Sep '02	204 229
Small certs \$100.					220	July '02	207 220
Housatonic R con g 5s.	1917	M-N			136%	Jan '02	136 136
N H & P 1st 4s.	1918	M-N					
N Y N E 1st 7s.	1903	J-J	108		114	Jan '00	
1st 6s.	1905	J-J	102		104%	Mar '02	106 106
N Y & North	See N Y C & H						
N Y O & W ref 1st 4s.	1992	M-S	101%	Sale	101%	102%	15 101 105
Registered.	1992	M-S			101%	Nov '00	
N Y & Put	See N Y C & H						
N Y & R B	See Long Island						
N Y & S	See Erie						
N Y Tex & M	See So Pac						
Nor & South 1st 4s.	1941	M-N			116%	Mar '02	116 116
Nor & West gen g 6s.	1931	M-N			133	Aug '02	133 135
Improv'm't & ext g 6s.	1934	F-A	129%		132%	Aug '02	132 136
New River 1st g 6s.	1932	A-O			134%	July '02	134 136
N W 1st con g 4s.	1918	J-D	100%	S			
Registered.	1918	J-D			100%	Jan '02	100 100
Poach O & C Joint 4s.	1941	J-D	92%	Sale	92%	93%	21 92 95
C C & T 1st gu g 5s.	1922	J-J			107%	July '01	
Sci Co & N E 1st gu 4s.	1989	M-N			102	Sep '02	101 104
North Illinois	See C I & W						
North Ohio	See L Erie & W						
Nor Pac—Prior lien 4s.	1997	J-J	103%	Sale	108	103%	110 103 106
Registered.	1997	J-J			104%	Sep '02	103 106
Gen'l conv gold 3s.	1996	J-J	73%	Sale	73%	74%	122 73 76
Registered.	1996	J-J			72	Apr '02	72 75
C B & C Coll tr 4s	See Gt Nor						
St Paul-Dul Div g 4s.	1996	J-D	100%		102%	May '02	100 102
Registered.	1996	J-D			120%	Mar '02	
St Paul & Dul 1st 5s.	1923	F-A			132	July '99	129 130
Registered certifi's.	1923	F-A			122	Apr '02	121 122
St Paul & Dul 1st 5s.	1931	F-A			110	110	13 110 112
2d 5s	1917	A-O					
Wash Cent & G 4s.	1923	J-J			100	Aug '02	100 100
Wash Cent & G 4s.	1948	J-D			94%	Feb '02	94 94
Nor Pac Ter Co 1st g 6s.	1933	J-J	117%		117%	117%	6 116 118
Nor Ry Cal	See So Pac						
Nor Wya	See St R M & O						
Nor & Mont	See N Y Cent						
O Ind & W	See C C C & S L						
Ohio River RR 1st g 5s.	1936	J-J			112%	Jne '01	
General gold 5s.	1937	A-O			108%	July '02	108 110
Ore & Cal	See So Pac						
Ore RR & Nav	See Un Pac						
Ore Short Line	See Un Pac						
Owens & Home	See N Y C						
O C F & St Paul	See C & N W						
ac of Mississippi	See Mo Pac						
Panama 1st subf g 4s.	1917	A-O	101		101	101	1 101 102
sunk fund subsidy g 4s.	1910	M-N	100		105	Apr '02	101 102
Penn Co gu 1st g 4s.	1921	J-J	110%		110%	Oct '02	110 112
Registered.	1921	J-J			110%	July '02	110 112
Guar 3% coll trust reg.	1937	M-N			102	Nov '98	
Guar 3% coll tr ser B.	1941	M-N			98%	July '02	97 99
C St L & P 1st con g 5s.	1932	A-O			123	July '02	122 123
Registered.	1932	J-J					
Cl & P gen gu g 4s.	1942	J-J			121	Oct '00	
Series B.	1942	A-O					
Series C 3%.	1948	M-N					
Series D 3%.	1950	F-A					
Registered.	1950	F-A			102	Nov '00	
Series C.	1940	J-J					
N & C Bdr gen gu 4%.	1945	J-J			115%	Jne '02	114 116
P C C & St L gu 4%.	1940	A-O			116%	Feb '01	116 116
Series C.	1942	M-N			108%	Nov '01	
Series D 4% guar.	1945	F-A			97%	Jne '02	97 97
Pitts F W & C 1st 7s.	1912	J-J			128%	Aug '02	128 131
3d 7s.	1912	A-O			130	Apr '01	
Penn RR 1st real est g 4s.	1923	M-N			110%	Mar '02	110 110
Consol sterling 6s.	1906	J-J			108%	Sale	107 110
Consol sterling 4%.	1909	M-S			107%	110%	104 108 110
Consol currency 6s reg.	1919	M-S					
Consol gold 5s.	1905	M-S					

MISCELLANEOUS BONDS—Continued on Next Page[illegible]

* No price Friday; latest bid and asked this week. a Due Jan b Due Feb c Due May g Due J'ne h Due J'ly p Due Nov s Option sale

[illegible]

BOSTON STOCK EXCHANGE—Stock Record, Daily, Weekly and Yearly

Share Prices—Not Per Centum Prices						STOCKS		Range Since January 1 1902		Range for Previous Year (1901)	
Saturday Oct. 4	Monday Oct. 5	Tuesday Oct. 6	Wednesday Oct. 7	Thursday Oct. 8	Friday Oct. 9	BOSTON STOCK EXCHANGE	Sales of the Week Shares	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest
88 1/2	89 1/2	88 1/2	88 1/2	88 1/2	88 1/2	Railroads	16,534	7 1/4	Jan 27	96 1/2	Sep 9
100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	Aitch Top & Santa Fe	1,007	95 1/2	Mar 12	106	Jan 28
230	230	230	230	230	230	Boston & Albany	149	258	Sep 27	266	May 9
156	156	155	155	155	155	Boston Elevated	972	2150	Aug 29	173 1/2	Mar 14
243	243	243	243	243	243	Boston & Lowell	238	136	Jan 24	136	Apr 8
195	195	195	195	195	195	Boston & Maine	66	191	Jan 24	191	Apr 8
						Boston & Providence	108	297 1/2	Jan 24	183	Apr 26
						Chicopee Valley & U S Y	63	150	Sep 30	172	Mar 26
						Do prof.	100	125	Oct 1	126	Mar 26
						Conn & Mont Class 4	119	189	Aug 12	192	Jan 26
						Conn & Pass Riv pref 100	100	100	Jan 23	166 1/2	Feb 10
						Connecticut River	288	125	July 1	125	Feb 6
						Fitchburg pref.	142	142	Jan 24	145	Mar 11
						Maine Central	178	178	Aug 2	178 1/2	Jan 27
						Mass Electric Co.	3,505	32 1/2	Jan 25	45 1/2	Apr 21
						Do prof.	354	92	Jan 13	99 1/2	Jan 6
						Mexican Central	100	26	Jan 15	31	Mar 31
						N Y N H & Hart	396	210	Jan 9	254	Apr 28
						Norfolk & Warr pref 100	170	170	Jan 14	176	Jan 27
						Old Colony	20	230	Jan 9	238	Apr 8
						Pere Marquette	4,205	94 1/2	Jan 18	217	Apr 4
						Do prof.	880	68	May 20	85 1/2	Sep 10
						Railroad pref.	8	70 1/2	May 10	91	Apr 29
						Seattle Electric	50	58	Jan 8	90	May 13
						Do prof.	15	103	Oct 6	110	Mar 11
						Union Pacific	7,450	96 1/2	Feb 28	113	Aug 26
						Vermont & Mass	92	86 1/2	Mar 11	94 1/2	Apr 29
						West End St.	172	172	Jan 15	175 1/2	Jan 14
						Do prof.	234	92 1/2	Oct 4	99	Mar 18
						Wisconsin Central	58	112	Sep 12	117	Jan 16
						Do prof.	500	104	Jan 28	124 1/2	Feb 24
						Worcester & Rock	39	148 1/2	Jan 28	152 1/2	May 12
						Miscellaneous	93	21	Jan 11	32 1/2	Jan 29
						Amer Agri Chem	419	81 1/2	Jan 9	91	Jan 29
						Amer Pneu Steel	400	4	Jan 21	9 1/2	May 22
						Do prof.	10	21	Jan 19	37 1/2	May 22
						Amer Sugar Refin.	22,356	118 1/2	Jan 13	136 1/2	Mar 31
						Do prof.	10	116	Jan 4	123	Jan 27
						Amer Tele & Tel	3,231	155	Mar 1	185 1/2	Apr 4
						Amer Woolen	160	13	Apr 23	17 1/2	Jan 7
						Do prof.	999	73	Apr 24	80 1/2	Jan 2
						Boston Land	10	33	May 6	4 1/2	May 6
						Camden & Cape Fear	10	132	Jan 1	130 1/2	Apr 30
						Domestic Iron & St.	43,705	25	Jan 15	79 1/2	Aug 20
						East Boston Land	600	7 1/2	Jan 24	9 1/2	Mar 27
						Edison Elec Illum.	22	244	Jan 23	285	May 9
						General Electric	68	180	Oct 8	83 1/2	Apr 30
						Mass Gas & Elec	5,682	37	Oct 7	39 1/2	Oct 2
						Do prof.	5,091	85 1/2	Oct 4	87 1/2	Oct 2
						Mergenthaler Lin.	55	170	Jan 2	190	Sep 8
						Mexican Telephone	10	32	Jan 6	35	Oct 2
						N E Cotton Yarn pref	10	87 1/2	Oct 10	93 1/2	Apr 16
						N E Gas & Ctr recls.	4,288	32	Jan 19	7 1/2	Mar 20
						N E Telephone	85	135	Jan 2	151	Apr 30
						Plant Comp new recls	2	30	July 22	41 1/2	Sep 10
						Railroad pref.	226	216	Jan 7	221	Jan 27
						Reichs Bank	50	6	Jan 23	9 1/2	Oct 8
						Swift & Co	505	100	Jan 9	177 1/2	Jan 28
						Torrington Class A	25	50	Oct 9	27	Jan 2
						Do prof.	7	28	Jan 23	29 1/2	Oct 2
						United Fruit	4,184	85 1/2	Jan 8	117	Sep 22
						United Shoe Mach.	387	46	Jan 2	57 1/2	May 1
						U S Leather	25	643	Jan 2	33 1/2	Apr 28
						U S Rubber	100	10	Jan 22	11 1/2	Sep 22
						U S Steel Corp.	100	44	Jan 2	62 1/2	Mar 25
						West End Land	1,315	36 1/2	Jan 19	46 1/2	Jan 7
						West Tele & Tel.	100	13	Jan 25	19 1/2	Oct 2
						Worcester & Mfg.	394	91	Feb 28	106 1/2	Apr 4
						Do prof.	50	29	Jan 29	117	Apr 9
						Mining	823	18	Jan 14	24 1/2	Apr 28
						Adventure Con.	25	314	Jan 2	4 1/2	Mar 1
						Alumina	10,465	61	Jan 14	78 1/2	Feb 1
						Amer Gold Dredging	5	2	Feb 28	3 1/2	Apr 8
						Am Zinc Lead & Sm.	110	9 1/2	Mar 27	16 1/2	Jan 14
						Anacosta	25	10	Jan 14	35	Jan 31
						Arnold	690	34	Jan 14	13 1/2	Mar 10
						Atlantic	25	50	May 1	1	Jan 31
						Bingham Con Mine	50	20	Jan 23	36	May 8
						Boston (Quackill) Co	10	885	Jan 17	39 1/2	Apr 21
						British Colum (Ltd.)	10	40	Jan 17	31	Mar 6
						Calumet & Hecla	10	5	Jan 2	10 1/2	Mar 1
						Catalpa (Silver)	25	115	Sep 10	650	Feb 1
						Central Am	3,072	10	Apr 11	12	Jan 28
						Central Oil	25	7	Jan 20	8 1/2	Mar 3
						Cochiti Tr Co recls.	10	25	Apr 24	2	Jan 8
						Copa Mercu Gold	3	1	Jan 2	1 1/2	July 8
						Continental Zinc	25	17	Sep 17	19 1/2	July 26
						Copper Range Con	10	3,484	Apr 17	64	Apr 12
						Daly West	20	140	Mar 1	166	July 8
						Domestic Coal	10	4,230	Jan 24	146 1/2	Sep 8
						Do prof.	100	100	Jan 15	100	Jan 28
						Elm River	25	295	Oct 9	153	Feb 1
						Franklin	25	295	Oct 9	153	Feb 1
						Guanajuato Consol.	5	3,763	Oct 9	5 1/2	Jan 3
						Isle Royale (Copper)	25	360	May 25	25	Feb 1
						Mayflower	25	1,651	Oct 9	21 1/2	May 9
						Merced (Gold)	15	3	Jan 6	4	Jan 8
						Michigan	25	60	Jan 29	61 1/2	Mar 10
						Mohawk	25	1,035	Jan 14	49 1/2	Sep 9
						Montana Coal & Coke	25	270	Jan 25	6	Oct 2
						Montreal & Boston	5	730	Jan 22	4 1/2	Mar 10
						National	25	1	Jan 26	14 1/2	Jan 31
						Old Colony	25	200	Sep 29	4 1/2	Mar 10
						Osceola	25	246	Aug 18	89 1/2	Feb 1
						Parrott (Silver & Copp)	10	120	Apr 30	34	Feb 1
						Phoenix Consol.	25	260	Apr 27	5	May 14
						Quincy	25	112	Apr 9	147	Feb 1
						Rhode Island	25	200	Jan 14	3 1/2	Mar 3
						Santa Fe (Gold & Copp)	10	600	Jan 17	4	Feb 1
						Santa Ysabel (Gold)	5	9	Jan 27	50	Mar 17
						Shannon	10	185	Jan 28	18	Apr 29
						Tamara	25	63	Jan 18	23 1/2	Feb 1
						Teconumach	25	355	Jan 6	3 1/2	Jan 18
						Trumountain	25	10,434	Jan 2	125	Feb 26
						Trinity	25	1,811	Oct 7	18 1/2	Mar 3
						U S Mining v tr cts.	25	3,299	Jan 14	22 1/2	Sep 9
						Unit States Coal & Oil	25	2,378	Jan 30	18 1/2	July 24
						Utah Con (Gold) tr recls	1,675	19 1/2	Jan 14	27 1/2	Feb 1
						Victoria	25	41 1/2	Jan 10	62 1/2	Mar 10
						Winnona	25	275	Jan 14	8	Aug 10
						Wolverine	25	128	Jan 14	61 1/2	Jan 30
						Wyandott	25	5	Jan 14	1 1/2	Jan 30

Before pay't of assets called during 1901. d Before pay't of assets called during 1902. * Bid and asked prices. † New stock. ‡ Lowest is ex div.

BONDS										BONDS									
BOSTON STOCK EXCH'GE										BOSTON STOCK EXCH'GE									
WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 10										WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 10									
Intr. Period										Intr. Period									
Price Friday										Price Friday									
October 10										October 10									
Week's Range or Last Sale										Week's Range or Last Sale									
Bonds Sold										Bonds Sold									
Range Since January 1										Range Since January 1									
Bid Ask Low High No Low High										Bid Ask Low High No Low High									
Am Bell Telephone 4s.....1906										Illinois Steel debent 5s.....1910									
Am Teleg & Tel coll tr 4s.....1929										Non-convert debent 5s.....1913									
Atch & Nebraska lat 7s.....1906										Pa & Son's 4 1/2 lat 7s.....1917									
Atch Top & S Fe gen 4s.....1905										Kan C Chin & Spr lat 5s.....1925									
Adjustment 4s.....J'ly 1905										Kan C Ft S & Gulf lat 7s.....1908									
Boston & Lowell 4s.....1907										Kan C Ft Scott & M 6s.....1928									
Boston & Maine 4 1/2s.....1904										Kan C M & B gen 4s.....1934									
Boston & Maine 4 1/2s.....1904										Income 5s.....Mar 1938									
Boston & Mon 3d issue 7s.....1904										Old Colony Tr Co recta.....1902									
Boston Terminal 1st 3 1/2s.....1914										Kan C & M Ry & Br lat 5s.....1929									
Boston United Gas lat 6s.....1939										Kan C St Jo & C B lat 7s.....1907									
Bur & Mo Riv ex 6s.....1918										L R & P Stm lat 7s.....1906									
Non-exempt 6s.....1917										Maine Cent cons lat 7s.....1912									
Shaking 6s.....1917										Cons lat 4s.....1912									
Batie & Boston 1st 6s.....1917										Mary Central & Ont lat 6s.....1925									
Cedar Rap & Mo R lat 7s.....1916										Mexican Central cons 4s.....1911									
3d 7s.....1916										1st cons inc 3s.....Jan 1939									
Cent Verm 1st 6s.....1908										2d cons inc 3s.....Jan 1939									
Cleveland Q lat 7s.....1903										Mid Teleph cons 5s.....1929									
Iowa Div lat 5s.....1919										Minne Gen Elec con 5s.....1929									
Iowa Div lat 4s.....1919										New Eng Cot Yarn 5s.....1929									
Debitore 5s.....1923										New Eng Gas & C lat 5s.....1937									
Debitore Exten 4s.....1927										New Eng Teleph 6s.....1906									
B & S W lat 4s.....1921										New Eng Teleph 6s.....1906									
Illinois Div 3 1/2s.....1929										New Eng Teleph 6s.....1906									
Chic & N York 3 1/2s.....Northern										New Eng Teleph 6s.....1906									
Chic Jo Ry & Stk Yds 5s.....1915										New Eng Teleph 6s.....1906									
Coll Trust refunding 4s.....1940										New Eng Teleph 6s.....1906									
Ch Mil & St P Dub D 1913										New Eng Teleph 6s.....1906									
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Volume of Business at Stock Exchanges

TRANSACTIONS AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
DAILY, WEEKLY AND YEARLY

Week ending Oct 10 1902	Shares	Par value	Railroad & Bonds	State Bonds	U S Bonds
Saturday.....	397,802	\$36,922,700	\$1,701,500	\$15,000	
Monday.....	962,333	\$9,734,800	3,946,700	1,000	\$12,000
Tuesday.....	896,832	\$5,173,200	2,939,000	5,000	
Wednesday.....	610,176	\$7,182,000	4,822,000	30,000	
Thursday.....	731,338	\$6,715,050	2,745,500	10,000	23,000
Friday.....	368,591	\$3,299,100	1,915,000	125,000	63,000
Total.....	3,967,072	\$36,027,450	\$16,729,700	\$187,000	\$100,000

Sales at New York Stock Exchanges	Week ending Oct 10 1902	1901	1902	1901
Stocks—No. shares	3,967,072	3,498,730	145,608,981	222,171,963
Par value	\$36,027,450	\$34,785,600	\$15,764,841.150	\$21,668,274.225
Bank shares, par.			\$411,400	\$129,475
BONDS				
Government bonds	\$100,000	\$91,000	\$1,100,900	\$1,544,970
State bonds	187,000	5,000	3,010,700	2,321,200
R.R. and msa. bonds	16,729,700	16,752,500	725,971,450	790,995,900
Total bonds.....	\$17,016,700	\$16,848,500	\$730,083,050	\$794,772,070

DAILY TRANSACTIONS AT THE BOSTON AND PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGES

Week ending Oct 10 1902	Boston	Philadelphia
	Listed shares	Listed shares
Saturday.....	5,564	6,186
Monday.....	17,098	19,394
Tuesday.....	18,488	18,571
Wednesday.....	12,507	33,110
Thursday.....	14,909	19,502
Friday.....	7,527	10,367
Total.....	76,396	107,040
	Unlisted shares	Unlisted shares
Saturday.....	18,000	13,891
Monday.....	45,600	30,199
Tuesday.....	40,000	23,597
Wednesday.....	22,100	24,305
Thursday.....	22,100	3,611
Friday.....	32,600	14,392
Total.....	185,095	24,729
	Bond sales	Bond sales
Saturday.....	\$18,250	\$48,000
Monday.....	\$18,250	\$6,475
Tuesday.....	\$18,250	\$6,391
Wednesday.....	\$18,250	\$6,391
Thursday.....	\$18,250	\$6,391
Friday.....	\$18,250	\$6,391
Total.....	\$18,250	\$394,018

Outside Securities

A Weekly Review of Outside Market will be found on a preceding page.

Street Railways	Bid	Ask	Street Railways	Bid	Ask
NEW YORK CITY			NEW YORK CITY		
Bleeker St & Fulton St	100	100	Grand Rapids Ry	100	100
1st St & 2nd St	100	100	Indianapolis Ry	100	100
B'way & 7th Ave	248	251	J C Hobbs & Paterson	22 1/2	23 1/2
1st St & 2nd St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
2d St & 3rd St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
3d St & 4th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
4th St & 5th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
5th St & 6th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
6th St & 7th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
7th St & 8th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
8th St & 9th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
9th St & 10th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
10th St & 11th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
11th St & 12th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
12th St & 13th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
13th St & 14th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
14th St & 15th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
15th St & 16th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
16th St & 17th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
17th St & 18th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
18th St & 19th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
19th St & 20th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
20th St & 21st St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
21st St & 22nd St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
22nd St & 23rd St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
23rd St & 24th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
24th St & 25th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
25th St & 26th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
26th St & 27th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
27th St & 28th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
28th St & 29th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
29th St & 30th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
30th St & 31st St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
31st St & 32nd St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
32nd St & 33rd St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
33rd St & 34th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
34th St & 35th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
35th St & 36th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
36th St & 37th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
37th St & 38th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
38th St & 39th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
39th St & 40th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
40th St & 41st St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
41st St & 42nd St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
42nd St & 43rd St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
43rd St & 44th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
44th St & 45th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
45th St & 46th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
46th St & 47th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
47th St & 48th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
48th St & 49th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
49th St & 50th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
50th St & 51st St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
51st St & 52nd St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
52nd St & 53rd St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
53rd St & 54th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
54th St & 55th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
55th St & 56th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
56th St & 57th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
57th St & 58th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
58th St & 59th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
59th St & 60th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
60th St & 61st St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
61st St & 62nd St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
62nd St & 63rd St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
63rd St & 64th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
64th St & 65th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
65th St & 66th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
66th St & 67th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
67th St & 68th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
68th St & 69th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
69th St & 70th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
70th St & 71st St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
71st St & 72nd St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
72nd St & 73rd St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
73rd St & 74th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
74th St & 75th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
75th St & 76th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
76th St & 77th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
77th St & 78th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
78th St & 79th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
79th St & 80th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
80th St & 81st St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
81st St & 82nd St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
82nd St & 83rd St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
83rd St & 84th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
84th St & 85th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
85th St & 86th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
86th St & 87th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
87th St & 88th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
88th St & 89th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
89th St & 90th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
90th St & 91st St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
91st St & 92nd St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
92nd St & 93rd St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
93rd St & 94th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
94th St & 95th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
95th St & 96th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
96th St & 97th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
97th St & 98th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
98th St & 99th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100
99th St & 100th St	100	100	1st St & 2nd St	100	100

Gas Securities			Industrial and Miscel		
Indiana Nat & Ill Gas	Bid	Ask	Consol Rubber Tire	Bid	Ask
1st St 1902		49	Debenture 4s	100	100
Indianapolis Gas stock	70	75	Cons Storage Battery	100	100
1st St 1920		105	Continental Tobac bte 7s	104	107
Jackson Gas Co	50	75	Cramphill & Co	100	100
5s 1937	102	104	Crucible Steel	100	100
Kansas City Gas	12	20	Preferred	100	100
5s 1922	A-0	101 1/2	Dist'l Security (new) (w)	24 1/2	31
Laclede Gas	100	90	New 3s (when issued)	80	92
Preferred	100	110	Domination Securities	100	100
Lafayette Gas	60	60	Electric Boat	100	100
Loge Wabv 1st St 25 J D		56	Preferred	100	100
Madison Gas 1926 A-0	107 1/2	109 1/2	Electric Lead Redm	50	27 1/2
Newark Gas 5s 1944	140	141	Preferred	100	100
Newark Consol Gas	70	71	Electric Vehicle	100	100
5s 1948 See Stock Exch	118	118	Preferred	100	100
O & Ind Con Nat & Ill	19	22	Electro-Pneum'ic Transl	100	100
1st St 1920	J-D	57	Empire Steel	100	100
Providence Gas	50	113	Preferred	100	100
St Joseph Gas 5s 1937	J	94	General Chemical	100	100
St Paul Gas 5s 1944	J	92	Preferred	100	100
Syracuse Gas 5s 1943	J	100	Graham Mfg Co com	100	100
United Gas & Elec, NJ	100	102	Preferred	100	100
Preferred	100	89 1/2	Greene Consol Copper	100	100
Telegraph & Telephone			Hacksack Meadows		
Bell Telephone of Buffalo	106 1/2	110 1/2	Hall Signal Co	100	122
Central & So Amer	101	101	Havana Commercial	100	100
Ches & Potomac	42 1/2	46 1/2	Preferred	100	100
5s 1908-29	J	107	Havana Tobacco Co (w)	100	48
Commercial Cable	175	184	Preferred (w)	100	66
Commer Un Tel (N Y)	115	115	Hecker-Jones-Jewell Mill	100	96
Emp & Bay State Tel	78	84	1st St 1922	100	100
Franklin	47	55	Herring-Hall-Martin	100	2
Gold & S. K.	120	123	1st preferred	100	35
4s 1905	120	123	2d preferred	100	5
Hudson River Telephone	105	111	Houston Land & Imp	100	100
New Eng Telephone	100	100	5s 1911	100	106
Northwestern Tel.	122	126	Houston Oil	100	100
N Y & N J Telephone	118	119	Preferred	100	19
Rights	112	113	Interboro R T (full paid)	100	100
5s 1920	M-N	112	40% paid	100	100
Pacific & Atlantic	80	85	Internat'l Bank	100	100
Providence Telephone	112	113	Internat'l Sav	100	12
Southern & Atlantic	96	102	1st St 1921	100	40
Tel Tel & Cable Am 15	7	7	John B Stetson	100	100
Electric Companies			Preferred		
Chicago Edison Co	168	173	Lawson Mfg	100	100
Edison Elc Ill Brk As	100	100	Lawyers Mfg Insur	100	100
Edison Elc N Y Brk As	100	100	Lawyers Title Ins	100	100
Kings Co Elc & P Co	208	214	Lorillard (P) pref	100	100
Naragansett (Prov) Elc Co	100	100	Madison Sq Garden	100	14
N Y & Q Elc & Pw Co	42 1/2	43 1/2	2d St 1919	M-N	55
Preferred	125	89 1/2	Manhattan Transit	100	94
Rhode Is Elc & Pw Co	125	125	Maxac Constr	100	100
Union Electric of N J	100	100	1st preferred	100	11
5s 1929	J-D	70	2d preferred	100	39 1/2
Power Companies			Moeller Safe Co		
Brooklyn Ferry Stock	115	117	National Bread	100	100
N Y & B St 1911	J	118	Preferred	100	92
Con 5s 1948 See Stock Exch	110	110	National Carbon	100	30
Metropolitan Ferry 5s	100	100	Preferred	100	99
5s 1920	M-N	82	Nat Enam'g & Stamp	100	35
1st St 1922	M-N	94	Nat Enam'g & Stamp	100	35
N Y & Hoboken atk	70	72	National Surety	100	140
Hob Fy 1st St 1946	M-N	112 1/2	New Brunswick Canal	100	6 1/2
1st St 1920	M-N	102	New Central Coal	100	32
10th & 23d St Ferry	100	100	1st preferred	100	27
1st mort 6s 1919	J-D	108	New Eng Transport	100	100
Union Ferry Stock	100	43	N Y Biscuit 1st 1911	M-S	114
1st St 1920	M-N	97	N Y Midge & Security	100	120
Railroad			New York Dock		
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	1st preferred	100	20 1/2
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	2d preferred	100	18 1/2
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	N Y Realty Corp	100	188
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	N Y Transportation	100	12 1/2
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Nicholson File Co	100	161
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Ontario Silver	100	100
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Otis Elevator com	100	42
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Preferred	100	100
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Pittsburg Brewing	100	31 1/2
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Pittsburg Coal	100	20 1/2
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Preferred	100	91 1/2
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Pitts Plate Glass	100	143
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Procter & Gamble	100	335
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Preferred	100	200
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Royal Bak Powd pref	100	100
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Russell & Erwin	100	61
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Saginaw Mining	100	100
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Simmons Harv com	100	100
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Preferred	100	135
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Singapore Mfg Co	100	280
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Standard Milling Co	100	7 1/2
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Preferred	100	30
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Standard Coupler com	100	30
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Preferred	100	130
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Storage Power	100	1 1/2
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Swiss & Co Securities	100	100
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	1st St 1914	100	410
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Tennessee Copper	100	18 1/2
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Texas & Pacific Coal	100	90
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	1st St 1908	A-0	100
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	1st preferred	100	119
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	2d preferred	100	100
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Title Ins Co of N Y	100	100
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Trenton Potteries com	100	20
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Preferred	100	100
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Trow Dredging new	100	70
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Union Cement	100	100
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Union Steel & Chain	100	100
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Preferred	100	100
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	Union Switch & Signal	100	100
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	1st preferred	100	100
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	2d preferred	100	100
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	U S Cotton Duck	100	14
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	U S Cotton Duck	100	14
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	U S Cotton Duck	100	14
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	U S Cotton Duck	100	14
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	U S Cotton Duck	100	14
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Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	U S Cotton Duck	100	14
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	U S Cotton Duck	100	14
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	U S Cotton Duck	100	14
Chic Pdd L & N 1923	J	91	U S Cotton Duck	100	14
Chic Pdd L &					

Investment and Railroad Intelligence.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The following table shows the gross earnings of every STEAM railroad from which regular weekly or monthly returns can be obtained. The first two columns of figures give the gross earnings for the latest week or month, and the last two columns the earnings for the period from July 1 to and including such latest week or month.

The returns of the street railways are brought together separately on a subsequent page.

Latest Gross Earnings				July 1 to Latest Date.				Latest Gross Earnings				July 1 to Latest Date.			
ROADS	Week or Month	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year	ROADS	Week or Month	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year				
Adirondack.....	June.....	\$ 15,324	\$ 12,887	\$ 202,216	\$ 190,226	Mexican South'n	3d wk Sept	\$ 15,416	\$ 14,820	\$ 211,330	\$ 170,950				
Ala Gt Southern.	3d wk Sept	50,704	41,711	564,840	506,826	Millen & So'w'n	August....	3,912	2,925	7,702	5,359				
Ala N O & Texas	2d wk Sept	36,000	34,000	417,690	384,588	Mineral Range...	August....	44,291	55,600	93,197	107,223				
Ala & Vicksburg	2d wk Sept	17,000	16,000	184,368	177,911	Minneapolis & St. L.	September	349,641	305,792	974,177	910,910				
Albany Valley	July.....	Inc.	41,583	.....	.....	Mt St P & S St M.	September	695,368	540,159	1,867,618	1,468,867		
Allegheny Valley	1st wk Oct.	32,411	34,781	465,837	474,132	Mo Kan & Texas	September	1,663,460	1,463,101	4,370,159	4,100,771				
Ann Arbor.....	July.....	8,087	7,759	.....	.....	Mo Pac & Iron Mt	Septemb r	1,188,740	1,091,019	3,935,720	3,501,410		
Ann Wash & Bal.	August....	4,858,285	4,941,071	9,454,993	9,704,373	Central Branch	September	104,382	106,347	802,485	409,971				
Atch Top & S Fe.	July.....	268,941	245,957	268,941	245,957	Total.....	September	3,293,122	3,197,366	9,641,205	9,911,381				
Atlanta & Char.	September	58,851	53,977	178,770	147,568	Mo Jack & K O.	Wk Oct 4	4,257	3,900	56,192	40,719				
Atlantic & Birm.	August....	121,955	118,402	2,587,324	2,311,572	Mobile & Ohio...	August....	556,827	489,133	1,115,069	995,766				
At Vald & West.	June.....	21,354	19,325	269,977	235,011	Nash Ch & St L.	September	739,764	625,653	2,215,191	1,898,808				
Balt & Ann S L.	July.....	11,082	10,439	11,082	10,439	Natl Ry. of Mex.	September	677,707	587,208	2,130,256	1,771,831				
Balt & Ohio.....	August....	5,542,967	5,070,081	10,719,592	9,708,949	Nev-Cal-Oregon	September	24,144	16,943	53,913	43,410				
B & O Southw.	August....	141,306	134,751	261,580	243,716	Nevada Central.	August....	3,947	3,681	6,588	6,777				
Bangor & Aroost.	August....	3,084	3,172	5,490	5,566	N Y O & Hud Riv.	September	6,701,579	6,686,672	19,475,660	19,422,234				
Bath & Hammon	August....	18,420	15,907	83,175	30,835	N Y Ont & West	August....	408,215	371,513	746,060	1,115,041				
Bellefonte & Cin	August....	4,369	4,908	9,312	9,140	N Y Ont & West	August....	134,342	272,564	263,715	507,426				
Bellefonte Cent'l	August....	4,369	4,908	9,312	9,140	Norfolk & West'n	September	1,684,909	1,405,107	4,961,149	4,180,223				
Bridg & Saco R.	July.....	4,241	3,628	4,241	3,628	Northern Central	August....	681,836	692,936	1,310,251	1,349,551				
Buff Roch & Arc	July.....	2,704	2,582	24,416	25,000	North'n Pacific...	September	4,439,010	3,852,037	12,234,918	10,736,625				
Buff Roch & Pitt	1st wk Oct.	147,010	145,418	2,032,766	1,983,924	Nor Shore (Cal.)...	August....	56,020	47,307	122,605	108,195				
Buffalo & Susq.	August....	75,104	63,879	142,045	126,521	Pacific Coast Co.	July.....	546,739	456,366	546,739	456,366				
Burl O Rap & No	September	399,700	399,772	4,059,604	4,559,003	Penn-East & E	August....	101,066,990	9,514,590	19,878,493	17,865,698				
Canadian Pacific	September	3,605,000	3,264,024	10,405,804	9,234,030	West P & E R.	August....	920,387	920,387	920,387	920,387				
Cane Belt.....	August....	20,356	6,637	34,177	13,274	Phil & Erie.....	September	900,913	805,112	2,616,479	2,456,263				
Cent'l of Georgia	September	309,050	589,843	2,169,071	1,757,595	Phila & Erie.....	September	512,041	605,059	5,120,411	6,005,059				
Cent'l of N Jersey	August....	1,190,449	1,574,597	2,229,460	2,979,334	Phila Wilm & B.	August....	1,151,027	1,078,227	2,203,505	2,049,505				
Cent'al of N Jersey	July.....	1,939,670	1,848,806	1,939,670	1,848,806	Pine Blf Ariz.	July.....	2,171	1,400	2,171	1,400				
Chatan South'n.	September	9,798	7,498	32,038	25,783	Pittab C C & St L	August....	1,984,770	1,832,046	3,779,784	3,476,934				
Chesap & Ohio...	September	1,177,597	1,456,053	3,386,333	4,302,037	Pittab & West'n	March....	326,491	387,798	3,210,005	2,910,210				
Chic & Alton Ry.	August....	590,286	850,618	1,696,760	1,678,276	Plant System...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chic East & Quin	August....	5,171,300	4,979,672	9,791,687	9,460,462	Ala Midland.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chic & Illinois.	1st wk Oct.	134,000	121,600	1,211,749	1,022,550	Bruma & W'n.	June.....	706,318	598,739	8,475,502	7,948,363				
Chic Gt Western.	September	662,677	664,620	1,865,259	2,008,559	Chas & Sav...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chic Ind & L'v.	September	430,622	388,593	1,280,139	1,200,904	Chas & Sav...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chic Milw & St P	August....	3,964,072	3,964,056	7,625,465	7,546,097	Sav Fla & W.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chic North W'n	August....	4,214,841	4,298,425	8,196,892	8,183,077	Sil S Oc & G...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chic Peo & St L.	August....	133,929	123,975	266,242	232,767	Reading Co.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chic R I & Pac.	July.....	277,630	279,058	3,776,307	3,776,307	Phil & Read...	August....	1,992,195	2,570,169	3,913,370	4,778,288				
Chic St P M & O.	August....	1,019,626	1,119,329	1,914,576	1,966,536	Coal & Ir Co.	August....	242,313	2,424,983	498,510	4,317,459				
Chic Term Tr RR	September	148,829	135,800	433,385	405,334	Tot both Co's.	August....	2,234,506	4,995,152	4,411,880	9,090,777				
Chic Oak & Gulf	Atk wk Mar	89,707	75,378	4,054,742	3,877,751	Rich Frk & P.	July.....	102,441	85,419	102,441	85,419				
Chic N O & T Pac	3d wk Sept	107,381	95,498	1,291,347	1,215,748	Rio Grande Jet.	July.....	52,533	51,784	52,533	51,784				
Chic N O & T Pac	September	1,745,849	1,682,529	5,060,977	4,987,917	Rio Grande So.	September	45,427	47,463	156,323	144,683				
Chic Peo & St L.	September	240,226	218,403	675,710	651,707	Rio Gr'd West...	June.....	454,400	449,400	5,341,154	4,906,081				
Chic R I & Pac.	September	496,500	446,487	1,538,841	1,382,173	Rutland.....	August....	220,322	202,511	429,482	390,069				
Chic St P M & O.	July.....	1,019,626	1,119,329	1,914,576	1,966,536	St Jos & Gr I.	August....	103,804	132,915	186,143	268,250				
Chic Term Tr RR	September	148,829	135,800	433,385	405,334	St Louis & Gulf.	August....	428,476	11,445	459,681	22,567				
Chic Oak & Gulf	Atk wk Mar	89,707	75,378	4,054,742	3,877,751	St L & N Ark.	August....	20,409	19,874	37,850	41,677				
Chic N O & T Pac	3d wk Sept	107,381	95,498	1,291,347	1,215,748	St L & San Fran	September	2,063,365	1,659,138	5,919,969	5,105,241				
Chic N O & T Pac	September	1,745,849	1,682,529	5,060,977	4,987,917	St L Southwest...	September	649,025	609,193	1,705,397	1,678,113				
Chic Peo & St L.	September	240,226	218,403	675,710	651,707	St L Van & T R.	September	201,001	175,504	575,377	535,059				
Chic R I & Pac.	September	496,500	446,487	1,538,841	1,382,173	San Ant & A P.	July.....	178,062	171,933	178,062	171,933				
Chic St P M & O.	July.....	1,019,626	1,119,329	1,914,576	1,966,536	San Fran & N P.	September	128,438	112,863	376,751	328,588				
Chic Term Tr RR	September	148,829	135,800	433,385	405,334	Sav Fla & West.	June.....	706,318	598,739	8,475,502	7,948,363				
Chic Oak & Gulf	Atk wk Mar	89,707	75,378	4,054,742	3,877,751	Seaboard Air L.	September	1,025,389	914,550	2,908,161	2,710,039				
Chic N O & T Pac	3d wk Sept	107,381	95,498	1,291,347	1,215,748	So C & Ga Ext.	May.....	20,428	18,173	256,882	261,989				
Chic N O & T Pac	September	1,745,849	1,682,529	5,060,977	4,987,917	So Haven & East.	August....	11,223	8,632	15,632	14,676				
Chic Peo & St L.	September	240,226	218,403	675,710	651,707	Southern Ind.	September	71,903	67,459	203,546	161,893				
Chic R I & Pac.	September	496,500	446,487	1,538,841	1,382,173	So Pacific Co.	July.....	6,926,294	6,721,677	6,926,294	6,721,677				
Chic St P M & O.	July.....	1,019,626	1,119,329	1,914,576	1,966,536	Carson & Colo.	July.....	37,581	19,373	37,581	19,373				
Chic Term Tr RR	September	148,829	135,800	433,385	405,334	Central Pacific.	July.....	1,939,670	1,848,066	1,939,670	1,848,066				
Chic Oak & Gulf	Atk wk Mar	89,707	75,378	4,054,742	3,877,751	Direct Nav. Co.	July.....	2,063	2,828	2,063	2,828				
Chic N O & T Pac	3d wk Sept	107,381	95,498	1,291,347	1,215,748	Gal Har & S A.	July.....	503,027	559,954	503,027	559,954				
Chic N O & T Pac	September	1,745,849	1,682,529	5,060,977	4,987,917	Gal Har & No	July.....	28,954	29,952	28,954	29,952				
Chic Peo & St L.	September	240,226	218,403	675,710	651,707	Gal W. T. & P.	July.....	13,488	13,476	13,488	13,476				
Chic R I & Pac.	September	496,500	446,487	1,538,841	1,382,173	Hous. E. & W. T.	July.....	60,863	64,880	60,863	64,880				
Chic St P M & O.	July.....	1,019,626	1,119,329	1,914,576	1,966,536	Hous. & Shrev.	July.....	16,211	13,391	16,211	13,391				
Chic Term Tr RR	September	148,829	135,800	433,385	405,334	Hous. & Tex Cen	July.....	339,054	387,099	339,054	387,099				
Chic Oak & Gulf	Atk wk Mar	89,707	75,378	4,054,742	3,877,751	Iberia & Verm.	July.....	4,937	3,938	4,937	3,938				
Chic N O & T Pac	3d wk Sept	107,381	95,498	1,291,347	1,215,748	Louis & West.	July.....	175,899	137,749	175,899	137,749				
Chic N O & T Pac	September	1,745,849	1,682,529	5,060,977	4,987,917	Margat's & T.	July.....	384,159	587,159	384,159	587,159				
Chic Peo & St L.	September	240,226	218,403	675,710	651,707	N. Mex. & Ariz.	July.....	20,301	20,301	20,301	20,301				
Chic R I & Pac.	September	496,500	446,487	1,538,841	1,382,173	N Y T & Mex.	July.....	32,964	25,584	32,964	25,584				
Chic St P M & O.	July.....	1,019,626	1,119,329	1,914,576	1,966,536	Oregon & Calif.	July.....	333,966	290,013	333,966	290,013				
Chic Term Tr RR	September	148,829	135,800	433,385	405,334	Sonora Ry.....	July.....	44,293	44,293	44,293	44,293				
Chic Oak & Gulf	Atk wk Mar	89,707	75,378	4,054,742	3,877,751	So Pac Coast...	July.....	102,957	99,015	102,957	99,015				
Chic N O & T Pac	3d wk Sept	107,381	95,498	1,291,347	1,215,748	So Pac R R Co.	July.....	2,265,00							

Totals for Fiscal Year.

In the full-page statement on the preceding page we show the gross earnings of all roads for the period from July 1, that being now the beginning of the fiscal year of the great majority of the roads. There are, however, some roads that still have their own fiscal years. These with their dates are brought together in the following.

ROADS.	Period.	Latest Gross Earnings.	
		Current Year.	Previous Year.
Allegheny Valley.....	Jan. 1 to July 31	\$ Inc.	\$ 185,019
Atlanta & Charlotte Air Line.	Apr. 1 to July 31	945,079	891,249
Belleville Central.....	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31	37,767	31,438
Central of New Jersey.....	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31	9,682,303	11,072,951
Chattanooga Southern.....	Jan. 1 to Sept. 30	82,578	66,075
Chicago & North-Western.....	June 1 to Aug. 31	12,197,260	12,096,179
Chicago Rock Island & Pac.....	Apr. 1 to July 31		
Chic. St. P. Minn. & Omaha.....	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31	7,320,076	6,791,055
Cumberland Valley.....	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31	777,504	889,719
Ft. Worth & Denver City.....	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31	1,573,273	1,381,273
International & Gt. North'n.....	Jan. 1 to Sept. 30	3,486,183	3,488,262
Manitowish & North Eastern.....	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31	228,643	235,569
Manistiquette.....	Jan. 1 to Sept. 30	84,371	81,466
Mexican Central.....	Jan. 1 to Sept. 30	15,149,026	12,869,280
Mexican International.....	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31	4,172,287	3,879,911
Mexican Railway.....	Jan. 1 to Sept. 30	3,603,600	3,108,900
Mexican Southern.....	Jan. 1 to Sept. 30	461,979	598,829
Missouri Pacific.....	Jan. 1 to Sept. 30	26,080,761	25,631,165
Central Branch.....	Jan. 1 to Sept. 30	768,895	1,008,107
Total.....	Jan. 1 to Sept. 30	26,849,456	26,639,272
National RR. of Mexico.....	Jan. 1 to Sept. 30	6,417,189	5,898,305
Northern Central.....	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31	5,402,945	5,300,345
North Shore.....	Apr. 1 to Aug. 31	282,384	251,103
Pennsylvania, East of P. & E.....	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31	73,298,369	66,017,189
West of P. & E.....	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31	185,447	141,700
Pere Marquette.....	Jan. 1 to Sept. 30	7,268,681	6,749,930
Philadelphia & Erie.....	Jan. 1 to July 31	3,530,460	3,589,775
Pitt. Wilm'n & Baltimore.....	Nov. 1 to Aug. 31	9,989,278	9,727,778
Phila. Cincin. Chic. & St. L.....	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31	14,619,158	13,227,991
Rio Grande Junction.....	Dec. 1 to July 31	361,020	351,975
St. L. Vandalia & Terre H.....	Nov. 1 to Sept. 30	1,985,385	1,844,269
South Haven & Eastern.....	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31	47,377	39,198
Terre Haute & Indianapolis.....	Nov. 1 to Sept. 30	1,374,313	1,439,908
Terre Haute & Peoria.....	Nov. 1 to Sept. 30	491,771	506,250
Texas & Pacific.....	Jan. 1 to Sept. 30	7,645,186	8,057,675
West Jersey & Seashore.....	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31	2,789,883	2,621,889
Wichita Valley.....	Jan. 1 to Aug. 31	39,617	45,970

* These figures include the Buffalo & Allegheny Valley Division in both years. † The operations of the Monterey & Mexican Gulf are included from March 1, 1902.

Latest Gross Earnings by Weeks.—In the table which follows we sum up separately the earnings for the latest week. The table covers the fourth week of September and shows 14.39 per cent increase in the aggregate over the same week last year.

4d week of September.	1902.	1901.	Increase.	Decrease.
Ann Arbor.....	\$ 47,615	\$ 51,198		\$ 3,583
Buffalo Roch. & Pittsbg.....	197,894	169,295	28,599	
Canadian Pacific.....	1,182,000	995,000	187,000	
Central of Georgia.....	266,235	188,103	78,132	
Chattanooga Southern.....	3,392	2,529	863	
Chesapeake & Ohio.....	265,904	446,633		80,729
Chicago & East. Illinois.....	185,447	141,700	43,747	
Chicago Great Western.....	904,011	187,785	16,326	
Chic. Indian'ls & Louisv.....	135,460	112,096	23,364	
Chic. Term. Transfer.....	44,343	40,740	3,603	
Clev. Cin. Chic. & St. L.....	570,437	511,547	58,890	
Peoria & Eastern.....	81,190	67,203	13,987	
Colorado & Southern.....	122,462	111,411	11,051	
Denver & Rio Grande.....	466,490	507,690		41,200
Detroit Southern.....	36,256	37,728		1,472
Evansv. & Indianapolis.....	10,176	8,611	1,565	
Evansv. & Terre Haute.....	45,463	39,410	6,053	
Grand Trunk.....				
Grand Trunk West.....	901,490	794,947	106,543	
Det. Gr. Hav. & Milw.....				
Hocking Valley.....	114,824	108,899	5,925	
Intern'l & Gt. Northern.....	208,694	18,844	55,848	
Iowa Central.....	68,433	58,950	6,483	
Kanawha & Michig.....	19,943	23,642		3,706
Louisville & Nashville.....	8,830	740,468	143,432	
Mexican Central.....	539,771	398,199	141,572	
Minneapolis & St. Louis.....	107,672	82,744	24,928	
Minn. St. P. & S. Ste. M.....	223,931	176,647	47,289	
Mo. Kansas & Texas.....	575,156	497,680	78,076	
Mo. Pacific & Iron Mt.....	1,152,000	1,185,000		33,000
Central Branch.....	58,000	3,234	674	
Mob. Jackson & K. City.....	3,908	3,234	674	
Nashv. Chat. & St. Louis.....	239,374	179,396	49,978	
National RR. of Mexico.....	199,101	166,528	42,576	
Norfolk & Western.....	528,604	428,164	100,440	
Pere Marquette.....	271,796	230,433	41,363	
Rio Grande Southern.....	16,522	16,310	212	
St. Louis & San Fran.....	649,514	513,113	136,401	
St. Louis Southwestern.....	207,661	205,974	1,687	
Seaboard Air Line.....	312,55	272,329	40,226	
Southern Railway.....	1,179,588	958,070	221,498	
Texas Central.....	32,657	15,037	8,620	
Texas & Pacific.....	354,256	351,522	2,734	
Toledo & Ohio Central.....	78,447	67,591	10,856	
Toledo Peoria & West'n.....	34,878	26,933	7,945	
Toledo St. L. & West.....	69,728	89,614		9,686
Wabash.....	572,727	524,595	48,132	
Wheeling & Lake Erie.....	105,168	85,586	19,577	
Wisconsin Central.....	178,000	144,038	33,962	
Total (49 roads).....	13,820,310	12,081,484	1,869,516	130,690
Net increase (14.39 p. c.).....			1,738,826	

* Including Rio Grande Western.

Net Earnings Monthly to Latest Dates.—The table following shows the gross and net earnings of STEAM railroads reported this week. A full detailed statement, including all roads from which monthly returns can be obtained, is given once a month in these columns, and the latest statement of this kind will be found in the CHRONICLE of Sept. 20, 1902. The next will appear in the issue of Oct. 18, 1902.

Roads.	Gross Earnings.		Net Earnings.	
	Current Year.	Previous Year.	Current Year.	Previous Year.
Atlantic Coast L. & A. Aug.	\$1,201,955	\$1,134,002	\$214,709	\$250,426
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	\$256,732	\$281,572	\$689,598	\$550,153
Casap. & Ohio n. Aug.	1,167,084	1,499,278	364,799	629,293
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	2,208,736	2,845,984	686,189	1,146,546
Chic. Gt. West'n. b Aug.	658,789	738,941	203,587	253,114
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	1,302,582	1,344,239	303,111	420,400
Chic. Ind. & Louis. n. Aug.	443,107	424,618	192,933	175,500
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	849,517	812,311	351,440	332,906
Col. & Hook. C. & I. Aug.	17,596	10,294	14,974	7,218
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	37,386	18,315	32,151	11,511
CL. Cin. Chic. & St. L. n. Aug.	1,745,191	1,729,193	394,772	519,324
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	3,314,228	3,325,388	762,448	986,807
Peoria & East'n. n. Aug.	230,701	228,749	61,091	52,467
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	435,484	433,304	108,944	109,941
Col. Sand. & Hook. b. Aug.	142,542	120,227	142,335	128,400
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	275,637	226,429	157,163	128,548
Copper Range..... Aug.	30,323	12,762	16,356	4,386
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	58,994	22,157	30,999	8,506
Den. & Rio G'd. n. Aug.	1,570,494	1,534,629	656,697	621,319
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	13,087,378	2,998,003	1,356,605	1,294,234
Cornwall. n. Aug.	10,058	10,665	1,813	5,74
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	18,646	21,238	3,386	11,815
Cornwall & Leban. n. Aug.	26,172	37,134	12,423	20,774
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	51,621	72,980	24,334	35,600
Farmv. & Powh't'n. n. Aug.	6,949	6,729	1,082	1,439
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	14,486	11,993	1,285	871
Ft. W. & Den. City. b. Aug.	219,475	184,296	57,932	58,218
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31.....	1,573,569	1,371,273	413,354	339,518
Illinois Central. n. Aug.	3,400,469	3,383,178	719,346	1,003,169
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	6,749,239	6,558,930	1,452,968	1,972,179
Lexing'n & East. n. Aug.	48,784	35,729	20,845	14,451
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	97,091	67,226	41,411	28,488
Long Island. n. Aug.	Inc. 22,419		Dec. 11,240	
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	Inc. 27,338		Dec. 8,173	
Manistee & No. E. n. Aug.	30,479	31,965	17,064	15,371
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31.....	228,643	235,569	112,981	110,365
Pere Marquette. n. Aug.	907,456	904,235	286,997	268,991
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31.....	6,367,768	5,944,218	1,578,604	1,415,770
St. Louis & N. Ark. b. Aug.	20,409	19,874	10,942	10,996
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	37,850	41,677	17,776	21,607
St. L. & San Fran. b. Aug.	2,037,935	1,764,511	811,781	717,003
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	3,856,804	3,448,103	1,448,948	1,450,585
Seaboard Air Line n. Aug.	920,662	923,699	234,139	321,987
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	1,882,792	1,795,489	478,530	565,718
Tol. Peoria & West. b. Sept.	105,632	94,466	29,275	32,317
July 1 to Sept. 30.....	283,304	300,003	69,808	89,047
Wichita Valley. n. Aug.	5,331	7,413	3,335	5,036
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31.....	39,617	45,970	19,666	24,656
Wrightav. & Tenn. b. Aug.	12,271	9,277	3,261	1,493
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	22,998	17,475	5,501	3,365
Yazoo & Miss. Val. n. Aug.	505,217	429,063	15,506	46,263
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	946,277	839,398	def. 9,117	107,334

a Net earnings here given are after deducting taxes.

b Net earnings here given are before deducting taxes.

c Includes Rio Grande Western for both years.

d Including earnings of Savannah Florida & Western in both years.

e For August, 1902, taxes and rentals amounted to \$5,318, against \$5,168, after deducting which net for August, 1902, was \$37,022, against \$28,525. Taxes and rentals from July 1, 1902, to date amounted to \$13,356 and \$12,589, after deducting which net was \$73,877 and \$50,294 for 1902 and 1901 respectively.

Interest Charges and Surplus.—The following roads, in addition to their gross and net earnings given in the foregoing, also report charges for interest, &c., with the surplus above or deficit below those charges.

Roads.	Int'l. rentals, etc.		Bal. of Net Earn't.	
	Current Year.	Previous Year.	Current Year.	Previous Year.
Col. & Hook. C. & I. n. Aug.	4,704	4,725	10,270	9,499
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	9,408	10,068	22,743	1,443
Clev. Cin. Chic. & St. L. n. Aug.	237,125	235,367	157,647	283,997
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	468,158	469,802	296,290	527,005
Peoria & East. n. Aug.	33,688	33,688	27,403	19,779
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	67,376	67,376	41,468	35,265
Copper Range..... Aug.	5,899	4,275	10,457	81
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	11,774	8,535	19,155	def. 3,087
Den. & R. Grand. n. Aug.	321,778	306,543	133,606	131,078
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31.....	640,598	605,458	175,207	163,273
Pere Marquette. n. Aug.	136,561	122,660	170,436	146,333
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31.....	1,075,179	974,301	503,425	441,469
St. L. & San Fran. n. Aug.	531,590	408,846	*294,123	*319,951
July 1 to Aug. 31.....	1,063,548	813,844	*412,570	*654,025
Tol. Peo. & West. n. Sept.	22,538	23,051	6,737	9,268
July 1 to Sept. 30.....	67,613	69,152	2,195	20,495
Wichita Valley. n. Aug.	3,204	1,923	131	3,104
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31.....	17,943	15,379	1,023	9,271

* After allowing for other income received.

† These figures are after allowing for other income and for discount and exchange. After deducting \$10,000 for Renewal Fund in August, 1902, and \$10,000 in August, 1901, the surplus for the month is \$327,606 against \$307,088 a year ago. Similarly, after deducting \$20,000, the surplus from July 1, 1902, to date is \$736,207, against \$612,973 a year ago.

‡ Includes Rio Grande Western for both years.

STREET RAILWAYS AND TRACTION COMPANIES.

The following table shows the gross earnings for the latest period of all STREET railways from which we are able to obtain weekly or monthly returns. The arrangement of the table is the same as that for the steam roads—that is, the first two columns of figures give the gross earnings for the latest week or month, and the last two columns the earnings for the calendar year from January 1 to and including such latest week or month.

STREET RAILWAYS AND TRACTION COMPANIES.

GROSS EARNINGS.	Week or Mo.	Latest Gross Earnings.		Jan. 1 to Latest Date.	
		Our's	Prev's	Our's	Prev's
American Ry. Co.	August....	125,159	91,152	753,297	584,193
Athens Electric Ry.	August....	3,508	3,026	29,918	23,953
Birmingham Ry.	August....	23,547	21,490	141,328	134,658
Burlington Ry. Co.	August....	1,226,984	1,122,968	8,716,183	8,299,387
Butte Ry. Co.	August....	9,277	7,254	45,668	39,605
Canton Akron Ry.	August....	535,373	519,344	3,171,277	3,109,356
Cast. Mass. Ry.	August....	45,217	45,474	.....	.....
Charlotte Cons. Ry.	August....	25,529	24,042	128,059	112,961
Chgo. & Mil. Elec.	September	44,090	.....	.....	.....
Cin. Dayton & Tol. Tr.	September	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cin. Newp. & Cov. Light & Traction	August....	96,118	74,525	707,432	535,784
Cincinnati Ry. & Light	August....	9,041	6,154	54,331	46,689
Cincinnati Ry. & Light	August....	8,581	3,698	28,017	27,835
Cin. Elec. (Home, Ga.)	August....	234,738	209,462	1,642,381	1,472,925
Cleveland Electric	August....	32,671	27,307	189,505	158,561
Cleve. Ely & West.	August....	32,760	27,307	189,505	158,561
Cleve. Falm. & E.	August....	31,068	17,556	91,649	82,152
Dart. & W. Port St. Ry.	4thwkSept	100,386	69,617	2,567,790	2,238,790
Detroit United	4thwkSept	9,186	8,899	518,108	259,333
Shore Line	4thwkSept	.....	.....	.....	.....
Detroit Upstate Ann	August....	30,655	.....	.....	.....
Arb. & Jackson Ry.	September	46,378	38,933	392,901	332,410
Duluth St. Ry.	August....	21,902	16,515	.....	.....
East Ohio Traction	September	37,806	31,169	308,241	275,566
Elgin Aurora & Sou	May....	17,734	10,562	56,714	41,021
Elgin Aurora & Sou	May....	107,716	90,284	501,110	418,418
Elgin Aurora & Sou	August....	46,664	42,026	306,736	257,273
Intern'l Ry. (Buffalo)	August....	389,535	288,190	2,322,512	1,767,764
Lake Shore Elec. Ry.	August....	47,908	44,434	285,823	231,724
Lehigh Traction	August....	7,686	12,287	88,338	85,363
London St. Ry. (Can.)	August....	16,102	16,260	97,503	91,676
Los Angeles Railway	July....	118,777	91,559	804,129	609,197
Mad. (Wis.) Traction	August....	7,581	.....	52,796	.....
Met. West Side Elev.	September	164,626	132,339	1,408,181	1,227,677
Mil. Elec. Ry. & L. Co.	August....	242,508	210,061	1,745,610	1,567,816
Montreal Street Ry.	August....	199,406	181,560	1,364,072	1,259,635
Musk. Ry. & Light Co.	August....	13,817	11,135	.....	.....
St. Ry. Depart.	August....	1,933	1,895	.....	.....
Electric Light Dep.	August....	2,508	2,153	.....	.....
Gas Department	August....	75,606	65,320	476,321	421,916
Nashville Ry.	July....	12,427	11,592	51,519	48,745
New London St. Ry.	August....	84,340	67,693	494,407	403,536
Northern Ohio Traction	September	95,928	91,098	847,973	786,321
Northwestern Elec.	August....	84,531	74,088	612,391	525,752
Oakland Traction	June....	6,569	13,987	25,826	23,752
Ocean St. Railway	July....	13,009	13,854	55,381	55,170
Orange Co. Traction	August....	68,607	.....	.....	.....
Pacific Electric	August....	1,061,379	928,898	9,023,183	7,953,307
Philadelphia Co.	August....	17,034	19,122	93,197	94,725
Pottaw. & Union Trac.	August....	34,083	27,239	181,623	146,406
Railways Co. Gen.	August....	1,921	1,974	13,991	13,052
Roads	August....	41,246	34,964	297,334	267,963
Light Co. & Ry.	September	561,921	500,486	4,731,257	4,301,894
St. Louis Transit	August....	22,512	20,944	160,225	138,407
South City Traction	September	114,858	101,941	1,042,783	964,603
South Side Elevated	August....	17,594	16,672	121,564	106,366
Springfield (Ill.) Con.	August....	24,340	16,849	158,876	114,117
Tol. Bow Gr. & So. Tr.	August....	138,042	124,491	941,419	844,431
Toledo Ry. & Light	Wk. Oct. 4	35,665	29,793	1,363,236	1,226,774
Toronto Railway	4thwkSept	89,387	79,275	2,665,390	2,388,241
Twin City Rap. Tran	August....	38,890	33,106	322,267	182,369
Union Trac. of Ind.	August....	94,415	74,257	618,061	471,682
United Traction	September	118,201	109,864	1,122,894	995,058
Albany Ry. & Light	May....	267,433	221,541	1,109,785	989,296
United Trac. (Prov.)	August....	24,310	15,728	.....	.....
Vernon Ry. & Mt.	June....	17,313	15,457	.....	.....

* These figures are for the corresponding period of 1900, as the figures for 1901 were unusually heavy, owing to the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo.

† Beginning with August results for 1902 are for Cincinnati Newport & Covington Light & Traction Co. Figures for year to date seem also to have been revised at same time.

‡ Results now include the Pittsburgh Railway Co., operating the Consolidated Traction and all the other controlled properties in Pittsburgh.

§ These are results for properties owned.

¶ Figures for 1901 are for Canton-Massillon Ry. only; in 1902, since June 1, are for Canton-Akron Ry., including Canton-Massillon Ry. The latter separately earned in August, 1902, \$26,423, against \$19,344 in the corresponding period in 1901.

Street Railway Net Earnings.—The following table gives the returns of STREET railway gross and net earnings received this week. In reporting these net earnings for the street railways, we adopt the same plan as that for the steam roads—that is, we print each week all the returns received that week, but once a month (on the third or the fourth Saturday), we bring together all the roads furnishing returns, and the latest statement of this kind will be found in the CHRONICLE of Sept. 20, 1902. The next will appear in the issue of Oct. 18, 1902.

Roads.	Gross Earnings.		Net Earnings.	
	Current Year.	Previous Year.	Current Year.	Previous Year.
Chicgo. Ry. & Light—				
(Muscatine, Ia.)—Aug.	9,041	6,154	4,889	1,273
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31....	54,331	46,689	10,691	.....
Cincinnati Dayton & To-				
ledo Traction Co.—Sept.	44,090	.....	21,040	.....
June 1 to Sept. 30....	184,502	.....	93,296	.....
Cin. Newp. & Cov. n. Aug.	96,118	74,525	42,828	28,784
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31....	707,432	535,784	311,002	208,169
Elgin Aurora & So. n. Sept.	37,806	34,169	17,533	17,080
June 1 to Sept. 30....	155,659	140,532	71,912	72,472
International Ry. n. Aug.	369,535	285,150	186,575	171,852

Roads.	Gross Earnings.		Net Earnings.	
	Current Year.	Previous Year.	Current Year.	Previous Year.
Kington Consol'd—				
July 1 to Sept. 30....	38,900	.....	17,662	.....
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30....	87,030	.....	37,454	.....
N. Y. & North Shore—				
July 1 to Sept. 30....	42,076	47,487	19,456	21,913

* Results for 1902 are for Cincinnati Newport & Covington Ry.
† These figures are for the corresponding period of 1900, as the figures for 1901 were unusually heavy, owing to the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo.

Interest Charges and Surplus.—The following STREET railways, in addition to their gross and net earnings given in the foregoing, also report charges for interest, &c., with the surplus or deficit above or below those charges.

Roads.	Int., rentals, etc.		Bal. of Net Earn's.	
	Current Year.	Previous Year.	Current Year.	Previous Year.
Cincinnati Dayton & To-				
ledo Traction Co.—Sept.	16,251	.....	4,789	.....
June 1 to Sept. 30....	85,241	.....	28,055	.....
Cin. Newp. & Cov. n. Aug.	22,238	15,907	20,585	12,977
Jan. 1 to Aug. 31....	175,343	125,329	135,639	92,840
Elgin Aurora & So. Sept.	9,333	8,333	9,200	8,747
June 1 to Sept. 30....	33,333	33,333	38,578	39,138
International Ry. n. Aug.	79,147	182,750	107,428	189,102
Kington Consolidated—				
July 1 to Sept. 30....	9,552	.....	8,110	.....
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30....	29,251	.....	8,205	.....
N. Y. & North Shore—				
July 1 to Sept. 30....	9,130	9,953	10,487	12,093

† These figures are for the corresponding period of 1900, as the figures for 1901 were unusually heavy, owing to the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo.

* Includes other income.

ANNUAL REPORTS.

Annual Reports.—The following is an index to all annual reports of steam railroads, street railways and miscellaneous companies which have been published since the last editions of the INVESTORS' and STREET RAILWAY SUPPLEMENTS.

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Boston & Maine.....	728	N. Y. Cent. & H. R. R.R.....	737
Buffalo Rochester & Pitts.....	340	New York Dock.....	610
Buffalo & Susquehanna.....	391	New York New Haven & Hartford.....	729
Butte Ry. & Light Co. (1901).....	678	New York Ontario & Western.....	608
Calumet & Hecla Mining.....	338	Norfolk & Western.....	494
Canadian Pacific.....	549	Northern Pacific.....	781
Central Foundry.....	340	Nova Scotia Steel & Coal.....	592
Central Coal & Coke Co.....	184	Oregon Short Line (abstract of p. d. & participating gold mtr.).....	243
Central of Georgia.....	439	Page Woven Wire Fence (state- ment April 1, 1902).....	288
Ches. & Ohio.....	547	Republic Iron & Steel.....	358
Chicago Burlington & Quincy.....	340	St. Louis & San Francisco.....	399
Chicago & Eastern Illinois.....	392	San Francisco & North Pacific.....	604
Chicago Great Western.....	547	Southern Indiana.....	397
Chicago Indianapolis & Louisville.....	729	Southern Ry. & Tenn.....	438
Cin. Milwaukee & St. Paul.....	547	Standard Hope & Twine.....	610
Chicago & North Western.....	438	Texas Central.....	609
Cleve. Cin. Chic. & St. Louis.....	430	Toledo & Ohio Central.....	731
Colorado & Southern.....	607	United States Envelope.....	400
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Duluth South Shore & Atlantic.....	392	Winconsin Central.....	727
Elgin Aurora & So. n. Sept. 30....	37,806	Yazoo & Mississippi Valley.....	606
Elgin Aurora & So. n. Sept. 30....	37,806		

STREET RAILWAYS—

Chicago Union Traction Co.....	152
International Trac. (Buffalo, etc.).....	548
New York & Queens Co.....	398
Union Traction.....	609
United Traction Co. (Albany, &c.).....	604

Great Northern Railway.

(Report for the year ending June 30, 1902.)

The revenue account for lines leased by the Great Northern Ry., and the lines of the Seattle & Montana R.R. Co., as combined with the income account of the Great Northern, shows the following:

	1901-02.	1900-01.	1899-00.	1898-99.
Gross earnings.....	28,397,135	20,881,051	21,953,412	19,057,814
Operating exp. & taxes.....	15,128,137	12,854,181	12,422,636	10,185,589
Net earnings.....	13,268,998	8,026,870	9,530,776	8,872,225
Other income.....	2,816,458	4,247,219	4,605,314	2,673,825
Total net income.....	16,085,456	12,274,089	14,136,090	11,546,050
Deduct—				
Charges (net).....	3,742,548	3,687,656	3,709,548	4,137,834
Dividends (7 p. c.).....	8,225,920	8,297,369	8,408,778	8,851,534
Improvements & add's.....	2,000,000	.....	1,900,000	1,800,000
Total above deductions.....	13,985,466	10,585,025	11,918,326	9,788,858
Balance, surplus.....	2,116,990	1,689,065	2,217,764	1,757,192

* Includes: Interest on bonds owned, \$380,635; dividends on stocks owned, \$1,419,960 (contrasting with \$3,126,564 in 1900 and \$2,958,554 in 1899-00); rentals of leased lines, \$176,484; bills receivable (land notes), \$2,059; rentals, \$180,273; profits on securities sold, \$63,177; other income, \$293,868.
† Amount transferred to fund for permanent improvements and renewals.

The income account of the Great Northern Railway Co. and all the proprietary companies shows gross earnings of \$33,858,518, an increase of \$3,394,136 over 1900-01, and total net income over operating expenses and taxes, \$30,015,946, an increase of \$6,123,366.—V. 74, p. 1808.

United States Reduction & Refining Co.

(Report for year ended Aug. 1, 1902.)

The first annual report is given in full on pages 802 and 803, embracing the balance sheet, income account and official comments upon the year's business and the success with which the consolidation has been attended.—V. 75, p. 687.

Reading Company.

(Report for year ending June 30, 1902.)

The remarks of President George F. Baer, together with various tables showing the company's earnings, balance sheets, etc., will be found on pages 797 to 803, while in the editorial columns is given an article reviewing the results for the year covered by the report.

Below are the comparative statistics for four years:

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY—EQUIPMENT AND OPERATIONS.

	1901-02.	1900-01.	1899-00.	1898-99.
Miles oper. June 30.	1,003	1,000	1,000	918
Equipment—				
Locomotives.....	892	878	827	774
Pass. equip. cars.....	613	813	775	724
Freight equip. cars.....	37,571	33,900	31,824	29,071
Service cars.....	947	951	940	684
Floating equipment.....	125	119	113	98
Oper. (excl. co.'s mat'l) —				
Passengers carried.....	24,987,177	22,697,295	21,910,349	19,689,787
do do 1 mile.....	\$24,987,177	\$22,697,295	\$21,910,349	\$19,689,787
Rate per pass. p. m. 1901-02.....	1.600 cts.	1.600 cts.	1.611 cts.	1.622 cts.
Coal (anth.) car. tons.....	9,465,953	10,523,891	10,872,556	9,533,692
Coal (bit.) car. tons.....	6,087,088	5,084,911	4,539,719	4,201,622
Coal car. 1 mile, tons.....	1,710,792	1.03914	1.643,836	1,468,237
do rate p. ton p. m. 0.726 cts.	0.726 cts.	0.727 cts.	0.692 cts.	0.697 cts.
Merchandise car. tons.....	16,413,700	14,335,083	14,192,019	11,385,922
do 1 mile, tons.....	1,133,015	1,026,036	1,004,503	822,615
Rate per ton per m. 0.988 cts.	0.988 cts.	0.983 cts.	0.971 cts.	0.951 cts.
*900's omitted.				

Earnings from—				
Coal.....	\$12,436,159	\$12,391,307	\$11,371,203	\$10,085,701
Merchandise.....	11,305,307	10,079,427	9,750,602	7,824,888
Passengers.....	4,880,703	4,561,393	4,437,850	4,012,729
Miscellaneous.....	528,836	469,127	436,084	420,365
Mails.....	119,370	116,167	113,995	112,510
Other sources (net).....	345,156	726,743	793,253	546,395

Total earnings.....	\$29,515,524	\$28,344,169	\$26,902,937	\$23,002,598
Operat. expenses—				
Maint. of way, etc.....	\$2,979,115	\$2,602,166	\$2,017,171	\$1,485,979
Maint. of equip'm't.....	11,305,307	10,079,427	9,750,602	7,824,888
Conduct. transp'n.....	9,134,618	8,546,631	7,553,253	6,955,643
General.....	859,867	1,018,564	973,367	949,807
Equip'm't renewals.....	668,133	650,567	593,288	685,870
Insurance fund.....	246,044	233,935	222,729	85,026
Imp'v'ts & renewals.....	1,341,326	1,938,989	1,908,797	837,371
Total expenses.....	\$18,769,998	\$18,566,351	\$17,253,429	\$13,880,105
Net earnings.....	\$10,745,526	\$9,777,818	\$9,649,508	\$9,122,493

PHILADELPHIA & READING COAL & IRON CO.

	1901-02.	1900-01.	1899-00.	1898-99.
Earnings—				
Anthracite coal.....	\$23,150,544	\$27,697,104	\$26,790,751	\$22,772,847
Bituminous coal.....	910,661	807,388	825,638	446,255
Coal rents & miscel.....	458,324	413,396	468,254	424,734

Total earnings.....	\$24,519,529	\$28,917,888	\$27,684,643	\$23,643,836
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Expenses—				
Mining coal & repairs.....	\$12,076,964	\$12,431,978	\$11,150,377	\$9,521,911
Coal purchased (anthracite).....	1,829,646	1,729,758	1,852,266	1,909,897
Coal purchased (bituminous).....	930,495	816,727	569,615	455,752
Royalty leased collieries.....	392,846	482,057	573,918	567,225
Trans. of coal by rail.....	5,738,935	6,557,789	7,493,433	6,802,175
do do by water.....	973,311	1,207,243	1,549,862	1,144,472
Hand coal at dep'ts, taxes on coal lands & imp'ts, coal sold from stock, and miscellaneous.....	2,221,130	2,680,755	1,992,689	1,962,742
Colliery improve'ts.....	863,428	806,308	750,499	377,926
Depletion coal land fund.....	374,101	413,053	750,154	.....
1/4 p. c. int. on Read. Co. loan account.....	888,781	886,505	884,850	.....

Total expenses.....	\$26,283,303	\$27,993,159	\$27,567,590	\$22,742,103
Profit.....	\$236,337	\$924,709	\$317,053	\$901,735

READING CO., PHIL. & READ. RY. CO. AND PHIL. & READING COAL & IRON CO.—CONSOLIDATED INCOME ACCOUNT.

	1901-02.	1900-01.	1899-00.	1898-99.
Net Phil. & R. Ry.....	\$10,745,526	\$9,777,818	\$9,649,508	\$9,122,493
Profit Coal & I. Co.....	236,337	924,709	317,053	901,735
Reading Co. income.....	5,312,129	4,831,444	4,336,494	3,358,543

Total.....	\$16,293,992	\$15,533,971	\$14,303,115	\$13,382,701
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Deduct—				
Reading Co. expens. R'y Co. fixed charges, taxes & sink fund.....	\$82,348	\$61,507	\$36,380	\$21,579
Phil. & R. Ry int. on bonds & taxes.....	4,337,770	3,645,236	2,964,638	2,819,537
Ph. & R. O. & I. Co. interest & taxes.....	9,519,123	9,211,197	8,904,249	8,897,679

Total.....	\$14,359,099	\$13,287,355	\$12,365,115	\$12,127,692
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Surplus.....	\$1,934,893	\$2,246,616	\$1,938,000	\$1,155,209
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* Dividends have been paid on 1st preferred stock as follows: 1 1/2 p. c. March, 1900; 1 1/2 p. c. Sept., 1900; 2 p. c. March, 1901; 2 p. c. Sept., 1901; 2 p. c. March, 1902; 1 p. c. Oct., 1902.

READING COMPANY BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30.

	1902.	1901.	1900.
Assets—			
Railroad equipment.....	\$19,792,119	\$18,601,078	\$18,183,319
Floating equipment.....	2,107,650	2,107,650	1,901,680
Railroad equipment.....	12,992,576	12,992,576	12,992,576
Phil. & R. Ry. bonds owned.....	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000
Bonds of sundry companies.....	12,103,835	12,103,835	12,103,835
P. & R. Ry. Co. stock owned.....	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000
P. & R. O. & I. stock owned.....	8,000,000	8,000,000	8,000,000
Stocks of sundry companies.....	51,244,304	51,080,042	50,888,575
Phil. & Reading Coal & I. Co.....	79,002,731	78,798,654	78,653,340
Sundry railroads, etc.....	858,708	701,537	1,187,897
Cash.....	91,740	701,537	1,187,897
Accrued income.....	306,769	232,612	1,664,207
Equipment accounts.....	5,303,253	747,612	635,291
Miscellaneous.....	645,371	352,350	383,683

Total assets.....	\$243,422,946	\$236,386,335	\$210,689,928
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LIABILITIES.

Stock (see INVEST. SUPP'T.).....	\$140,000,000	\$140,000,000	\$140,000,000
Bonds (" ").....	98,976,191	92,914,191	67,351,191
Contingent account.....	1,046,304	599,823	1,146,677
Equip'm't notes and car trusts.....	.....	.....	39,795
Accrued interest and taxes.....	645,409	485,175	374,400
Bonds canceled.....	1,267,000	824,000	433,000
Miscellaneous.....	248,131	95,244	115,233
Profit and loss, surplus.....	1,339,912	1,467,901	1,237,336

Total liabilities.....	\$243,422,946	\$236,386,335	\$210,689,928
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PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30.

	1902.	1901.	1900.
Assets—			
Railroad.....	\$79,851,858	\$79,851,858	\$79,851,858
Philadelphia Terminal.....	8,500,000	8,500,000	8,500,000
Philadelphia Subway.....	2,730,000	2,700,000	2,700,000
Equipment account.....	846,640	414,494	177,000
New shops, Reading.....	1,213,187	631,703	.....
Cash.....	2,079,764	1,383,898	1,071,340
Freight and toll bills.....	1,634,706	1,522,451	1,376,632
Materials on hand.....	1,391,127	2,118,993	2,184,018
Railroad companies.....	1,597,439	1,199,088	1,468,961
Individuals and firms.....	772,899	511,675	468,968
Insurance accounts.....	619,683	296,754	.....
Bills receivable.....	701,323	1,923	124,339
Miscellaneous.....	326,109	374,867

Total assets.....	\$102,254,736	\$99,485,610	\$98,093,850
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LIABILITIES.

Stock.....	\$20,000,000	\$20,000,000	\$20,000,000
Bonds (see INVEST. SUPP'T.).....	70,403,952	70,383,952	70,383,952
Bond and mtgs. on real estate.....	638,155	632,405	637,400
Unpaid vouchers and pay-rolls.....	2,511,307	2,478,780	2,370,439
R.R. co's, individuals, and firms.....	1,549,451	1,233,789	1,149,330
Interest and rents matured.....	365,310	365,310	800,747
Int. taxes and rents accrued.....	1,595,433	1,270,974	1,797,713
Phil. & No. equipment.....	346,640	346,640	347,827
Phil. & Read. Coal & Iron Co.....	.....	235,009	.....
Insurance fund, equip. fund, subway sink fund & miscel.....	2,059,400	977,532	351,328
Surplus.....	2,794,587	1,568,175	743,300

Total liabilities.....	\$102,254,736	\$99,485,610	\$98,093,850
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PHIL. & READING COAL & IRON CO. GENERAL BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30.

	1902.	1901.	1900.
Assets.			
Coal lands.....	\$60,385,705	\$60,748,473	\$61,015,173
Timber lands.....	658,565	658,565	659,965
New York & Eastern depots.....	707,002	707,002	709,002
Western yards and depots.....	618,012	638,971	641,965
Pottsville and other houses.....	548,188	548,188	548,188
Pottsville shops, real est., etc.....	389,667	389,667	389,667
Storage yards and washeries.....	389,124	399,111	400,973
"Other real estate".....	11,788	11,788	12,547
Improvements at collieries.....	7,078,690	7,078,690	7,078,690
Equipment at collieries.....	2,302,438	2,302,438	2,302,438
Dead work at collieries.....	3,711,477	3,711,477	3,711,477
Stocks and bonds of companies controlled.....	9,746,073	9,791,991	9,914,715
Cash on hand.....	1,920,948	864,890	991,577
Coal accounts.....	840,354	3,032,859	2,284,837
Rent accounts.....	1,581	29,904	28,078
Companies and individuals.....	437,290	439,399	365,988
Coal on hand.....	368,590	1,058,962	2,018,511
Supplies and materials on hand.....	652,249	544,961	565,284
Philadelphia & Reading Ry. Co. current account.....	.....	287,048	58,688
Depletion of coal land fund.....	1,628,516	778,001	549,600
Bills receiv., stocks, bonds and mortgages owned, etc.....	1,189,074	591,621	185,114

Total assets.....	\$93,668,581	\$94,690,966	\$94,430,051
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LIABILITIES.

Bonds (see INVEST. SUPP'T.).....	\$3,284,500	\$3,519,000	\$3,677,147
Capital stock.....	8,000,000	8,000,000	8,000,000
Reading Company.....	79,002,731	78,798,654	78,653,340
Pay-rolls and vouchers.....	222,816	798,825	638,098
Interest due Reading Co.....	.....	.....	501,313
Int. taxes and miscel.....	500,429	728,629	654,919
Surplus.....	632,116	587,648	290,284

Total liabilities.....	\$93,668,581	\$94,690,966	\$94,430,051
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—V. 75, p. 499, 442.

St. Louis Southwestern Railway.

(Report for fiscal year ending June 30, 1902.)

President Edwin Gould says in substance:

IMPROVEMENTS.—During the current fiscal year the policy of permanent improvement of the roadway and track has been continued to a greater extent than ever before, and the equipment and facilities for handling traffic have been largely increased. These improvements and the additional improvements contemplated will have the ultimate effect of decreasing the cost of transportation and the beneficial results will be more fully reflected in reports of subsequent years.

CAPITAL STOCK.—At a special meeting of the stockholders, May 24, 1902, the common capital stock was increased from \$18,500,000 to \$35,000,000. No portion of this authorized increase has been issued.

FUNDED DEBT.—The company's new first consolidated mortgage 4 p. c. gold bonds are a fixed charge upon the entire property, and at the close of the fiscal had been issued in the amount of \$12,054,750, which amount has not since been increased—as follows:

\$6,054,750 in exchange at the rate of 90 per cent for \$6,727,500 of second mortgage income certificates.
\$6,000,000 to provide for the funding of equipment trust obligations which draw 5 per cent interest, and for expenditures already authorized for future equipment, and for other lawful corporate purposes of the company.

The proceeds derived from the sale of such \$6,000,000 new bonds have since the close of the fiscal year, been partially applied in the acquisition of equipment trust obligations aggregating \$1,701,660, being more than 97 per cent of such obligations outstanding.

ing the past season, and which adversely affected the earnings of your company (especially the earnings from the cotton crop), it is gratifying to report that the outlook for an average cotton crop, and for good business generally during the ensuing season, is quite promising.

Vice-President and General Manager F. H. Britton says:

"The per cent of operating expenses (including betterments charged direct to expenses) to gross earnings was for the fiscal year 1901-02, against 62.72 in 1900-01; excluding betterments, 69.13 p. c., against 59.23. The gross earnings decreased \$119,914 or 1.64 p. c., and the net earnings decreased \$60,089 or 23.97 p. c. The decrease in gross earnings is due largely to the drought, which resulted in a largely diminished cotton crop. The increase of 11.66 per cent in operating expenses is accounted for principally by the liberal expenditures for maintenance of way and structures and for maintenance of equipment during the current fiscal year. Only such amounts as represent the cost of actual additions to the property have been charged against the 'General Improvement Fund.'"

Cross ties placed in track show an increase of 176,717. Rail relaid—56-lb. steel rail replaced with 75-lb. steel rail, 151.2 miles, an increase of 117.9 miles over last year. 35-lb. steel rail replaced with 56-lb. steel rail, 74.8 miles, an increase of 59.1 miles over last year. Trestle renewals, etc., trestles filled and replaced with cast iron culvert pipe, where necessary, 4,389 linear ft., an increase of 1,419 linear ft. over the preceding year. Trestles rebuilt, strengthened, and in some instances replaced with steel girders, 14,754 linear ft., an increase of 4,919 linear ft. over the preceding year. The total expenditures for maintenance of way and structures for the fiscal year show an average cost of \$1.05 per mile of main track operated, an increase of \$203, or 24 per cent over the preceding year.

For betterments to roadway and track, and for new safety appliances for equipment, there was included in operating expenses \$149,945, against \$258,245 in 1900-01, and there was charged to general improvement fund \$66,790, against \$153,991 in 1900-01. Payments for new equipment charged against income account aggregated \$385,413, against \$258,845 in 1900-01; charged against equipment replacement fund \$64,678, against \$182,005.

Of the 2,586,387 tons carried in 1901-02, lumber furnished 1,308,741 tons, contrasting with 1,205,850 tons in 1900-01; cotton 149,989 tons, against 135,536; cotton seed products 127,740, against 165,816.

Physical Condition.—Tables supply the following as of June 30, 1902:

Character of main track, 75-lb. steel, 252 miles; 60-lb. steel, 6 miles; 56-lb. steel, 952 miles; 55-lb. steel, 1640 miles; 35-lb. steel, 404 miles; total, 1,967 miles. Ballast—Rock, 104,377 miles; gravel and sand, 459,25 miles; cinders, 50,02 miles; natural soil, 648 miles. Bridges, permanent spans, 6,190 feet; trestles, 46,404 miles.

Statistics of Operation.—Operations, earnings, charges, etc., have been:

	1901-02.	1900-01.	1899-00.	1898-99
Aver. miles operat'd	1,273	1,276	1,258	1,250
Operations—				
Passenger carried	1,226,395	1,281,928	999,503	899,048
Freight carried	58,073,455	57,983,590	41,908,926	38,373,916
Rate p. pass. d. mile	2.35 cts.	2.42 cts.	2.42 cts.	2.37 cts.
Tons freight moved	2,586,387	2,399,171	2,101,048	1,887,609
do no. m. * 514,942.815	468,837.365	412,395.005	380,660.588	
Rate per ton per m.	1.08 cts.	1.21 cts.	1.11 cts.	1.21 cts.
Av. tr. lo. (rev.) tons	232	210	208	179
Av. pass. tr. n. m.	\$0.84	\$0.84	\$0.84	\$0.81
Av. freight tr. n. m.	\$2.53	\$2.57	\$2.34	\$2.19
Gross earnings per mile	\$5.620	\$5.792	\$4.896	\$4.691

* Not including company's freight.

Earnings—				
Passenger	1,364,435	1,400,713	1,013,027	910,867
Freight	5,555,727	5,628,873	4,584,955	4,619,983
Mail, express, etc.	847,098	838,589	800,401	831,485
Total	7,267,260	7,868,174	5,908,284	5,862,339
Expenses—				
Transportation	2,636,721	2,499,144	2,106,870	2,170,464
Main. of equipment	618,588	672,139	655,123	647,446
Maint'ce of way, etc.	1,357,942	1,080,320	1,062,760	1,101,593
General	368,825	381,289	301,320	289,958
Total	5,173,066	4,632,492	4,126,073	4,209,083
P. c. of exp. to earn.	(71.18)	(62.72)	(70.34)	(71.80)
Net earnings	2,094,194	2,754,282	1,782,211	1,653,251
Other income	89,019	82,195	5,635	84,457
Total	2,183,213	2,836,477	1,847,896	1,737,708
Deduct—				
Taxes	195,619	155,771	151,567	138,495
Interest on 1st and consol. mortgages	814,948	800,000	800,000	800,000
Equip'm't payments	385,413	268,325	204,889	171,061
Rental and miscel.	59,143	66,907	61,148	44,535
Total	1,455,023	1,281,508	1,217,604	1,149,091
Surplus	728,190	1,554,974	630,292	588,617

* From this surplus interest on the second mortgage bonds was paid as follows: Earned during calendar year 1899, \$360,000; during year 1900, \$380,000; during year 1901, \$400,000.

	1902.	1901.	1900.
Assets—			
Land and equipment	67,087,250	65,500,000	68,500,000
Gray's Point Terminal Ry.	339,000	339,000	339,000
Construction accounts		68,206	20,723
Real estate		27,328	27,328
Investments in stocks and bonds	7,121,039	368,539	368,039
Advances	771,109	31,630	26,637
Cash	5,831,437	1,229,192	620,828
Accounts collectible	502,696	592,929	279,944
Supplies and materials	507,267	627,068	391,545
Trust equipment	1,637,302	804,006	
Miscellaneous	44,306	14,294	469,825
Total	83,741,406	71,301,192	68,088,869
Liabilities—			
Preferred stock	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000
Common stock	16,500,000	16,500,000	16,500,000
Bonds (see INVESTORS' SUPPLEMENT)	42,393,750	30,339,000	29,339,000
Reserve fund	522,018	1,800,572	90,345
Equipment trust notes	1,798,438	924,536	584,832
Interest on bonds	417,426	587,737	318,726
Sundry accounts payable	700,044	665,104	616,278
Miscellaneous accounts	13,716	5,560	
Credit of income account	1,458,019	918,593	664,889
Total	83,741,406	71,301,192	68,088,869

—V. 76, p. 612, 138.

Chicago Terminal Transfer RR.

(Report for the year ending June 30, 1902.)

President J. N. Faithorn says in part:

The large proportion of the increase in rental receipts was derived from the Chicago Rock Island & Pacific, Lake Shore & Michigan Southern and New York Chicago & St. Louis Ry. Cos., the companies, under a joint arrangement, occupying temporarily the Grand Central Station, owned by this company. Upon the completion of the station now under construction for those companies, the use by them of the Grand Central Station will cease.

It will be seen there has been a considerable increase in the amount of gross earnings other than rentals, and it will also be noted that there has not been a corresponding increase in the cost of transportation. This result has been attained because of additional facilities provided. There has not, however, been a commensurate increase in the surplus above fixed charges, because of large additional expenditure for the maintenance of way and structures, which expenditure was necessary for the proper preservation of the property.

Below are the results for a series of years:

	1901-02.	1900-01.	1899-00.	1898-99.
Earnings—				
From RR. tenants	616,282	559,611	579,859	601,327
Other tenants & income	108,743	99,579	94,284	90,360
Freight and switching	848,022	701,452	546,785	479,913
Passenger	68,069	70,348	45,032	49,607
Total earnings	1,639,116	1,430,990	1,265,961	1,221,107
Operating expenses—				
Maintenance of way, do.	179,749	97,016	67,695	72,812
Equipment	134,166	127,429	67,527	51,126
Conducting transp'n	481,412	432,558	397,058	374,949
General expenses	99,316	81,675	76,869	65,583
Taxes	111,500	88,890	80,585	77,438
Total	1,006,133	827,668	689,734	641,946
Int. on mortgage debt	597,600	591,900	584,300	572,200
	1,603,733	1,419,568	1,274,034	1,214,146
Surplus net income	\$5,383	11,423	92,027	106,961

BALANCE SHEET JULY 1.

	1902.	1901.	1900.
Assets—			
Property and franchises	45,160,591	44,373,414	44,437,586
Cash	338,424	401,195	417,649
Accounts receivable	153,359	193,929	278,844
Accounts receivable (disputed)	150,329	121,851	
Agents and conductors	120,231	64,431	56,917
Treasury securities	230,551	15,151	195,973
Materials on hand	138,461	100,133	85,359
Trust fund	133,414	218,234	307,734
Total assets	46,410,409	45,988,338	45,825,050
Liabilities—			
Common stock	13,000,000	13,000,000	13,000,000
Preferred stock	17,000,000	17,000,000	17,000,000
Funded debt (see SUPPLEMENT)	14,944,000	14,629,000	14,629,000
Vouchers and pay-rolls	209,000	284,026	141,023
Interest matured and accrued	283,463	281,313	278,232
Taxes accrued	70,095	71,225	84,249
Bills payable	210,000		
Liquid fund, cont. res'v fund, etc.	213,054	222,530	84,264
Trust fund	138,414	218,234	307,734
Profit and loss	347,399	312,010	300,586
Total liabilities	46,410,409	45,988,338	45,825,050

—V. 75, p. 732.

United States Steel Corporation.

(Earnings for the 9 months ending Sept. 30, 1902.)

The following financial statement of the Corporation and its subsidiary companies, showing the earnings for the nine months of the current calendar year (the results for Sept. 30, 1902, being partly estimated) was given out on Tuesday after the regular monthly meeting of the directors. The "net earnings," as here shown, "were arrived at after deducting each month the cost of ordinary repairs, renewals and maintenance of plants and interest on bonds and fixed charges of the subsidiary companies."

NET EARNINGS FROM OPERATIONS FOR NINE MONTHS ENDING SEPT. 30					
	1902.	1901.		1902.	1901.
	\$	\$		\$	\$
Jan.....	8,901,016		July.....	12,041,914	9,890,150
Feb.....	7,678,583		August.....	12,972,739	9,810,880
March.....	10,135,858		Sept. (est.)	11,750,000	9,372,813
Tot. quar. 26,715,457			Tot. quar. 36,764,843		
April.....	12,320,766	7,356,744	6 months		28,663,843
May.....	13,120,940	9,812,349	end. Sept.		
June.....	12,320,362	9,394,747	30 months	74,428,701	55,027,683
Tot. quar. 37,662,058			Total 9 months	101,142,158	
INCOME ACCOUNT FOR NINE MONTHS ENDING SEPT. 30, 1902.					
Total net earnings 9 months ended Sept. 30, 1902 (see					
introductory remarks).....\$101,142,158					
Deduct—					
For sinking funds.....				\$467,540	
Dep're'n & res'v funds (see remarks below).....				10,306,565	
Interest and sinking fund U. S. Steel Corporation bonds (9 months).....				13,680,000	
					24,454,105
Balance.....					\$76,688,053
Dividends on stocks, viz.:					
Preferred, 5 1/4 per cent.....				\$26,790,258	
Common, 3 per cent.....				15,249,665	
Divs. on outstanding stocks of subsidiary cos.....				148	
					42,040,071

[In June, 1901, a majority of the capital stock of the Shelby Tube Co. was purchased.]

A director was recently quoted as saying:

The heavy increase in the earnings is due largely to the greatly decreased cost of producing the raw material. When the improvements which we now have in mind are completed, the cost of the finished material will be greatly lessened.—V. 75, p. 736, 687.

Western Union Telegraph Company.

(Report for the year ended June 30, 1902.)

President Robert C. Clowry says in substance:

GENERAL RESULTS.—The number of messages transmitted by the employees of the company was 69,374,883, being 3,717,834 more than for the previous year. These figures do not include the messages sent by brokers, press associations and others over the wires they lease from the company, or the messages of railroad companies that are sent between their local stations under the terms of our contracts. The receipts from the transmission of regular commercial messages were increased \$1,348,531 and from leased wires \$451,749. The average tolls for the messages transmitted by the company were 31 cents and the average cost was 25.7 cents. By re-arrangement of the operating force, and through the substitution of direct-working circuits for repeating or relay offices, a reduction of \$385,746 a year in operating expenses has been effected and the service greatly improved.

ADDITIONS.—There was expended for construction during the year \$2,188,101. There were added to the system 2,526 miles of poles; 57,218 miles of wire; 329 offices. Of the newly constructed wires 28,767 miles were of copper.

BONDS.—The \$1,152,000 00 seven p. c. building bonds due May 1, 1902, were paid off. To provide the money necessary for that purpose \$1,000,000 00 4½ per cent funding and real estate mortgage bonds were issued; \$2,000,000 00 of the same class of bonds were also issued on account of improvements, betterments and extensions; \$2,000 collateral trust 5 per cent bonds were exchanged for the same amount of capital stock of the New York Mutual Telegraph Co. The bonded debt has therefore been increased from \$19,560,000 to \$21,504,000.

CONTRACTS.—Since April last contracts have been closed with the following railroad companies:

Southern Railway Company (including Mobile & Ohio RR., etc.).
Atlantic Coast Line RR. (including Plant System, etc.).
Pere Marquette RR.
New York Ontario & Western Ry.
Burland RR.
Tennessee River RR.
Tennessee Central RR.

These contracts cover over 16,800 miles of railroad.

Earnings, Etc.—The results for three years and the miles of poles, etc., at various periods were as follows:

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.				
	1901-02.	1900-01.	1899-00.	
	\$	\$		
Revenues for the year.....	28,073,095	26,354,151	24,758,570	
<i>Expenses—</i>				
Operating and gen'l expenses.....	14,727,407	13,991,830	13,220,009	
Rentals of leased lines.....	1,569,534	1,569,640	1,566,704	
Maintenance and reconstruction.....	3,591,065	3,270,425	2,959,998	
Taxes.....	575,332	520,156	529,469	
Equipment of offices and wires.....	318,428	316,862	317,024	
Total expenses.....	20,780,766	19,668,902	18,593,205	
Profits.....	7,292,329	6,685,243	6,165,364	
<i>Disbursements—</i>				
For interest on bonds.....	992,580	956,160	896,305	
For dividends (5 per cent).....	4,868,031	4,868,008	4,867,984	
For sinking funds.....			9,797	
Total disbursements.....	5,860,611	5,824,168	5,774,086	
Balance of profits.....	1,431,718	801,080	391,273	
Surp. July 1 (beginning of year).....	9,319,285	8,458,205	8,066,928	
Surp. June 30 (end of year).....	10,751,003	9,319,285	8,458,206	
—				
<i>Year. Poles & Wires.</i>	<i>Miles of Wires.</i>	<i>No. of Offices.</i>	<i>Messages.</i>	<i>Profits.</i>
1880-87.....	46,270	55,291	2,065	5,879,282
1887-89.....	85,645	233,934	9,077	29,215,509
1889-90.....	189,988	769,201	21,078	66,591,568
1900-01.....	192,589	972,768	23,238	65,857,049
1901-02.....	196,115	1,029,984	23,567	69,374,883
				28,073,095
— V. 75. p. 265. 294.				7,292,329

—V. 75, p. 565, 294.

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

RAILROADS, INCLUDING STREET ROADS.

Anthracite Coal Roads.—Strike.—At the conference in Washington last week President Roosevelt made a strong appeal to the contestants in the coal strike to sink personal considerations and come to a settlement for the general good. President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers thereupon offered to meet the representatives of the coal companies and if an agreement could not be reached among themselves to allow President Roosevelt to "name a tribunal who shall determine the issues that have resulted in the strike." This proposition the Presidents of the coal roads would not consider, as it involved, they said, the main point at issue, namely the recognition of a largely foreign body and its right to meddle in their affairs. Instead they demanded adequate military protection for the miners at work as the prerequisite to an increased coal output. At the same time they renewed their offer to "continue the wages existing at the time of the strike and to take up at each colliery and adjust any grievance" making this further condition: "If the employers and employees at any particular colliery cannot arrange a satisfactory adjustment of any alleged grievances, it shall be referred to the judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the district in which the colliery is situated for final determination."

On Monday Gov. Stone, of Pennsylvania ordered out the entire National Guard of Pennsylvania, more than 10,000 men, to restore order in the coal fields.

On Tuesday President Roosevelt informed Mr. Mitchell that if he would secure the immediate return to work of the miners in the anthracite regions, "the President will at once appoint a commission to investigate thoroughly into all the matters at issue between the operators and miners, and will do all within his power to obtain a settlement of those questions in accordance with the report of the commission."

On Wednesday all of the local unions in the anthracite regions voted to continue the strike until the companies shall make concessions. On Thursday President Mitchell declined to comply with the appeal of President Roosevelt to call the strike off. Yesterday Mr. Baer and Mr. Thomas, representing the anthracite operators, had a conference with Senators Quay and Penrose, Gov. Odell, Senator Platt and Frank Platt. As a result of the talk Senator Platt says he expects "to hear from the operators next Tuesday as to whether they will make any concessions or not, as we suggested."

The coal operators also yesterday sent to the President a letter demanding that the Federal Government proceed against the miners' organization in the courts, on the ground that it is a conspiracy to prevent inter-State commerce.

In the meantime the coal shortage is becoming so serious that here and there iron furnaces and factories of various kinds are closing for want of fuel, the dealers in this city on Wednesday refusing to sell anthracite in ton lots. Heavy importations of English anthracite will shortly be on their way, several hundred thousand tons, it is stated, having been ordered, including 50,000 tons which J. P. Morgan & Co. announce the International Mercantile Marine Company will hurry to this city for the relief of its poor or its public institutions.

Bituminous Mines.—On October 5 the 4,000 miners in the bituminous mines of the Kanawha & Hocking Coal & Coke Co. at Clarksburg, W. Va., who have been on strike since June 7, voted to return to work, accepting the proposition made to them soon after the strike began, viz., a nine-hour day, pay every two weeks, and give the miners the right to organize.

On Monday about 4,200 miners employed by the Tennessee Coal, Iron & RR. Co. at its coal mines in Alabama struck because the officers of the company refused to aid the Union in collecting the assessment of \$1 a week for the benefit of the striking anthracite miners, a levy which some of the men had refused to pay.—V. 75, p. 782, 665.

Atlantic Coast Line RR.—The shareholders of this company (originally the Atlantic Coast Line RR. Co. of Virginia) will meet Nov. 17 to ratify the purchase of the control of the Louisville & Nashville RR. as stated last week (p. 783). See L. & N. below.—V. 75, p. 782, 341.

Auburn (N. Y.) City Ry.—Consolidation.—See Auburn & Syracuse Electric RR. below.—V. 61, p. 749.

Auburn & Syracuse (N. Y.) Electric RR.—Consolidation.—This company was formed on Oct. 1 by consolidation under the laws of this State of the Auburn City Railway Co. and the Auburn Inter-urban Electric RR., the last named (V. 74, p. 679) having under construction 17 miles of trolley line extending from Skaneateles to Syracuse. The authorized capital stock of the new company is \$1,300,000 in \$100 shares, of which \$800,000 is 6 per cent cumulative preferred and \$500,000 is common stock; present issues \$300,000 common and \$500,000 preferred. A mortgage is to be executed, but the details have not yet been drawn. The directors are:

Hendrick S. Holden, William Nottingham, Lyman C. Smith, Albert K. Hancock, Clifford D. Beebe, Frank O. Soule, Willis A. Holden and Horace H. Pierson, all of Syracuse, and George B. Longstreet, of Auburn.

The road when completed will extend from Auburn to Syracuse, a distance of about 26 miles.

Augusta (Ga.) Ry. & Electric Co.—Purchased—Consolidation.—Interests identified with the Railways & Light Co. of America (which see below) have purchased from Messrs. Jarvis and Conklin and Col. D. B. Dyer, all of New York, a majority of this company's \$1,000,000 capital stock. They have thus obtained control of all the street railway and electric-lighting properties of Augusta, Ga. The purchasers are J. W. Middendorf & Co. of Baltimore, John L. Williams of Richmond, John Blair MacAfee of Philadelphia, Alfred S. Elliott of Wilmington, Del., James U. Jackson of Augusta, Ga. It is proposed to consolidate the property with the new interurban road extending from Augusta to Aiken, S. C., a distance of 28 miles (see V. 75, p. 393), and other interests.

The "Augusta Chronicle" says in substance:

The Augusta Ry. & Electric Co., the North Augusta Electric & Improvement Co., the Augusta & Aiken Ry. Co., the North Augusta Land Co. and the North Augusta Hotel Co. will all be merged into the new Augusta Railway & Light Co. This new company will have a capitalization of \$2,000,000 preferred stock, \$4,000,000 common stock, and \$3,000,000 5 per cent bonds convertible into stock at the option of the holder after five years.

Of the authorized share capital there will be issued at the present time only \$900,000 preferred and \$1,500,000 common stock. Of the \$3,000,000 bonds \$2,000,000 are for the purpose of retiring outstanding bonds and \$1,000,000 are to be held by the trustees for further extensions and improvements. It is probable that the International Trust Co. of Baltimore will be the mortgage trustee.—V. 75, p. 44.

Bellair Zanesville & Cincinnati Ry.—Status.—This road has been currently reported as reorganized under title of Ohio River & Western RR., but J. K. Geddes, Receiver and General Manager, replying to our inquiry, says:

This property is still being operated by the Receiver, and will probably so continue to be until at least the 1st of December, and possibly longer. There are some technical details of the reorganization plans yet to be worked out and therefore I am unable to comply with your request for a copy.—V. 75, p. 1312.

Berkshire (Mass.) Street Ry.—New Stock.—The Massachusetts Railroad Commission has authorized the company to issue at par \$250,000 additional capital stock, to pay floating debt incurred in construction and equipment.—V. 74, p. 1307.

Boone Rockwell City & Northwestern Ry.—Successor.—See Newton & Northwestern Ry. below.—V. 78, p. 1207.

Boston Elevated RR.—Bonds Offered.—Estabrook & Co. and R. L. D. & Co. are offering at 104½ and interest the \$3,550,000 West End Street Ry. 4 p. c. bonds due Aug. 1, 1903; interest payable Feb. 1 and Aug. 1; \$3,000,000 refund a like amount of 6s due Nov. 1, 1903. —V. 75, p. 732, 611.

Boston & Maine RR.—New Stock.—The shareholders on Oct. 8 duly authorized the proposed issue of 10,000 new shares and \$1,000,000 bonds for purposes in V. 75, p. 665.

Bradford Bordell & Kinzua Ry.—No Change in Status.—Secretary J. B. McGeorge informs us that there is no truth in the report that this road was taken over by the Baltimore & Ohio on Oct. 1, it being still operated by its owners. —V. 78, p. 1009.

Canadian Pacific Railway Co.—Annual Meeting—Land Grant Bonds.—The remarks of President Shaughnessy at the annual meeting Oct. 1, regarding the proposed establishment of an Atlantic steamship line, were given last week. The printed proceedings of the meeting quote him further substantially as follows:

The twenty first annual report furnishes most striking evidence of the company's position and of the progress and prosperity of the territory served by its lines. The growing interest in the fertility and productiveness of Northwestern Canada is indicated by the increase in your land sales during the past year. Settlers are coming into Manitoba and the territories in gratifying numbers. Nearly all of them will make excellent farmers and most desirable citizens.

The last of the 5 percent land grant bonds are now being paid off. With the extinguishment of these there will remain against your lands 3½ per cent bonds to the amount of \$15,000,000. Under the terms of the statute and the mortgage by which these bonds are secured, the proceeds of land sales will be deposited with the Dominion Government until the amount reaches the face value of the bonds, the government in the meantime paying interest on the deposits at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum. By referring to the item in the balance sheet of "deferred payments on land sales" which yield 6 per cent per annum, you will see that neither the principal of these bonds nor the interest need, for any lengthy period, give you much concern.

The rapid and pronounced increase in the volume of traffic leaving little opportunity to provide the additional facilities required for handling it economically, caused a perceptible increase in the ratio of working expenses for the year. Expenditures are being made as rapidly as possible to meet present and future requirements. While of course there will be years when, from uncontrollable causes, your revenue will suffer some diminution, it may be safely assumed that the settlement and development of territory now in progress give promise of a general improvement in your earnings during the next few years even more gratifying than the advance made during the past seven years.

Lease.—The lease of the Ottawa Northern & Western Ry. is for 999 years, at an annual rental equal to the interest, payable as follows:

On the bonds bearing not exceeding 4 p. c. interest, payable semi-annually, which the Ottawa Northern & Western is about to issue to retire the bonds now outstanding on its railway and the Inter-provincial Bridge, and to aid in the construction and equipment of an extension from Gracedale to Manitowish and branches, and also on all such bonds in excess of those above mentioned as that company may hereafter issue at the request of this company, the total of all such bonds unpaid or unredeemed not exceeding at any time \$20,000 per mile of railway constructed or under contract to be constructed, and \$1,000,000 in respect of the said Inter-provincial Bridge and approaches. —V. 75, p. 732, 665.

Chicago & Alton Ry.—Suit.—A bill attacking the validity of the 99-year lease of the Chicago & Alton Railroad Co. was filed in Chicago on Oct. 6 by Henry D. Laughlin, a minority stockholder.

Report.—The results for the year ending June 30 compare as follows:

Year.	Gross.	Net.	Div. Inc.	Charges.	Balance.
1901-02....	\$2,036,656	\$3,201,820	\$1,528,359	\$3,904,617	\$25,342
1900-01....	9,226,739	3,440,937	1,531,381	4,123,461	849,907

* See explanation in INVESTORS' SUPPLEMENT for July, 1902.

From the balance as above were paid 4 per cent dividends on preferred in each year amounting to \$781,860, leaving surplus for year of \$43,583 in 1901-2, against \$97,147 in 1900-1. —V. 75, p. 289.

Chicago Burlington & Quincy RR.—Merger.—See Quincy Omaha & Kansas City Ry. below. —V. 75, p. 685, 893.

Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.—New Stock.—The shareholders on Oct. 4 voted to increase the authorized common stock by \$25,000,000, viz.: from \$58,183,900 to \$83,183,900. The preferred stock is \$48,682,400. The directors have not decided how much of the new common stock shall be issued or when the first issue shall take place. The purposes for which the proceeds will be used have not been divulged. Street rumors which are received with varying degrees of credulity are to the effect that a portion of the issue will be distributed as a stock dividend to represent earnings diverted to capital purposes, and that the remainder will provide for some important extensions, as one to the Pacific coast. —V. 75, p. 732.

Cleveland & Pittsburg RR.—Listed.—The New York Stock Exchange has listed \$220,000 additional general mortgage 3½ p. c. Ser. D bonds, making total \$1,988,000. —V. 75, p. 134.

Columbus Sandusky & Hocking RR.—Sale Confirmed.—The sale of the road to Paul D. Cravath of New York for \$2,750,000 was confirmed at Cincinnati on Oct. 7 by the United States Circuit Court. The Court also decided against certain "six months claimants" for a small amount, who may appeal, in which case an amount covering the claims will be held in trust to await the final decision. —V. 75, p. 665.

Consolidated R.R. of Yucatan.—This company, with \$30,000,000 authorized capital stock, is reported to have been formed by merger of all the railroads on the peninsula of Yucatan, viz.:

Merida, Progresso & Ismal; Merida & Valladolid; Ramal & Progreso; Peninsula RR.; Muelle and Almacenes, and Muelle Fiscal and Progreso.

Carlo Peon is President; Nicolas Escafante Peon, Director General.

Dallas (Tex.) Consolidated Electric Street Ry.—Consolidation.—See Dallas Electric Corporation below. —V. 75, p. 29.

Dallas Electric Corporation.—Consolidation—New Securities.—Lee, Higginson & Co. received subscriptions in Boston last week for the stock and bonds of this new New Jersey corporation, organized to control by ownership of bonds and stocks the street railways and lightning plants in the city of Dallas, Texas. The authorized capitalization is as follows: Bonds, 5 p. c. 20-year, gold, secured by mortgage collateral trust deed to the City Trust Co., as trustee, \$4,000,000; preferred stock 5 p. c., non cumulative, \$1,500,000; common stock, \$3,000,000. The immediate issue will be, bonds, \$2,750,000; preferred stock, \$1,350,000; common stock, \$3,000,000. The first year's earnings after improvements and extensions have been made are estimated as follows: Gross earnings, \$600,000; net earnings, \$240,000; interest on bonds, \$187,500; surplus, \$102,500.

The new company will be managed by Stone & Webster of Boston, who recently purchased for its account the control of the Metropolitan Electric Street Ry. of Dallas (V. 75, p. 342, 135, 29), the Dallas Consolidated Electric Street Railway Co., Dallas Electric Co. and the Dallas Electric Light & Power Co. —V. 75, p. 844.

Denver and Gulf RR.—New Line.—This road is now under construction between Enid, Okla., on the St. Louis & San Francisco RR., to Guthrie, Okla., a distance of about 60 miles. Securities have not as yet been issued. The officers are: Breckinridge Jones, (Vice-President and counsel of Mississippi Valley Trust Co.) President, St. Louis; Ed. L. Peckham, V. P. & G. M., Blackwell, Okla.; Henry Semple Ames, Sec'y and Treas., St. Louis.

Evansville & Terre Haute RR.—Report.—The results for the year ending June 30 were:

Year.	Gross.	Net.	Other Inc.	Charges.	Balance.
1901-02....	\$1,453,660	\$704,475	\$39,233	\$415,823	\$328,085
1900-01....	1,393,943	601,640	45,917	415,203	232,354

From balance as above were deducted in 1901-2 for net deficit of Evansville & Indianapolis RR. \$84,054, against \$86,605 in 1900-1, and for depleted equipment, \$189,379; dividends on preferred stock (5 per cent) call for \$64,167 yearly, in addition to which a dividend of 1½ per cent (\$59,794) was paid on the common stock in 1900-1; balance, surplus, \$10,436 in 1901-2, against \$21,788 in 1900-1. —V. 75, p. 549.

Interoceanic Ry., Mexico.—Control by Mexican Government.—It is announced that the Mexican Government has secured control of this company by purchase of a block of the 4½ per cent second debenture stock, the total authorized issue of which is \$1,300,000 (see plan in V. 71, p. 1120). The price is said to have been slightly over 90. It is thought that the property will be leased to Sir Westman Pearson & Sons. See Tehuantepec National Ry. below. —V. 74, p. 680.

Kansas City Peoria & Chicago Ry.—See Quincy Omaha & Kansas City Ry. below. —V. 74, p. 427.

Knoxville (Tenn.) Sevierville & Kimberlin Heights Electric Ry.—Bonds.—The mortgage filed not long ago secures \$1,000,000 of 5 p. c. \$500 and \$1,000 gold bonds due July 1, 1932, interest Jan. 1 and July 1. The sinking fund from 1911 to 1931 is to receive \$25,000 yearly for purchase of the bonds in the open market at a price to yield not less than 4 per cent. Ashley S. Johnson is President. —V. 75, p. 894.

Live Oak & Gulf Ry.—Judgments.—Two judgments aggregating \$5,302 have been obtained in Kings County against this company by Joseph A. Smith. One of the judgments for \$2,607 is also against Alexander B. Silverstein. The road is in operation from Live Oak to Peek, Fla., 20 miles. R. L. Anderson, of Citra, Fla., being President. Outstanding capital stock June 30, 1901, \$100,000; bonds, \$100,000; gross earnings year 1900-01, \$21,476; net over operating expenses, \$11,604.

Louisville & Nashville RR.—Syndicate Payment.—The syndicate formed in connection with the sale of the majority interest in this company to the Atlantic Coast Line has been called upon for the full amount of the underwriting, viz.: 50 p. c. payable Oct. 8 and 50 p. c. payable on Oct. 15. See V. 75, p. 733, 843.

Marietta Columbus & Cleveland RR.—Sale.—This road was lately reported sold to the Little Kanawha RR. and more recently to the Wabash RR. Co. O. D. Ashley, Chairman of the Wabash, informs us that his company, as a corporation, has nothing to do with the Marietta Columbus & Cleveland RR. Whether any of the directors of the Wabash are personally interested in the enterprise he is not informed. —V. 75, p. 666.

Metropolitan Street Ry., Dallas, Tex.—Consolidation.—See Dallas Electric Corporation above. —V. 75, p. 842, 135.

Muskegon Grand Rapids & Indiana RR.—Coupon Payment.—Coupon No. 30, due July 1, 1901, is now being paid at the office of Winslow, Lanier & Co. The surplus April 1, 1902, after paying coupon No. 29, was \$463; the net earnings for the four months, April, 1902, to July, 1902, both inclusive, were \$18,877; total, \$18,939; amount required to pay coupon No. 30, \$18,750; surplus as of Aug. 1, 1902, \$39. —V. 74, p. 1196, V. 73, p. 1313.

Nashville (Tenn.) Ry.—Agreement.—The "Nashville Banner" of Oct. 8 contains the terms of the agreement reached by Mr. Percy Warner and Mayor James M. Head by which

the city is to give its consent to the consolidation of Jan. 28, 1900, and will withdraw all hostile legislation. The company on its part agrees to the following:

(a) To donate Centennial Park (or in lieu thereof \$125,000) to the city for use as a city park; (b) to give 2 per cent of its gross annual receipts to the city until such receipts amount to \$1,000,000, after which it will pay 3 per cent; (c) to pay for the paving of the streets between the tracks and for two feet on each side; (d) to spend \$1,000,000 on improvements immediately, and (e) agrees to allow the city the right to purchase the property after 20 years at a basis which will yield the stockholders the same profits as the road is then earning, computing the operating expenses at a fixed basis of 50 per cent of the receipts of the road.

The agreement is drawn up in the form of a decree of the Supreme Court in the cases now pending before that body on appeal from the Court of Chancery Appeals. This consent decree must first be ratified by the parties to the suits, the Nashville Railway and the Mayor and City Council, and then it will be presented to the Supreme Court to be entered as the decree of that body. The concessions made by the company are thought by some to be perhaps too liberal.—V. 75, p. 493, 135.

New Mexico Ry. & Coal Co.—Not Sold.—This company's lines, which are known as the El Paso & Rock Island and the El Paso & Northeastern, form a part of the new Chicago Rock Island & Pacific route from Chicago to the Pacific and to Mexico, but the frequent reports that the roads have been acquired by the Rock Island are officially stated to be erroneous. The relations are merely of a traffic nature, the Rock Island having comparatively small financial interest in the lines owned by the New Mexico Ry. & Coal Co.—V. 74, p. 827.

Newton & Northwestern RR.—Mortgage.—This company, which succeeds to the property of the Boone Rockwell City & Northwestern RR. Co., has made a mortgage to the Old Colony Trust Co. of Boston, as trustee, to secure \$2,500,000 of 5 per cent 30-year gold bonds dated Oct. 1, 1902, and due Oct. 1, 1932, but subject to call on any interest payment day at 110 and interest. The new company is incorporated to build from Newton to Rockwell City, Iowa, 104 miles. The President is Hamilton Browne; Secretary, Wm. A. Kelley. The Boone Rockwell City & Northwestern extends from Fraser to Gowrie, 21 miles. (See V. 73, p. 1207.)

New York New Haven & Hartford RR.—Steamships.—An officer is quoted as saying that steamship lines will be established between the extensive deep water terminals recently acquired in Boston and European ports, including Antwerp and Manchester, and eventually Liverpool.

Dividend Prospects.—See report in last week's CHRONICLE.—V. 75, p. 729, 667.

New York & Ottawa RR.—Sale Nov. 20.—The foreclosure sale is advertised for Nov. 20 at St. Regis, Franklin County, N. Y. The property to be sold includes the 71 miles of road owned directly, extending from Tupper Lake, N. Y., to the St. Lawrence River at the Cornwall Bridge, and also:

1. 9,910 shares, out of a total issue of 10,000 shares, of the capital stock of the Ottawa & New York Ry. Co., organized under the laws of the Dominion of Canada.
2. 2,495 shares, out of a total issue of 2,500 shares, of the capital stock of Cornwall Bridge Co., organized under laws of New Jersey.
3. \$825,000 par value of the first mortgage four per cent bonds of the Ottawa & New York Ry. Co.
4. \$275,000 par value of the second mortgage six per cent income bonds of the Ottawa & New York Ry. Co. The upset price is \$1,000,000.—V. 75, p. 394.

North Augusta Electric & Improvement Co.—Consolidation.—See Augusta Ry. & Electric Co.—V. 75, p. 394.

Ohio River & Western RR.—See Bellaire Zanesville & Cincinnati above.

Omaha Kansas City & Eastern Ry.—See Quincy Omaha & Kansas City Ry. below.—V. 73, p. 1062.

Oregon Short Line RR.—See Union Pacific RR. below.—V. 75, p. 733, 667.

Ottawa Northern & Western Ry.—Lease.—See Canadian Pacific Ry. above.—V. 74, p. 983.

Pennsylvania Company.—Called Bonds.—Gold 3½ p. c. certificates of 1901 to the amount of \$1,334,000 are called and will be paid at par on Nov. 1 by the Girard Trust Co., Philadelphia.—V. 74, p. 525.

Pennsylvania RR.—Last Instalment.—The final instalment of 50 p. c. upon the \$50,000,000 3½ p. c. 10-year convertible gold bonds is payable between Oct. 20 and Nov. 1. [See advertisement on page vii.] Should the company exercise the option to call these bonds for redemption at 102½ p. c. and accrued interest at any interest period beginning with May 1st, 1904, the holder may convert the same on the day named for redemption into stock at \$70 per \$50 share, on thirty days' written notice to the company. The bonds are also convertible on this basis on May 1, 1904, or any interest day thereafter, at option of purchaser. (V. 74, p. 577)—V. 75, p. 612, 498.

Pittsburg Lisbon & Western RR.—Consolidation.—This company has been organized with \$5,000,000 authorized stock (all common) as a consolidation of the Pittsburg Lisbon & Western Ry., the Salem RR. (V. 73, p. 937), both of Ohio, and the Shenango & Beaver Valley Railway Co. of Pennsylvania. Extensions are said to be proposed to Canton, Ashland and East Liverpool, Ohio, and in Pennsylvania to a connection with the Buffalo Rochester & Pittsburg. Incorporators:

Ex-Congressman Taylor of Ohio, George B. Harvey, J. W. Firestone, J. W. Clark, K. E. Barringer, William Hostetter and N. B. Billingsley.

The road is in operation from New Gatlies, Pa., to Lisbon, O., 25 miles; Salem to Washingtonville, O., 7 miles; coal road, 3 miles; total, 35 miles. The new company will make a mortgage to secure \$1,000,000 bonds, of which \$150,000 to retire present issue of P. L. & W. Railway. The road will remain a steam road.—V. 74, p. 728.

Pittsburg Lisbon & Western Ry.—See P. L. & W. Railroad above.—V. 74, p. 728; V. 63, p. 1178.

Quincy Omaha & Kansas City Ry.—Consolidation.—Articles have been filed showing the purchase by the company of the Omaha Kansas City & Eastern and the Kansas City Peoria & Chicago Ry. companies. All the companies were controlled by the Chicago Burlington & Quincy RR.—V. 74, p. 1062.

Railways & Light Co. of America.—Purchase.—Interest identified with this company have purchased control of the Augusta (Ga.) Ry. & Electric Co., which see above. The Railway & Light Co. also operates the Augusta & Aiken Railway, the street railways at Lexington, Ky.; Knoxville, Tenn.; Macon, Ga.; the Portsmouth Berkeley & Suffolk Water Co., and other properties.—V. 73, p. 1113.

Rochester Syracuse & Eastern (Electric) Ry.—Construction Authorized.—The State Railroad Commission recently granted the company permission to build a trolley road between Rochester to Syracuse, a distance of 90 miles, passing through Fairport, Macedon, Palmyra, Newark, Lyons, Clyde, Port Byron, Woodsport and Jordan. The authorized capital stock is \$2,500,000, but will probably be largely increased. Control of the Monroe County Belt Line has been acquired, and will permit entrance into Rochester. The officers of the R. S. & E. are:

President, Lyman C. Smith, Syracuse; Vice-President, F. W. Beeching, Trenton; Secretary, Chas. A. Lux Clyde; Treasurer, A. K. Hickock, Syracuse; General Manager, Clifford D. Beebe, Syracuse.

St. Lawrence & Adirondack Ry.—Directors.—At the annual meeting on Monday C. H. Burnett, H. L. Sprague and P. W. Clements retired from the board, which now includes:

W. Seward Webb, Chauncey M. Depew, S. R. Callaway, George Bird, Clarence G. Morgan, New York; Edgar Van Etten, Boston; George T. Jarvis and A. G. Adams, Rutland.—V. 75, p. 667, 78.

St. Louis Kansas City & Colorado RR.—Price.—According to the testimony of John Scullin, President of the Wiggins Ferry Co., given in the case of Mrs. Carrie Wann of Chicago against the Mercantile Trust Co. [of St. Louis], he and Ex-Governor D. R. Francis each received approximately \$1,250,000 in cash and \$500,000 Rock Island stock for their holdings in the road.—St. Louis "Globe-Democrat."—V. 74, p. 938.

St. Louis & Suburban (Electric) Ry.—Consolidation.—The shareholders on September 24 voted (1) to increase the capital stock of the parent company to \$7,500,000, and (2) to make a new mortgage to secure an issue of \$7,500,000 20-year 5 per cent bonds. Of the bonds, \$3,800,000 are to be reserved for the sole purpose of retiring bonded indebtedness now outstanding.

The proposed merger of the Brentwood Clayton & St. Louis Ry., the St. Louis & Kirkwood RR. and the St. Louis & Suburban Ry. has not yet taken place. All that has been done in that direction is to obtain the consent of the County Court and the municipal authorities of Kirkwood to the proposed action.

About \$1,000,000 is to be spent in the reconstruction of the lines and in new equipment. The work is progressing rapidly, the road between Sarah Street and Union Boulevard being about completed. The capital stock of the St. Louis & Meramec River RR. Co. has been increased from \$3,000,000 to \$3,000,000.—V. 75, p. 295, 78.

Salem RR.—Consolidation.—See Pittsburg Lisbon & Western Ry. above.—V. 72, p. 937.

San Pedro Los Angeles & Salt Lake Ry.—See Union Pacific RR. below.—V. 74, p. 938.

Seaboard Air Line Ry.—Birmingham Terminal.—An agreement has been reached with the St. Louis & San Francisco RR. Co. in connection with Birmingham terminal matters which settles all differences between the two companies as to street franchises. While the arrangement does not affect the ownership of the Birmingham Belt Line, which still remain the property of the Frisco, it gives the Seaboard trackage rights which will enable it to get into and through Birmingham.

Searcy & Des Arc RR.—Merged.—This road, extending from Searcy to Des Arc, Ark., 24½ miles, was recently purchased by the Rock Island, and is now operated in connection with the Choctaw Oklahoma & Gulf RR.

Southern Ry.—Listed.—The New York Stock Exchange has listed the voting trust certificates of the Southern Railway, stamped by J. P. Morgan & Co. in accordance with the agreement extending the voting trust for five years more.

Regular Dividend.—The regular semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent on the preferred stock, which was deferred in connection with the extension of the voting trust, has been declared payable Oct. 31 on stock of record Oct. 20.—V. 75, p. 734, 612.

South & Western Ry.—Coal Properties.—See Crane's Nest Co. under "Industrials."—V. 75, p. 291, 78.

Tehuantepec National Ry.—New Contract.—A new contract has been made between the Mexican Government and the firm of Sir Weetman Pearson & Sons of London, replac-

ing the contract of 1899. The text of the contract has been filed in the United States Bureau of Foreign Commerce. It provides in part as follows:

The Government and the firm enter into partnership to exploit the railway and the ports of Salina Cruz and Coatzacoalcas. The corporate capital is \$5,000,000 Mexican (\$1,075,000) and the time of the partnership is fifty-one years, beginning the 1st of July. The contractors will be entitled to regard the contract as rescinded if there has been a loss of capital amounting to \$4,000,000 (\$1,660,000). [Compare V. 74, p. 96.]

Toronto Ry.—New Stock.—The shareholders on Oct. 6 authorized the increase of the capital stock from \$6,000,000 to \$7,000,000 "for development purposes." The new stock will be allotted to shareholders at par. Radial railways and the bringing of power from Niagara are projects reported under consideration.—V. 75, p. 667.

Union Pacific RR.—Agreement.—The contest between the interests back of this company on the one hand and Senator W. A. Clark and the San Pedro Los Angeles & Salt Lake Ry. Co. on the other, regarding the Salt Lake Los Angeles route, appears to have been settled, but upon what basis is not made public. Senator Clark denies the report that he is to buy the line of the Oregon Short Line from Salt Lake to Calientes, Nev. [848 miles].—V. 75, p. 613, 395.

Union Ry., Memphis, Tenn.—Bonds, Etc.—The shareholders on Sept. 17 authorized the sale of \$300,000 of the new bond issue and the closing of a contract with Guy Phillips, of New York, for the work of constructing the belt line. George J. Gould is quoted as saying that he is willing to make an agreement with the other roads which enter Memphis to build a union station, but if they will not consent to that, he will build a station for the Gould lines alone; also that unless he can secure a reduction of 50 per cent in the tolls for crossing the Memphis bridge, he will build another bridge across the river.—V. 75, p. 443, 241.

United Railways & Electric Co., Baltimore.—Bonds.—A Baltimore paper says: "The Mercantile Trust & Deposit Co. of Baltimore has withdrawn its offer for the \$600,000 of 5 per cent car-trust certificates on account of legal objections to the provisions of the loan, it being alleged that part of the cars had been paid for and were therefore included under the general mortgage of the railway."—V. 75, p. 667, 31.

United Railways Investment Co. of San Francisco.—Listed.—The New York Stock Exchange has listed \$15,000,000 5 p. c. cumulative preferred and \$10,000,000 common stock. See United RR. of San Francisco below.—V. 75, p. 734, 343.

United Railroads of San Francisco.—Earnings.—The earnings for the half-year ended June 30, 1903, were:

Gross earnings.	Net earnings.	Inc. (net).	Int rest on bonds.	Sinking fund.	Balance, surplus.
\$541,998	\$1,001,409	\$8,579	\$562,025	\$52,000	\$395,983

* Includes 3 months' interest on the \$20,000,000 outstanding 4 p. c. gold bonds of 1902.—V. 75, p. 78.

Utica & Mohawk Valley Ry.—Earnings.—This company, which was formed Nov. 27, 1901, by consolidation of the Utica Belt Line, the Utica & Mohawk, etc., has filed its report with the State Railroad Commission for the seven months ended June 30 last, showing: Gross earnings, \$240,119; net earnings, \$87,734; other income, \$2,150; total income, \$89,874; charges, \$68,892; surplus, \$20,982.—V. 73, p. 1265.

Washington (D. C.) Railway & Electric Co.—Consolidation of Light Plants.—See Potomac Electric Power Co. under Industrials.—V. 74, p. 428.

Waterloo & Cedar Falls Rapid Transit Co.—Mortgage.—The new bonds referred to last week are part of an authorized issue of \$800,000 5 p. c. \$1,000 gold bonds, secured by mortgage to the Northern Trust Co. of Chicago, as trustee. They are due in 1923, but the entire issue is subject to call for payment at any time on 60 days' notice; sinking fund \$15,000 yearly, beginning in 1907. The amount outstanding is \$600,000, covering 56 miles of track. The interest is payable April 1 and October 1.—V. 75, p. 734.

Worcester & Connecticut Eastern Ry.—Bond Sale.—The company has sold to Thompson, Tenny & Crawford \$3,050,000 of 4½ p. c. first mortgage sinking fund gold bonds, part of an authorized issue of \$3,100,000, of which \$1,050,000 is held in escrow for improvements and additions, construction and acquisition of connecting railways. [See page 90 of STREET RAILWAY SUPPLEMENT]. The directors are:

H. H. Porter Jr., Chas. F. Crocker, Geo. J. Brush, Edwin Milner, F. A. Curtis, H. M. Koehersperger, Fred. A. Jacobs, E. D. Robbins and E. H. Sanderson.—V. 70, p. 345.

INDUSTRIAL, GAS AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Albmarle & Chesapeake Canal Co.—Default.—The coupons due July 1, 1903, remain unpaid. The bondholders' committee is still at work.—V. 74, p. 92.

Alliance Realty Co.—Directors.—New Directors.—Walter T. Roen of Ladsburg, Thalmann & Co., F. S. Smithers, of F. S. Smithers & Co., and George L. Peabody of Lee, Higginson & Co., have been elected to the board of directors. The other members are:

Frederick Southack (President), Charles Francis Adams 2d, Alwyn Ball Jr., Charles T. Barney, Edwin M. Bulkeley, Henry O. Havemeyer, John R. Hoxeman, James J. Higginson, James H. Post, Geo. R. Read and William A. Read.

Dividend.—The directors on Monday declared "a dividend of 1½ per cent out of the net income of the company, without regard to profits."—V. 75, p. 734, 79.

American Car & Foundry Company.—Earnings.—In connection with the regular dividend payments announced this week, the company submits the following statement showing the net earnings and the disposition of the same for the period ending Aug. 31, 1903, contrasting as follows with the results for the corresponding four months last year:

	1902.	1901.
Total surplus April 30, as per annual report.....	\$6,670,551	\$5,074,950
Net earnings for four months ending Aug. 31.....	2,332,000	1,086,864
Total.....	\$8,992,551	\$6,161,814
Deduct quarterly dividend paid Aug. 1 and Nov. 1.....		
Preferred stock, each 1¼ p. c. (3½ p. c.).....	\$1,050,000	\$1,050,000
Common stock, each ½ p. c. (\$150,000. (1 p. c.).....	300,000	300,000

Balance Aug. 31, after deducting half-year's dividends.....\$7,642,551 \$4,811,814

The question of an increase of dividend on the common stock was discussed by the directors, but action on it was postponed for consideration at the next quarterly meeting.—V. 75, p. 27.

Associated Merchants' Co.—First Dividend on Common Stock.—A first quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent on the common stock will be paid Dec. 1, 1903, to shareholders of record Nov. 20.—V. 75, p. 440.

Bay State Gas Co.—Suff.—See Massachusetts Gas companies below.—V. 75, p. 187, 79.

Berlin (Paper) Mills Co.—New Bonds Offered.—H. W. Poor & Co., Boston, are offering at par and interest a block of this company's new \$3,750,000 first mortgage serial 5 p. c. gold bonds, dated Aug. 1, 1903, denomination \$1,000, payable \$100,000 annually, Aug. 1, 1905 to 1930, inclusive, and \$150,000 Aug. 1, 1931, but subject to call for payment on any interest day on or after Aug. 1, 1907, at 110 and interest; interest payable Feb. 1 and Aug. 1 at the Old Colony Trust Co., trustees, Boston.

A circular says in part:

The company has contracted to develop its "Cross" and "Cascade" water powers on the Androscoggin River [below the present plant in Berlin, N. H.] to produce 8,000 net horse power, and is to erect a newspaper mill, and also a sulphite fibre plant, the latter of a capacity sufficient to supply pulp for 150 tons daily of finished paper, which is to be the capacity of the completed plants, including an enlargement of the present paper mill at Berlin. To provide for these improvements the company has issued \$500,000 5 p. c. preferred stock and \$3,750,000 5 p. c. bonds, dated Aug. 1, 1902, secured by first mortgage on the following property: Timber lands, 142,377 acres, \$1,700,000; "Cross" and "Cascade" water powers developed, \$560,000; new mill and equipment, \$1,338,000; addition to present mill and equipment, \$354,000; new sulphite fibre plant, \$350,000; total (engineers' valuation), \$4,202,000.

The bonds of 1902 are also secured by a second mortgage upon all property pledged under the \$1,000,000 mortgage dated Jan. 5, 1899, valued at that time at about \$3,000,000; \$150,000 of said bonds have been already paid off and \$50,000 are payable on Jan. 1 of each year. The property securing the bonds of 1899 consists of timber lands, 206,480 acres, \$2,300,000, and manufacturing plant at Berlin, \$700,000.

The company covenants that it will annually, on or before Aug. 1, pay to the trustees the sum of \$175 for every 1,000 feet of logs cut upon the mortgaged premises during the preceding logging season, such moneys to be applied to the payment of bonds of 1902 maturing in such year; and thereafter toward the retirement by lot of bonds maturing in or after the year 1917, or earlier [provided no bonds of later maturity are outstanding]. This provision becomes operative Aug. 1, 1905, on which date the company covenants to pay to the trustee for the same purpose a sum of money estimated in the same manner, to cover cuttings during the two logging seasons next preceding said date.

The Berlin Mills Co. was incorporated in 1888 under the laws of Maine with a full-paid capital stock of \$500,000, which was increased in 1892 to \$1,000,000, and again in 1902 to the present capital of \$2,500,000. Its 350,000 acres of selected spruce timber lands owned in fee in Maine and New Hampshire are well located, lying mostly within the drainage of the Androscoggin River. Besides the Berlin plant, including water power, the company owns a smaller lumber mill in Farmington, Me., and a planing mill, wharf property, office, etc., in Portland, Me., and has a one-half ownership in the \$1,000,000 stock of the Burgess Sulphite Fibre Co.

Upon the completion of a full year's operation of the entire plant, the company estimates earnings to be at least as follows: Net earnings on basis of present plant, \$203,000; net earnings from new plant, additional, \$250,000; total, net earnings, \$453,000; 5 per cent interest on \$2,450,000 bonds to be outstanding Jan. 1, 1905, \$172,500; surplus earnings, \$280,500; stumpage on basis of present plant (to be increased to supply new plant), \$30,000; total, \$360,500; annual payment on account of principal, \$150,000, surplus for dividends, \$210,500. [The present earnings are based on the average results for the four years ended Nov. 30, 1901.]

The same firm is off-ring at 107½ and accrued dividend a limited amount of the company's \$500,000 6 p. c. cumulative preferred stock, subject to call at \$120 per \$100 share. The common stock is \$2,000,000, all full-paid.—V. 68, p. 250.

Buffalo & Susquehanna Iron Co.—Lease of Mesaba Iron Ore Deposits.—The "Monthly Bulletin of Investments," published by Fisk & Robinson, says:

In connection with the announcement of our purchase of \$3,000,000 of first mortgage 5 per cent gold bonds of this company, the statement was made that negotiations by the company for the control of deposits of iron ore in the Lake Superior district were well advanced. We are now authorized to say that a fifty-year lease of valuable ore lands on the famous Mesaba Range near Hibbing, Minn., has been secured. The tract acquired is known to contain not less than 10,000,000 tons of ore, and drilling explorations now under way are expected to reveal much more. The top of the bed lies only 150 feet below the surface of the ground. The work of construction of the furnaces at Buffalo is progressing satisfactorily, and it is expected that the plant will be in operation by September, 1903.—V. 76, p. 79.

California Gas & Electric Corporation.—Bonds.—The shareholders will vote at the office, No. 824 Pine St., San Francisco, on the question of creating \$10,000,000 of 30-year 5 p. c. \$1,000 gold bonds, secured by a trust deed or mortgage of all property now owned or hereafter acquired. A. W. Linforth is Secretary.—V. 74 p. 990; V. 73, p. 1266.

Chicago Pneumatic Tool Co.—Earnings.—The results for the nine months ended Oct. 1, 1902, are reported as follows: Total sales, \$1,474,797, contrasting with \$964,000 by constituent companies for year 1901; net earnings, \$584,649; depreciation, \$42,836; two quarterly dividends of 2 p. c. each on the \$5,300,000 stock (all common) \$212,000; balance, \$339,813. Another dividend of 2 p. c. was paid Oct. 10.—V. 74, p. 1310.

City & Suburban Telegraph (Bell Telephone) Association of Cincinnati.—New Stock.—The stockholders of record Nov. 1 will be entitled to purchase \$173,350 new stock at par at the rate of one share [par \$50] for every 20 shares held.—V. 72, p. 483.

Dallas (Tex.) Electric Light & Power Co.—Consolidation.—See Dallas Electric Corporation under "Railroads" above.—V. 75, p. 344, 137.

Dallas (Tex.) Electric Co.—Consolidation.—See Dallas Electric Corporation under "Railroads" above.—V. 75, p. 344, 137.

Fulton (N. Y.) Fuel & Light Co.—Purchase.—Noble, Moss & Co. of Detroit purchased the plant of the Phoenix Natural Gas Co. and have organized the Fulton Fuel & Light Co., with a capital stock of \$125,000. The officers are: James A. Foster, Fulton, N. Y., President; H. W. Noble, Detroit, Vice President; Wm. Moss, Detroit, Treasurer; and C. W. Tippey, recently Assistant General Superintendent of the Detroit City Gas Co., Secretary and General Manager.

The new company will erect an artificial-gas plant, as the natural gas is giving out.

Houston (Tex.) Water Co.—Proposition to Purchase.—The city recently brought suit against the company for \$116,596 for breach of contract to supply sufficient fire pressure. Subsequently, on Sept. 15, the City Council passed a resolution announcing that the city is able and ready to issue bonds for the purchase or building of a water works plant, and inviting the company to put a price upon its plant and state its terms of sale under contract of Nov. 30, 1878.—V. 63, p. 871.

International Mercantile Marine Co.—Additional 30 Per Cent of Underwriting Called.—J. P. Morgan & Co. have issued a call for 30 per cent additional of the underwriting, payable Oct. 10, making 80 per cent called to date (see V. 74, p. 941, 1098).—V. 75, p. 735.

International Paper Co.—Competition.—See Berlin Mills Co. above.—V. 75, p. 440.

Jones & Laughlin Steel Co.—Bonds Authorized.—The shareholders on Wednesday ratified the proposition to issue \$10,000,000 bonds. None of the bonds will be offered to the public.—V. 75, p. 669, 242.

Kanawha & Hocking Coal & Coke Co.—Strike Over.—See "Anthracite Coal Roads" under "Railroads" above.—V. 74, p. 481.

Lincoln Water & Light Co.—Officers.—The following directors are announced:

Charles E. Kimball (President) and Edward Bruce Hill of New York City; P. B. Warren, O. Millard and Ralph Blaisdell of Springfield, Ill.

Thomas C. Wellman of New York City is Secretary and Treasurer. It is expected that the property of the former Lincoln Water, Light & Power Co. will be taken over shortly.—V. 75, p. 613.

Lowe Coke & Gas Security Co.—Stock Paid In.—A certificate has been filed at Wilmington, Del., showing that capital stock of \$30,145,000 had been paid in.—V. 75, p. 133.

Massachusetts Gas Companies.—No Foreclosure.—Earnings.—The "Boston News Bureau" says:

We understand that all of the New England Gas & Coke 5 p. c. bonds and all of the stock, with the exception of a couple of hundred shares, have been deposited under the reorganization plan. There will be no foreclosure sale of the property, a settlement having been effected out of court. Receiver Burnett has turned over to the Massachusetts Gas Companies all the assets in his possession, and the New England Gas & Coke Co. is now but a memory. We are informed that the new company is at the present time showing net earnings, from the operation of the Everett plant and the Massachusetts Pipe Line Co. and from the treasury assets, of 4 p. c. on the preferred stock and about 4 p. c. on the common stock. Dividends on the Massachusetts Gas preferred commenced to accrue Dec. 1, 1902, and are payable on the first days of June and December in each year. The company has plans in view for extensions and betterments that will materially increase its business and profits.

When the receiver was relieved of his trust, he turned over a cash balance to the new company of \$413,953, obtained as follows: Profits from operation of Everett plant (6 mos.), \$214,453; dividends and interest on treasury securities, \$199,500. The Court provided for the payment of the \$244,748 receiver's certificates and the \$85,968 expenses of the receivership through the sale of certain treasury assets.

Large stockholding interests in the Bay State Gas Co. of Delaware are understood to have in preparation a suit against the Mercantile Trust Co. and H. H. Rogers and F. W. Walbridge individually as trustees, to recover large damages for alleged breach of trust in connection with the attempted turning over of the properties to the Whitney interests in 1896, which resulted in endless litigation and finally a default and receivership. This suit will not affect Kidder, Peabody & Co. and their associates in consolidating the Boston companies, as they are not a party to the complaint. With the New Jersey Co. in the hands of a receiver, and a default in the payment of the sinking fund and interest of the Boston United Gas 1st and 2d series bonds, any equity that the Bay State Gas Co. of Delaware might have in the Boston field will be wiped out. This leaves a clear road for Kidder, Peabody & Co. and associates to recognize the Boston companies through the Boston United Gas 1st and 2d series bonds. To date 95 p. c. of the 1st series and 85 p. c. of the 2d series bonds have been deposited under the call of the Massachusetts Gas people.

The New England Gas & Coke Co. has given the Massachusetts Gas Companies' trustees a mortgage for \$3,000,000, covering the Everett plant, real estate, etc.—V. 75, p. 786, 552.

New England Asbestos Mining & Milling Co.—Increase of Stock.—At a meeting in Fall River on Sept. 29 the shareholders voted to increase the capital from \$500,000 to \$1,500,000, to purchase three Canadian asbestos mines—the Baver at Thetford, the Johnson at Black Lake and the Broughton, P. Q., mine. The purchase price of these mines is \$675,000, of which the present owners of the properties are willing to take \$330,000 in stock. G. Frank Allen is President.

New Long Distance Telephone Co.—Dividend.—A dividend of 8 per cent was paid Oct. 1 on the \$753,200 capital stock and, it is announced, that on Jan. 15, 1903, quarterly dividends of 1 per cent will be begun. The company is said to have 718 miles of pole line and 2,148 circuit miles of wire. See V. 75, p. 669.

Northern California Power Co.—Listed in California.—The San Francisco Stock & Bond Exchange has listed \$425,000 of the authorized issue of \$1,000,000 30-year 5 per cent bonds; sinking fund first six years 8½ p. c. of the gross earnings; next ten years 4 p. c.; last fourteen years 5 p. c. Should the bonds not be obtainable at 110, the trustee can invest the fund in other bonds.—V. 74, p. 1200.

Pacific Coast Co.—Dividends Increased.—The company on Thursday declared quarterly dividends of 1¼ per cent on all three classes of stock, payable Nov. 1 on stock of record Oct. 17. The rate upon the common was raised from 4 to 5 per cent, and under the provision entitling the second preferred to participate equally with the common in dividends in excess of 4 per cent, a like increase was ordered in the distribution on those shares. This will increase by about \$106,000 annually the dividend charge below shown.

Earnings.—The report for the year ended June 30, 1902, shows:

Fiscal year.	Gross earnings.	Net earnings.	Total net income.	Charges and impositions.	Divid. paid.	Balance.
1901-02.....	\$5,074,307	\$1,088,661	\$1,129,806	\$464,004	\$511,250	\$145,602
1900-01.....	5,137,546	1,150,870	1,203,719	472,108	516,250	225,361
1899-00.....	5,290,448	1,404,768	1,461,864	478,739	635,937	427,125

—V. 73, p. 653, 903.

Phoenix Iron Co.—Dividends.—The director have declared a quarterly dividend of \$1 75 per share upon the \$300,000 cumulative preferred stock, and a dividend of \$3 per share on the \$700,000 common stock, both payable Oct. 31 to stockholders of record Oct. 8.—V. 69, p. 909.

Potomac Electric Power Co.—Consolidation.—The United States Electric Lighting Co. and the Potomac Electric Power Co., both controlled by the Washington Railway & Electric Co., and together supplying all the electricity for public lighting and power purposes in the District of Columbia, were consolidated on Sept. 30 under the title of the Potomac Company, per plan in V. 75, p. 555 (under "Washington Gas & Electric Co."). Just prior to the consolidation the United States Company made a mortgage to secure its \$300,000 improvement 6s, due in 1907, and the \$350,000 6 per cent certificates of indebtedness due in the same year.

In accordance with the plan already referred to (V. 75, p. 555), the Potomac Company will shortly cancel its \$350,000 bonds (owned by the Washington Ry. & Electric Co.) and make a mortgage to secure \$2,500,000 of new bonds. Of the new issue \$650,000 will be reserved to retire at maturity the aforesaid securities of the United States Company, \$350,000 will be used to discharge existing debts and provide for extensions and improvements, and \$1,000,000 will be reserved for future requirements. The new bonds will not be guaranteed either as to principal or interest by the Washington Railway & Electric Company; they are dated Oct. 1, 1902, and will mature Oct. 1, 1927; interest 4½%, payable April and October, in gold; trustee, Commercial Trust Co. of New Jersey. There are none issued as yet.

The consideration paid for the property of the United States Company was \$3,250,000 of the stock of the Potomac Company and the latter has accordingly increased its capital stock from \$1,000,000 to \$5,000,000.—V. 69, p. 324.

San Joaquin Electric Co., Fresno, Cal.—Sale Oct. 23.—The foreclosure sale is set for Oct. 23 at Madera, Cal. The upset price is \$350,000. See description of property in V. 74, p. 330.

Steel Steamship Co.—Bonds Offered.—The Federal Trust Co. of Cleveland has recently been placing at par and interest this company's \$600,000 5 per cent first mortgage \$1,000 gold bonds, dated June 1, 1902, due in series (A, B, C, etc.) of \$50,000 each, from Dec. 1, 1903, to Dec. 1, 1914, both inclusive. The bonds are secured by a first mortgage to the Federal Trust Co., as trustee, on five new steel freight steamers, each of 6,000 tons capacity; total cost \$1,200,000. The capital stock is \$1,000,000, of which \$300,000 has been issued. The company is an Ohio corporation entailing upon the stockholders a liability of twice the amount of the stock. J. C. Gilchrist is President.—V. 74, p. 156.

Suburban Gas Co. of Philadelphia.—Bonds Offered.—Dick Brothers & Co. of this city and Philadelphia, brokers, offer at 101½ and interest \$400,000 of this company's present issue of \$500,000 first mortgage 5 per cent sinking fund \$1,000 gold bonds, dated April 1, 1902, due April 1, 1933, but subject to redemption at 108 and interest, April 1, 1907.—V. 73, p. 1316.

Tennessee Coal Iron & RR.—Strike.—See "Anthracite Coal Roads" under "Railroads" above.—V. 75, p. 631, 136.

Reports and Documents.

READING COMPANY.

FIFTH ANNUAL REPORT—FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1902.

READING COMPANY, GENERAL OFFICE, }
PHILADELPHIA, October 13, 1902. }

To the Stockholders of Reading Company:

The Board of Directors submit their report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902, of Reading Company, the Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company and The Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Company.

The joint operations of the three Companies for the past fiscal year, as compared with the previous fiscal year, were as follows:

	1901-1902.	1900-1901.
Total gross receipts of three Companies.	\$61,347,193 25	\$62,143,471 50
Total gross expenses of three Companies.	45,135,549 59	46,621,008 15
	\$16,211,643 66	\$15,522,463 35
Total gross fixed charges and taxes of three Companies.	13,832,817 46	12,859,376 30

Net earnings of three Companies before payment of Reading Company's dividends and General Mortgage Sinking Fund.	\$2,378,926 20	\$2,663,087 05
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The increase of the total fixed charges and taxes of the three Companies resulted principally from the payment of a full year's interest last year upon the Jersey Central Collateral Trust bonds, as against three months' interest included in the accounts of the previous year, and the payment of interest on Car Trust certificates Series B and C issued during the year.

This increase of fixed charges is offset by the increased earnings from the same sources.

The net result of the business of the three Companies for the past fiscal year was as follows:

READING COMPANY.	1901-1902.
Income.	\$5,312,129 10
Expenses.	82,347 93
	\$5,229,781 17
Net earnings.	3,593,835 48
Fixed charges and taxes.	
	\$1,335,945 69
Out of which was paid:	
General Mortgage Sinking Fund.	\$443,935 29
Dividend First Preferred Stock, March 8, 1902, at 2 per cent.	560,000 00
	1,003,935 29
Surplus.	\$332,010 40

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY COMPANY.	1901-1902.
Receipts.	\$29,515,534 56
Operating expenses.	16,516,495 70
	\$12,999,038 86
Net earnings.	\$246,044 35
Insurance fund.	666,133 05
Equipment renewal.	1,341,325 81
Improvements.	2,253,503 21
	10,745,535 65
Fixed charges and taxes.	9,519,123 48
	\$1,226,412 17
Surplus.	\$1,558,422 57

PHILADELPHIA & READING COAL & IRON COMPANY.

	1901-1902.
Receipts.	\$26,519,529 59
Expenses.	24,156,892 93
	\$2,362,636 66
Net earnings.	
New work at collieries.	863,428 15
Interest at 1½ per cent on debt to Reading Company.	988,780 61
Depletion of lands fund (5 cents a ton on coal mined).	374,101 06
	2,126,309 82
Fixed charges and taxes.	286,326 84
	419,858 50
Deficit.	183,531 66
Surplus of three Companies for year ended June 30, 1902.	\$1,374,890 91
Accumulated surplus of three Companies from Dec. 1, 1896, to June 30, 1901.	\$3,871,723 97
Less Dividend on First Preferred Stock, paid Sept. 10, 1901, out of Reading Company's surplus.	560,000 00
	3,311,723 97
Total surplus June 30, 1902.	\$4,686,614 88

The net addition for the year to the total surplus of the three Companies was \$1,374,890 91, making the total surplus as of June 30, 1902, \$4,686,614 88. The experience of the last few months, during which the anthracite traffic on the Company's lines has been suspended through the strike among the miners, has demonstrated the wisdom of maintaining a sufficient surplus.

The stock issued under the Reorganization Plan provides that "The First Preferred Stock is entitled to non-cumulative dividends at the rate of, but not exceeding, four per cent per annum, in each and every fiscal year, in preference and priority to any payment in or for such fiscal year of any dividend on other stock; but only from undivided net profits of the Company when as determined by the Board of Directors, and only if and when the Board shall declare dividends therefrom."

The earnings for the fiscal year, therefore, form the basis of dividends. The fiscal year ends 30th of June, and the accounts must be made up and books closed as of June 30th. The practice has been, for convenience of accounting, to charge up the dividends paid during the fiscal year without reference to the time when earned. The September dividend of 1901 was paid out of the earnings of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901. In the above statement this dividend is not charged against the income of the present fiscal year, but it is deducted from the surplus shown by the last report, to wit: Surplus fiscal year June 30, 1901, \$3,871,723 97, from which deduct dividend of September, 1901, \$560,000, leaving a balance of accumulated surplus, \$3,311,723 97.

Improvements, insurance, equipment renewals, the new work at collieries and the payment into the depletion of coal lands fund have all been charged to expenses.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY COMPANY.

The receipts of the Railway Company from the several classes of business for the last seven years (the period in each case being the twelve months ending June 30) were as follows:

	Year ended June 30.						
	1901-1902.	1900-1901.	1899-1900.	1898-1899.	1897-1898.	1896-1897.	1895-1896.
Coal Traffic.	\$12,436,159 44	\$12,391,307 46	\$11,371,202 77	\$10,085,700 82	\$9,931,895 97	\$9,535,676 77	\$9,706,230 98
Merchandise Traffic.	11,205,307 46	10,079,427 41	9,750,001 77	7,824,888 41	7,183,169 88	6,455,030 63	7,141,240 22
Passenger Traffic.	4,380,705 14	4,861,392 52	4,437,849 70	4,012,728 77	3,877,546 68	3,763,890 07	3,994,328 60
Miscellaneous.	528,836 28	469,126 87	436,084 32	420,364 58	399,951 21	377,529 21	382,182 17
Mail.	119,369 82	116,167 38	113,994 97	112,510 23	112,677 90	103,187 51	100,780 15
Total P. & R. Ry.	\$29,170,378 14	\$27,617,421 54	\$26,109,733 53	\$22,456,192 81	\$21,475,241 64	\$20,235,294 19	\$21,324,761 42
Other sources.	345,156 42	726,748 18	793,253 66	546,394 82	511,592 60	511,570 13	656,863 82
Total.	\$29,515,534 56	\$28,344,169 72	\$26,902,987 19	\$23,002,587 63	\$21,986,834 24	\$20,746,864 32	\$21,981,625 24

The gross receipts of the Railway Company increased \$1,171,364 84 over those of the previous year, notwithstanding the loss of anthracite tonnage in May and June, and the surplus for the year increased \$659,791 31; but the payments on account of fixed charges and taxes, insurance fund, equipment renewals and improvements were \$263,001 75 less than during the previous year.

[The details of the accounts will be found in the Comptroller's report, to other with other extended statements, in the pamphlet report.]

The tonnage of anthracite carried decreased from 10,523,891 tons in 1900-1901 to 9,465,953 tons in 1901-1902, a loss of 1,057,938 tons, or 10·05 per cent, and the tonnage of bituminous coal increased from 5,018,491 tons to 6,087,088 tons, a gain of 1,068,597 tons, or 21·29 per cent. The revenue from

coal traffic increased from \$12,391,307 46 to \$12,436,159 44, a gain of \$44,851 98, or ·36 per cent.

Merchandise traffic increased from 14,535,083 tons to 16,413,700 tons, a gain of 1,878,617, or 12·93 per cent, and the earnings therefrom increased from \$10,079,427 41 to \$11,205,307 46, a gain of \$1,125,880 05, or 11·17 per cent.

The number of passengers increased from 22,697,295 to 24,987,177, a gain of 2,289,882, or 10·09 per cent, and the passenger revenue increased from \$4,561,392 52 to \$4,880,705 14, a gain of \$319,312 62, or 7·00 per cent.

IMPROVEMENTS.

The sum of \$1,341,325 81 was spent during the last fiscal year for improvements and charged to expenses. These improvements were as follows:

Real Estate	\$159,277 52
Extension of main, second and third tracks	187,676 50
Passing and lay-off sidings; cross over tracks	8,547 39
Yard tracks; depot and shop tracks; coal yard tracks;	203,851 14
factory tracks	221,244 94
Steel and iron bridges, stone bridges and culverts	164,208 60
Interlocking plants and signals	171,872 74
Passenger stations and shelters; freight stations, water	63,413 09
and fuel stations	105,725 43
Shop and engine houses; turn-tables	50,707 83
Docks and wharves	
Sundries	
	\$1,341,325 81

The real estate acquired during the past year was mainly for the improvement of the terminal facilities at Harrisburg, and for double-tracking of the Chestnut Hill Railroad, for the new freight yards at Pottstown and for the ultimate extension of the yard room in the vicinity of Spring Mill on the Main Line. Numerous pieces of real estate were acquired at various points on the line to provide additional freight facilities and for like purposes.

The principal part of the expenditure for tracks, etc., was made in the change of the alignment and the elimination of grade crossings at D. & M. Junction and the construction of new second track between Boiling Springs and Carlisle Junction, on the Philadelphia Harrisburg & Pittsburg Railroad; the construction of a new third track between Birdsboro and Monocacy on the Main Line, in connection with the Reading Belt Railroad; the construction of new second track on the Chestnut Hill Railroad, to facilitate the operation of that line; and the construction of new third and fourth tracks at Nicetown, a part of the extensive improvements made in the last few years in the vicinity of Wayne Junction, designed to provide for the steady increase in the suburban traffic. A number of new colliery branches were built and some additional second and third tracks laid where the traffic is heaviest.

The expenditures for new passing and lay-off sidings were made at various points, but were not very large in any particular locality.

The expenditures for yard tracks were nearly as large in the past year as they were during the preceding year. This resulted largely from the completion of the extensive work at Rutherford, near Harrisburg, and at Abrams, near Philadelphia, and of the additional track at Port Richmond, which were laid in connection with the new pier "D," and to provide other freight facilities, and to the commencement of work upon a new railroad yard in the vicinity of Pottstown, which the increasing traffic of the iron industries in that locality require. Additional sidings on the Steelton Branch and at Harrisburg, as part of the new freight terminal, and at various points in the coal region, make up the total of the expenditures for this purpose.

The increase in the mileage from the expenditures for track extensions, etc., was as follows:

Length of Road	3-02 miles.
" " Second Track	4-49 "
" " Third and Fourth Tracks	1-58 "
" " Sidings and Laterals	32-64 "
Total increase in mileage	41-73 miles.

The expenditures in connection with bridges were unusually large. The bridge over the Schuylkill River, at Poplar Neck, on the Wilmington & Northern Railroad, which will be used in connection with the Reading Belt Railroad, was strengthened; work was continued upon the new bridge at Nicetown and also upon the bridge carrying the North Pennsylvania Railroad over Allegheny Avenue, Philadelphia. Large expenditures were made on account of bridges in the work of double-tracking the Chestnut Hill Railroad and considerable work was done in the way of replacing wooden with iron bridges at different points.

The work of protecting the line between Reading and Harrisburg with signals, which was begun in 1901, was completed during the past fiscal year, and new interlocking plants were erected at Port Clinton, Nicetown Junction, Jenkintown and at other points. So far as protecting the line by means of signals is concerned, all of the most important work has been done, and the expenditures hereafter will be principally in the way of renewals, etc.

New passenger stations were erected at a number of stations during the past year to provide facilities which the business has for a long time justified, but which from time time been delayed on account of the pressure of other work. With the exception of the passenger station at Schuylkill

Haven, nearly all the expenditures have been in connection with the suburban service in the vicinity of Philadelphia. The contract has been let for the construction of the new passenger station at Harrisburg and work has been started, but no payments on that account are included in the above statement. Several new freight stations were erected and considerable work was done on the new freight station at Harrisburg. Water and fuel stations at Rutherford were completed.

The expenditures for shop and engine houses were made principally at Rutherford.

Nearly all of the expenditures on account of docks and wharves were made on Pier "D," Port Richmond. This pier was opened for business on November 15, 1901, and the final payments on account of its construction were made during the past fiscal year. The capacity of the pier is 30,000 tons, and it is said to be one of the largest in the world.

INSURANCE FUND.

The sum of \$246,044 35, together with the interest received from investments in the fund amounting to \$20,140 78, a total of \$266,185 13, was contributed to the Insurance Fund during the past fiscal year, out of which losses from fire or marine disaster amounting to \$28,021 58 were paid, leaving a balance added to the Fund for the year of \$238,163 55. The balance to the credit of the fund at the end of the year is \$635,593 19, consisting of securities valued at \$613,619 43, and cash amounting to \$21,973 77, which is on deposit separate and apart from the other funds of the company.

EQUIPMENT RENEWALS.

The amount expended during the past year for equipment renewals was \$666,133 05. These renewals were made in pursuance of the covenants in the leases (under which the Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company holds all of the equipment, railroad and marine), to maintain it in good order and repair and to replace any that may be destroyed or become unfit for use.

OCEAN BUSINESS.

The following statement shows the growth of the business shipped from Port Richmond, whether to domestic or foreign ports, in several of the leading items:

Year ended June 30—	1901-02.	1900-01.	1899-00.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1896-97.
Merchandise—tons	1,000,400	1,229,371	1,215,330	800,170	712,460	698,408
2,000 lbs.	1,490,499	1,819,249	1,739,231	1,490,281	1,492,903	1,397,378
Bituminous Coal—tons	1,011,335	1,024,878	826,356	780,307	682,591	544,539

During the same years there were shipments as follows from Port Richmond to rail points, mostly on the lines of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway:

Year ended June 30—	1901-02.	1900-01.	1899-00.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1896-97.
Merchandise and Iron	748,980	712,476	682,069	271,583	205,879	281,080
Ore—tons 2,000 lbs.						

The large decrease in business from Port Richmond in the years 1897-8 and 1898-9 was due mainly to the greatly lessened importation of iron ore.

READING BELT RAILROAD.

The Reading Belt Railroad, around the City of Reading, the necessity for which was fully explained in the annual report for 1900, was completed during the early part of 1902, and formally opened on May 15th, at a reception tendered by the Board of Trade of the City of Reading to the officers of the Company.

The Reading Belt Railroad has been leased to the Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company from July 1, 1902, at a rental sufficient to pay the interest upon the bonds and a dividend of four per cent per annum upon the stock of the Reading Belt Railroad.

LOCOMOTIVE SHOPS.

Much progress was made during the past year towards the completion of the Locomotive Shops at Reading, and a portion of them was put into service. The shops will be entirely completed during the year 1902:

EQUIPMENT.

The rolling and floating equipment has been fully kept up, the valuation and the capacity being both larger than when the reorganization was made, as the following statement will show:

ROLLING AND FLOATING EQUIPMENT.

June 30, 1902.			December 1, 1896.		
No.	Capacity, Lbs.	Valuation.	No.	Capacity, Lbs.	Valuation.
Locomotive Engines and Tenders	892	18,525,874	791	12,787,147	\$3,880,190 19
Revenue, Freight Cars	37,571	2,214,810,400	28,204	1,336,049,600	10,781,322 00
Passenger Cars	813	2,453,910 00	723	2,104,344 00	2,104,344 00
Work Cars	947	17,229,600	698	9,281,760	221,000 00
Total Rolling Equipment		\$27,949,738 00			\$16,990,856 19
Steam Coilers and Tugs	23	1,062,624 00	15		\$23,000 00
Coal Barges, etc.	102	1,885,309 00	103		816,850 00
Total Floating Equipment		2,947,937 00			1,439,850 00

This increase of average value of the several items has come from the fact that in each class of equipment the new locomotive, car, tug or barge is larger and more costly than the old ones were. As of June 30, 1903, in comparison with December 1, 1896, the average value of all locomotives had increased from \$4,906 to \$5,971; the average value of freight cars producing revenue has grown from \$383 to \$527; the steam colliers and tugs, whose average value in 1896 was \$41,533, was, on June 30, 1903, \$46,201, and the average value of barges, which was \$7,930, had increased to \$18,483. The decrease in numbers of the last item has been caused by putting out of service 49 canal boats of a capacity of 200 tons each; to offset which loss there have been added to the fleet 23 sea-going barges, each of 1,500 tons capacity, and 5 other barges, each of 420 tons capacity. The total value of the rolling equipment in our possession, including that owned and that leased, has increased from \$16,990,856 19 as of December 1, 1896, to \$37,949,738 00 as of June 30, 1903, and the value of floating equipment has increased during the same period from \$1,439,850 00 to \$3,947,937 00, making a total increase of value of \$12,466,968 81.

This increase has been contributed

By the Reading Company from proceeds of Sale of Securities.....	\$3,007,163 47
By Reorganization Committee.....	91,000 00
By Car Trusts.....	9,478,640 17
By Wilmington & Northern R.R. Equipment under Lease.....	347,227 93
	\$12,924,030 97
Less amount Philadelphia & Reading Ry. Co. Equipment taken out of service and not replaced.....	457,062 16
	\$12,466,968 81

The Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company will account for the above stated sum of \$457,062 16 in new equipment as the same is constructed and placed in service.

The equipment mentioned in the annual report for 1901, which had been provided for by an agreement to issue Car Trust Certificates to the amount of \$3,200,000, known as Series B, has been delivered, and the certificates have been issued. The additional equipment, consisting of 1,500 gondola cars and 100 flat cars, of 100,000 pounds capacity each, also referred to in that report, has also been delivered, and an issue of Car Trust Certificates, known as Series C, has been made towards the cost of the same. These certificates bear 4½ per cent interest and mature, like the certificates of the other issues, in equal semi-annual installments during the next eight years.

The need for additional locomotives, box, coal, refrigerator and stock cars, and passenger coaches became apparent during the past year, and orders therefor were placed to the extent of \$2,708,624. An issue of Car Trust Certificates, known as Series D, to the amount of \$2,500,000 will be made towards the payment for this additional equipment.

EXTENSION OF NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY GENERAL MORTGAGE BONDS.

In anticipation of the maturity, on January 1, 1903, of the \$1,500,000 outstanding 7 per cent General Mortgage bonds of the North Pennsylvania Railroad Company, negotiations were opened early in the year for the extension of the bonds. An agreement was finally effected whereby the bonds are to be extended from January 1, 1903, to January 1, 1953, at the rate of three and three-tenths per cent per annum, the holders having been given the privilege, up to a certain date, of having their bonds extended at par.

All of the benefits resulting from the reduction of the rate of interest upon these bonds will, under the lease, inure to the Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company in reduction of its rental. The present annual rental payable in respect of these bonds is \$313,000. After January 1, 1903, it will be \$148,500, a saving of \$166,500 per annum.

PENSIONS.

Preparatory to the establishment of a general pension system for the protection of all faithful employees who, from age or accident or other disability, may become incapable of earning a livelihood, the Board of Directors on Dec. 11, 1901, authorized the retirement from active service of any employee who had been, or may be thereafter, in the continuous service of the Company or of its predecessor for a period of fifty years or more, upon a pension of 50 per cent of his compensation at the time of his retirement, with a minimum of \$30 per month for each pensioner.

Under this authority of the Board thirty employees, whose ages range from sixty-five to eighty-one have been placed upon the pension roll.

A general pension system is now in course of preparation and will be put into effect within the present fiscal year. The management desires to secure the hearty co-operation of all the employees of the Company in improving the efficiency of the service and in securing for themselves regular employment under the most favorable conditions at just and reasonable compensation. Faithful and efficient service will be a sure means of advancement, and the pension system is the pledge of the Company that all its employees will be cared for when sickness and old age deprive them of the ability to work.

In line with this policy, special efforts have been made from time to time to furnish accommodations for the comfort, entertainment and instruction of the employees whose employment requires them at times to be at points distant from their homes. A large and commodious club house for

the use of the employees has been constructed by the Company, at Kensington and Lehigh avenues, Philadelphia, and assistance has been afforded to employees in other localities in Philadelphia and at other points on the line of the road to provide similar accommodations for their comfort and convenience.

THE PHILADELPHIA & READING COAL & IRON COMPANY.

The total production of anthracite coal from lands owned and leased by The Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Company in the year 1901-1902 was 8,198,274 11 tons, a decrease of 1,055,699 17 tons from the production of the previous year, or 11 4 per cent. The decrease in production of the whole anthracite region for the year ended June 30, 1903, was about 10 2 per cent as compared with the year ended June 30, 1901. The decrease in the production of the whole region resulted from floods and strikes. The United Mine Workers of America ordered a strike of the miners on May 12th last, from which date to the end of the fiscal year all the collieries were idle. The production of the Coal & Iron Company was also considerably reduced by the freshets of December, 1901, and March, 1902, when many of the collieries were flooded and a few drowned out; some of the latter being unable to resume full operations for several months.

The coal purchased aggregate 1,034,390 03 tons, an increase of 66,855 11 tons, or 6 9 per cent, and the sales amounted to 3,289,838 tons, a decrease of 810,638 tons, or 8 9 per cent from the previous year.

The cost of coal mined and purchased for the year was \$3 028, which is 20 5-10 cents higher than the cost for the previous year. This higher cost resulted principally from the following causes, viz.: The increased cost of labor, due to the advance in October, 1900, which affected the whole of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1902; the additional expenses attending the freshets of December, 1901 and March, 1902; the increased amount expended for colliery and other improvements, and to the expenses in connection with the strike, with the consequent reduction in our tonnage.

The total sum expended for colliery improvements, etc., for the past fiscal year was \$363,428 15, as against \$306,307 97 for the previous year.

The funded indebtedness of the Coal & Iron Company has been reduced this year by payments on account of the principal of the following loans:

Divisional Mortgage Bonds.....	\$105,500
P. & R. Collateral Sinking Fund Loan.....	74,000
Bonds and Mortgage on Real Estate.....	55,000

leaving a balance still outstanding of Divisional Mortgages \$274,500, the larger part of which matures in 1904, and of Collateral Sinking Fund Loan, \$1,410,000. These Bonds were paid by the issue of General Mortgage Bonds, and credit was given to Reading Company for the amount issued.

In pursuance of the policy of the Company to make provision against the depletion of the Company's estate there was set aside, out of the revenue of the Company, the sum of \$374,101 06, being 5 cents (5c.) per ton on all coal mined from the Company's lands during the fiscal year. This sum, in addition to the amount not invested at the close of the previous fiscal year, has been used in the purchase of securities and the total amount now in this fund, including the cash, is \$1,625,516 21.

The management has decided that, in view of the steady increase in the consumption of anthracite coal, and in order to meet the loss of production caused by the lessened efficiency of labor and by reason of the exhaustion of certain collieries, to expend about \$3,500,000 in the sinking of seven new shafts and the construction of new breakers, machinery, etc.

This amount will be expended proportionately during the next five or six years and can be paid for either out of the net revenues of the Company or from the Depletion of Coal Lands Fund.

READING COMPANY.

The amount of General Mortgage Bonds outstanding was increased during the year \$1,377,000, making the total bonds outstanding on June 30, 1903, \$67,639,000, as shown by the balance sheet of Reading Company. This increase is accounted for as follows:

Drawn to retire Divisional Coal Land Bonds of the Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Company.....	\$201,000
Delivered to Reading Company in pursuance of the terms of the General Mortgage, for new acquisitions and betterments, and in the treasury of the Company, as stated below	1,500,000
Drawn under the terms of the General Mortgage, on account of an equal amount of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company 10-year Sinking Fund bonds, which were paid and canceled out of the proceeds of the Sinking Fund of that loan.....	114,000
Drawn under the terms of the General Mortgage, on account of ground rents of Reading Company, which was paid and satisfied.....	5,000
	\$1,820,000
Less amount of General Mortgage Bonds purchased and canceled out of the proceeds of the Sinking Fund.....	443,000
	\$1,377,000

Of the General Mortgage Bonds referred to as having been issued during the year, the \$201,000 drawn to retire the Divisional Mortgage Bonds of The Philadelphia & Reading Coal

& Iron Company, were delivered to the Reorganization Syndicate, which provided the funds to take up the maturing bonds; while the \$114,000 drawn to retire The Philadelphia & Reading Railroad 10-year Sinking Fund Bonds and the \$5,000 drawn to retire the ground rents, as well as the \$1,500,000 delivered for new acquisitions and betterments, are in the treasury of the Company.

DIVIDENDS.

A dividend of 2 per cent upon the First Preferred stock was declared out of the surplus earnings of Reading Company and paid on September 10, 1901, and on February 6, 1902, the Board declared, out of the surplus earnings, a dividend of 2 per cent upon the First Preferred stock, which was paid on March 10, 1902. Upon the declaration of the last-named dividend, the Company paid to the Trustee of the General Mortgage \$443,935 29, being the amount required for the Sinking Fund, and represented five cents per ton on all anthracite coal mined during the calendar year 1901 from lands owned by the Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Company and pledged under the General Mortgage. This sum of \$443,935 29 was also paid out of surplus earnings and was applied by the Trustee to the purchase of the 443,000 General Mortgage Bonds referred to above, which bonds have been canceled.

GENERAL MORTGAGE BONDS.

On December 11, 1901, Reading Company certified, as provided in the General Mortgage, to the Trustee thereof, to the application of the \$1,500,000 General Mortgage Bonds, which, as stated in the annual report of 1901, have been delivered to it for new acquisitions and betterments. These new acquisitions and betterments consisted of:

Equipment	\$1,192,267 04
For construction upon properties of Reading Co.	81,069 13
For construction upon properties of Port Reading RR, Co.	43,899 67
For construction upon properties of Atlantic City RR, Co.	22,600 78
For construction upon properties of North East Pennsylvania RR, Co.	23,334 41
For construction upon properties of Philadelphia & Chester Valley RR, Co.	14,680 59
	\$1,378,151 60
Add balance from previous certificate.....	158,148 09
	\$1,536,299 69

All the property thus acquired which did not become directly or indirectly subject to the General Mortgage has been conveyed to the Trustee by a special supplemental mortgage.

Upon the filing of the certificate referred to the Trustee delivered to Reading Company the \$1,500,000 General Mortgage Bonds stated in the preceding paragraph to be used for further acquisitions and betterments.

CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY.

The results of the operations of the Central Railroad Company of New Jersey have entirely justified the large interest therein which was acquired by Reading Company in 1901. The income received during the past fiscal year from the stock of that Company has been more than sufficient to meet the fixed charges created by Reading Company to make the purchase.

NORRISTOWN & MAIN LINE CONNECTING RAILROAD COMPANY.

The connection between the Main Line of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway and its Philadelphia Germantown & Norristown Branch, in the vicinity of Norristown, has never been satisfactory, because it is made by means of a wooden bridge, which is constantly in danger of fire, and also

because the passenger trains by way of the Philadelphia Germantown & Norristown Branch for Main Line points do not pass through Norristown. Years ago land was acquired in Norristown with a view to making the connection at a point which would be more favorable for the traffic, but for various reasons the work of construction was from time to time postponed. During the past year the Norristown & Main Line Connecting Railroad Company was organized to construct the connection upon the land provided and to build the necessary bridges. The work was commenced early in the present year and will be finished early in 1902. The capital stock of the Norristown & Main Line Connecting Railroad Company, amounting to \$50,000, has been subscribed for by Reading Company, and the balance of the money required to complete the work will be raised by an issue of \$250,000 First Mortgage 4 per cent bonds, to be guaranteed by Reading Company, which have been sold.

PURCHASE MONEY MORTGAGES.

On September 3, 1901, an issue was made by Reading Company of \$280,000 purchase money mortgage bonds for the following purposes:

1. To pay for the cost of the erection of the Port Richmond warehouse. This warehouse was erected mainly for the storage and handling of imported merchandise received by vessels discharging at the piers of the Railroad Company at Port Richmond, and also for the reception of flour and merchandise transported over the Company's lines. The facilities thus afforded places the Railway Company in a much more advantageous position in the handling of the merchandise business centering at Port Richmond. The warehouse has been leased to the Pennsylvania Warehousing & Safe Deposit Company at a rental that will pay the interest upon the expenditure and all expenses connected with the maintenance of the property.

2. To pay for the lot of ground at the corner of Twenty-first Street and Allegheny Avenue, Philadelphia. This lot of ground adjoins the freight station property of the Railway Company and will be used for the extension of the facilities which the growing business in that locality demands.

3. To pay for the lot of ground on Beach Street near Noble Street, Philadelphia, and the adjacent wharf property. These properties are intended to be used in connection with the large freight yards of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company on the Delaware River.

On April 1, 1902, Reading Company made an issue of \$100,000 purchase money mortgage bonds. A portion of this issue of bonds was used to purchase the block of ground at Nineteenth and Indiana streets, Philadelphia, which will ultimately be utilized by the Railroad Company for the storage and cleaning of passenger cars, as the space now used for that purpose in the vicinity of Thirteenth and York streets is becoming inadequate, and can be used more advantageously for other purposes. The balance of this issue of bonds was applied to the partial reimbursement of Reading Company for the expenditure in the acquisition of the elevator property at Twentieth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, Philadelphia, which was for sale, and which, being directly on the line of the railway, can be used to retain the business contributory to the railway which has been for many years growing at that point.

The Board renews its thanks to the officers and employees of all the Companies associated with the Reading Company, who, by their faithfulness to their duties and their loyalty to the service, contributed to the successful operation of the Companies.

By order of the Board,

GEORGE F. BAER, *President.*

THE PHILADELPHIA & READING COAL & IRON COMPANY—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF COAL PRODUCTION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1902 AND JUNE 30, 1901.

Mined by	Year.	From Lands Owned.	From Lands Controlled.	From Other Lands.	Total.
Company	1901-02	\$5,985,032 04	\$267,280 11	\$716,253 08	\$6,968,566 03
Company	1900-01	6,807,121 13	326,897 11	992,916 14	8,016,935 18
Decrease.....		\$712,089 09	\$59,617 00	\$276,663 06	\$1,048,369 15
Tenants.....	1901-02	\$1,084,153 16	\$145,554 12		\$1,229,708 08
Tenants.....	1900-01	1,118,213 19	118,824 11		1,237,038 10
Decrease.....		\$34,060 03	Inc. \$26,730 01		\$7,330 02
Company and Tenants.....	1901-02	\$7,069,186 00	\$412,835 03	\$716,253 08	\$8,198,274 11
Company and Tenants.....	1900-01	7,815,335 12	445,722 02	992,916 14	9,253,974 08
Decrease.....		\$746,149 12	\$32,886 19	\$276,663 06	\$1,055,699 17

THE PHILADELPHIA & READING COAL & IRON COMPANY—COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF COAL PURCHASED FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1902, AND JUNE 30, 1901.

Purchased.	1901-1902.	1900-1901.	Increase.
From Tenants on Company's Land*, included above.....	\$769,900 10	\$889,903 13	\$79,996 17
From other parties, not included above.....	204,389 12	277,530 18	Dec. 13,141 06
Total Coal Purchased.....	\$1,034,290 02	\$967,434 11	\$66,855 11

READING COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY CO. AND THE PHILADELPHIA & READING COAL & IRON CO.—CONSOLIDATION OF INCOME ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1902, AND COMPARISON WITH YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1901.

	1901-1902.			1900-1901.		
READING COMPANY.						
INCOME FROM P. & R. RY. CO.—						
Interest on Purchase Money Mortgage.....	\$1,200,000 00			\$1,200,000 00		
Interest Account Leased Lines, etc.....	457,833 23			575,621 30		
Rent Delaware River Wharves.....	50,000 00			50,000 00		
Rent of Equipment.....	1,576,000 00			1,542,000 00		
		\$3,283,833 23			\$3,367,621 30	
FROM OTHER SOURCES—						
Real Estate Rented.....	\$110,155 86			\$94,317 17		
Interest and Divid. Receipts.....	\$1,029,347 08					
Int. on debt of P. & R. C. & I. Co. 888,780 61				1,395,294 08		
Schuylkill Canal.....	1,918,127 69			24,211 03		
	12 32	2,028,295 87			1,513,822 28	
		\$5,312,129 10			\$4,881,443 58	
		82,347 93			61,507 16	
EXPENSES.....			\$5,229,781 17			\$4,819,936 42
PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY COMPANY.						
RECEIPTS—						
From Railway Traffic.....	\$29,170,378 14			\$27,617,421 54		
From other sources (net).....	345,158 42			726,748 18		
		\$29,515,534 56			\$28,344,169 72	
EXPENSES—						
Operating.....	\$16,516,495 70			\$15,742,920 42		
Insurance.....	246,044 35			233,934 61		
Equipment Renewal.....	666,133 05			650,507 59		
Improvements.....	1,341,925 81			1,938,989 45		
		18,769,998 91			18,566,352 07	
			10,745,535 65			9,777,817 65
P. & R. COAL & IRON CO.						
RECEIPTS.....						
		\$26,519,529 59			\$28,917,858 20	
EXPENSES—						
Operating.....	\$24,530,993 99			\$26,300,336 33		
New Work at Collieries.....	863,428 15			806,307 97		
Interest on Debt to Reading Co.....	888,780 61			886,504 62		
		26,283,202 75			\$27,993,148 92	
			236,316 84			924,709 28
			\$16,211,643 66			\$15,522,463 35
Net Receipts.....						
FIXED CHARGES AND TAXES—						
Reading Company.....		\$3,893,835 48			\$3,278,864 86	
Philadelphia & Reading Railway Co.: On Securities, etc., payable to Public. On Securities owned by Reading Co.....	\$6,235,290 25 3,283,833 23			\$5,843,575 49 3,367,621 30		
		9,519,123 48			9,211,196 79	
Phila. & Reading Coal & Iron Co.....		419,858 50			369,314 65	
			13,832,817 46			12,859,376 30
			\$2,378,826 20			\$2,663,087 05
Surplus.....						
Fixed Charges and Taxes, as above.....						
Less income of Reading Co., included in fixed charges of Ry. Co., as above.....						
Net Fixed Charges and Taxes.....						

Dr.	READING COMPANY—BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 1902.		Cr.
RAILROAD EQUIPMENT—			
Locomotive Engines and Cars.....	Amount. \$19,792,119 42	Total.	
FLOATING EQUIPMENT—			
Colliers, Tugs, Barges, etc.....	2,107,650 00	\$21,899,769 42	
Real Estate.....		18,962,576 21	
Leased Equipment.....		5,308,253 34	
Mortgages and Ground Rents.....		262,414 99	
BONDS—			
Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company's Bonds.....	20,000,000 00		
Bonds of sundry companies.....	19,102,835 43	\$39,102,835 43	
STOCKS—			
Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company's Stock.....	20,000,000 00		
Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Company's Stock.....	8,000,000 00		
Stocks of sundry companies.....	51,244,303 60	79,244,303 60	
PHILADELPHIA & READING COAL & IRON CO.....		79,002,720 56	
PHILADELPHIA & READING R'WAY CO.: Account Bonds and Mortgages retired.....		47,500 00	
SUNDRY RAILROADS, ETC.....		858,703 13	
CURRENT ASSETS—			
Cash.....	91,739 84		
Notes Receivable.....	165,747 93		
Cent. Trust Co. of New York, Trustee.....	623 95		
Accrued Income.....	306,763 56		
Current Business.....	163,983 87	733,864 15	
		\$243,422,945 83	
General Mortgage Loan, 1897-1997 ..			
Bonds and Mortgages on Real Estate..	\$67,639,000 00		
Delaware River Terminal Bonds.....	1,428,190 59		
Delaware River Terminal Ext. Bonds.....	500,000 00		
Wilm. & No. RR. Co. Stock Trust Certs..	809,000 00		
Reading Company—Jersey Central Col. lateral Gold Bonds.....	1,295,000 00		
Railroad and Marine Equipment Trust Certificates "Series B".....	23,000,000 00		
Railroad Equipment Trust Certificates "Series "C".....	3,000,000 00		
	1,305,000 00	\$98,976,190 59	
First Preferred Stock.....	28,000,000 00		
Second Preferred Stock.....	42,000,000 00		
Common Stock.....	70,000,000 00	140,000,000 00	
Contingent Account (for unadjusted matters in connection with foreclosure sale, etc.).....			1,046,303 98
CURRENT LIABILITIES—			
Current Business.....	228,669 18		
Accrued Interest, Taxes, etc. (est.)....	645,408 85		
Philadelphia & Reading Railway Co.....	18,837 57		892,915 60
General Mortgage Bonds Purchased and Canceled.....			1,267,000 00
Sinking Fund General Mortgage Loan.....			623 95
SURPLUS TO JUNE 30, 1901.....	1,467,901 31		
SURPLUS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1902.....	1,335,945 69		
	2,803,847 00		
FROM WHICH DEDUCT—			
Sinking Fund General Mortgage Loan.....	\$443,935 29		
Amount of Dividend paid September.....	560,000 00		
Amount of Dividend paid March.....	560,000 00	1,563,935 29	1,239,911 71
			\$243,422,945 83

used, and the splendid physical condition of your plants, fully maintained to a perfect standard, justifies the management in predicting a continuation of the first year's prosperous conditions.

DIVIDENDS.

Since the formation of your Company dividends have been paid as below:

On Preferred Shares Issued.....	\$176,886 00
On Common Shares Issued.....	118,038 00
Total of.....	\$294,924 00

Dividends are being declared quarterly on both Preferred and Common Shares at the rate of six per cent per annum on the Preferred and at the rate of four per cent per annum on the Common Shares. Both Preferred and Common Dividends are payable simultaneously, viz: the first day of January, April, July and October.

GENERAL.

The income, as shown in the statement of operations, is the aggregate of returns from all Plants in operation.

The charges deducted against this aggregate return are composed of general expenses of all kinds, Taxes, Organization Expenses, Advertising, Legal Services, Salaries of Officers, Corporation Fees, etc., which, as a matter of convenience and comparison, are not separately apportioned to each Plant owned.

Also there has been deducted the amount expended in permanent improvements, including the rebuilding and enlargement of the Union Plant at Florence, Colorado, resulting in doubling the capacity of that Plant; and the cost of maintaining any idle Plant during period of shut down.

Statements of operations and balance sheet are hereto appended.

CHARLES L. TUTT,

SPENCER PENROSE.

CHARLES M. MACNEILL, Chairman,
Executive Committee.

STATEMENT OF INCOME YEAR ENDING AUGUST 1ST, 1902—UNITED STATES REDUCTION & REFINING COMPANY.

Income from all Plants in Operation.....	\$1,368,673 01
Premiums Obtained from Bonds Purchased for Sinking Fund Investment.....	3,290 00
Interest Received on Bonds Purchased for Sinking Fund Investment.....	840 00
Sundry Interest Received.....	1,046 47
Total Income for Year.....	\$1,373,849 48

United Fruit Co.—Listed in Boston.—The Boston Stock Exchange has listed the outstanding \$4,000,000 5 p. c. gold convertible bonds. The company agrees to retire each year after Aug. 31, 1902, \$100,000 par value of the bonds, provided such amount of bonds can be secured by purchase at a price not exceeding 110. These bonds will be entitled to share equally and proportionately in the security which may be afforded by any mortgage which may be placed on the property to secure bonds, notes or obligations. (See V. 73, p. 240, 295, 496.)

Earnings.—It is said that the earnings for the month of September approximated \$150,000.—V. 75, p. 687, 621.

United States Coal & Oil Co.—Railroad.—The directors have signed a contract for the building of a railroad to connect the Island Creek Co. coal property (now being developed) with the Norfolk & Western. The cost will be about \$800,000.—See V. 75, p. 139.

United States Realty & Construction Co.—New Directors.—John W. Gates, Cornelius Vanderbilt and P. A. Valentine of Chicago have been elected to the board of directors as given in V. 75, p. 247. Charles Steele of J. P. Morgan & Co. is not a director.—V. 75, p. 736, 687.

United States Silver Corporation.—Officers.—The officers are: President, O. F. Thomas; Vice-President, Cephas B. Rogers, and Treasurer, E. R. Thomas.—V. 75, p. 687.

Universal Tobacco Co.—Change in Relations with Weisinger Company.—Owing to "business difficulties existing for some time" it has been thought best for the Universal Tobacco Co. and the Harry Weissinger Tobacco Co. "to cut loose from one another." Frank Tilford and Henry R. Wilson have accordingly resigned as directors and also from the voting trust of the Universal Tobacco Co. William H. Butler has resigned as a voting trustee of the H. Weissinger Company, Henry R. Wilson taking his place, and Frank Tilford and William H. Butler have resigned as directors and been succeeded by Atilia Cox, of Louisville, Ky., and H. L. Snyder, of New York.—V. 74, p. 1146.

Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke Co.—President.—Grant B. Shiley has resigned as President and has been succeeded by Henry K. McHarg, one of the receivers. While the readjustment is practically completed, it is not likely that the receivers will be discharged before the end of the year. The net earnings since June 1, 1902, have been at the rate of about \$100,000 a month, exclusive of the railroad. The annual interest under the readjustment plan is about \$400,000.—V. 75, p. 736, 606.

Brought forward..... \$1,373,849 48

DEDUCTIONS—

General Expenses of all kinds, legal and of- ficial salaries, advertising, taxes, etc.....	\$152,668 71
Cost Maintaining Idle Plants for Year.....	13,015 90
Organization Expense.....	21,066 99
Improvements during Year.....	226,364 70

Balance.....	\$960,733 09
Preferred Dividends Paid.....	\$176,886 00
Common Dividends Paid.....	118,038 00
Interest on Bonds—13 months, July, 1901, to July, 1902, inclusive.....	195,000 00
Net, Passed to Surplus.....	\$470,809 09

SUMMARY OF BALANCE SHEET AUGUST 1ST, 1902—UNITED STATES REDUCTION & REFINING COMPANY.

Cost of Property Acquired.....	\$12,116,195 20
Preferred Stock outstanding.....	\$3,945,800 00
Common Stock outstanding.....	\$1,918,800 00
First Mortgage Bonds.....	3,000,000 00
Sinking Fund Bond Investment.....	28,000 00
Outside Investments at Cost.....	\$534,164 84
Cash in Banks and in hands of Treasurer.....	266,257 27
Accounts Receivable.....	61,350 00
Continental Trust Co., N. Y.....	1,130 00
Kessler & Co., B'k'ers, N. Y.....	4,018 50
Stock on hand Aug. 1, 1902, chemicals, supplies, etc.....	373,411 78
Ore Untreated at Plants.....	1,240,332 33
Accounts Payable.....	30,100 00
Unpaid Interest Coupons.....	3,540 00
Unpaid Dividends Preferred.....	259 50
Unpaid Dividends Common.....	219 00
Accrued Int-rest.....	15 000 00
Income Account—Net Surplus.....	\$13,384,527 59
\$13,384,527 59	\$13,384,527 59

STATEMENT SHOWING CONDITION OF SINKING FUND INVESTMENT ACCOUNT—UNITED STATES REDUCTION & REFINING COMPANY.

Continental Trust Co., N. Y., Trustee.....	
First Payment, March 1st, 1902.....	\$25,000 00
Interest Collected, July 1st, 1902.....	840 00
Bonds Purchased by Trustee for Sinking Fund Investment	\$25,840 00
—28, at 83½ per cent of par.....	24,710 00
Balance in hands of Trustee.....	\$1,130 00

NOTE.—The second payment of \$25,000 00 for Sinking Fund Bond Investment was due September 1st, 1902, and since the completion of the First Year's financial statements has been paid to the Trustee. The Sinking Fund Bond Investment payments are not debited to "Income," for the reason the bonds so purchased are carried as a debit, at par, against "Sinking Fund Bond Investment" account, as an offset to Liability of \$3,000,000 00 par value Bonds outstanding.

(Harry) Weissinger Tobacco.—New Officers.—See Universal Tobacco Co. above.—V. 74, p. 893.

Wells-Fargo & Co. (Express, Etc.).—New Officers.—E. H. Harriman has been elected Chairman of the Executive Committee, which now includes also John J. McCook, F. B. Underwood, W. T. Van Brunt and W. B. S. Thorne. Acting-President Dudley Evans has been made President.—See V. 75, p. 631.

Western Telephone & Telegraph Co.—Listed in Boston.—The Boston Stock Exchange has listed the \$10,000,000 collateral trust 5 p. c. bonds and the \$16,000,000 preferred and the \$16,000,000 common stock.—V. 75, p. 348, 83.

Western Union Telegraph Co.—New Directors.—John J. Mitchell of Chicago and Howard Gould have been elected directors to succeed the late E. H. Perkins and Stuyvesant Fish, who resigned.

Report.—See page 793.—V. 75, p. 565, 294.

Westinghouse Air Brake Co.—Earnings.—The earnings for the fiscal years ended Aug. 31, 1902 and 1901, it is stated, compare as below:

Year.....	Gross.....	Net.....	Dividends.....	Balance.....
1901-02.....	\$8,559,503	\$2,923,695 (24 %)	\$2,334,468	\$294,227
1900-01.....	7,869,857	2,931,342 (25½ %)	2,792,250	189,092

—V. 73, p. 1365.

Westmoreland Coal Co.—Extra Dividend.—The company has declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 p. c. and an extra 2 p. c., payable Oct. 1 to stock of Sept. 17. Capital stock as listed on the Philadelphia Stock Exchange is \$2,401,850, in \$50 shares.—V. 71, p. 1817.

Woburn (Mass.) Light, Heat & Power Co.—Stock Offered.—H. W. Poor & Co., Boston, offer, at \$110 and accrued dividend per share, 850 shares of the \$175,000 capital stock, paying dividends at the rate of 6 per cent per annum (dividends payable April 15 and October 15). There are outstanding \$175,000 first mortgage 6s; gross assets, \$410,217. Gross earnings year ending June 30, 1902, \$34,706; net, \$37,298; interest, \$12,131; balance for stock, \$25,763.—V. 66, p. 860.

—The "American Date Book," published by the Kameer Company, Hartford, Ct., is a useful book. It contains 9,000 dates of events in United States history classified under 81 heads. Price, one dollar.

—The Mutual Life Insurance Company will send, on request, a chart showing in color the annual clearings in the New York Clearing House since 1864.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, Oct. 10, 1903.

The scarcity of fuel resulting from the strike of the anthracite coal miners and the failures of the efforts to bring about a settlement between the opposing interests has become an important factor in the business situation. Manufacturers generally claim to be more or less handicapped by the high cost of coal and the small available supplies. The money situation also has continued a factor, and this, together with the uneasiness created by the coal strike, has served to hold speculative ventures in merchandise at a minimum. The distributing business has been quite generally reported as good, the return of favorable weather having a stimulating influence. The cessation of the heavy rains in the interior have been favorable for the freer marketing of the grain crops. Advices from the South have reported late cotton as making good progress.

Lard on the spot has been dull, there being practically no demand from exporters, and refiners have been slow buyers. Packers, however, have not been disposed to force sales and have held steady, closing at 10.65@10.70c. for prime Western and 10@10.25c. for prime City. Refined lard has been in moderate demand and steady, closing at 11c. for refined for the Continent. Speculation in lard for future delivery has been quiet. Early in the week prices advanced slightly, but under a slow cash demand and full receipts of swine, the improvement was lost. The close was steady.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF LARD FUTURES.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
October del'y.....	10-17½	10-27½	10-25	10-25	10-17½	10-15
January del'y.....	8-82½	9-00	8-87½	8-90	8-82½	8-82½

Pork has been held for higher prices but business has been quiet, closing at \$18.25@18.75 for mess, \$31 for family and \$19.50@22.50 for short clear. Cut meats have been quiet but steady at 8½@9c. for pickled shoulders, 11¼@11½c. for pickled hams and 13¼@13½c. for pickled bellies 16 and 10 lbs. average. Beef has been in light supply and firm at \$11@12 for mess, \$14.50@15.50 for packet, \$15@16 for family and \$22@26 for extra India mess in tins. Tallow has been firm and higher, closing at 6½@6½c. Stearines have been firm but quiet at 12¼c. for lard stearine and 14½c. for oleo stearine. Cotton-seed oil has been in moderate demand and firm, closing at 40@41c. for prime yellow. Butter has been in active demand and firmer, closing at 18@23c. for creamery. Cheese has been in limited supply and firmer, closing at 10@12½c. for State factory, full cream. Fresh eggs have advanced for choice grades, closing at 24c. for choice Western.

Brazil grades of coffee have dragged. An indifferent trade demand has been experienced, buyers generally being indifferent in face of the excessive supplies in sight. There has been, however, no especial pressure to sell, and prices have held steady, closing at 5½c. for Rio No. 7. West India growths have continued to be sparingly offered, owing to light stocks; prices have been unchanged and firm at 9c. for good Cucuta. East India growths have been quiet. Speculation in the market for contracts has been quiet, with only slight changes in prices. The close was dull. Following are the closing asked prices:

Oct.....	5-10c.	Jan.....	5-35c.	May.....	5-65c.
Nov.....	5-15c.	Feb.....	5-40c.	July.....	5-75c.
Dec.....	5-25c.	March.....	5-50c.	Sept.....	5-90c.

Raw sugars have been quiet and slightly easier, closing at 3½c. for centrifugals, 96 deg. test, and 3c. for muscovado, 89-deg. test. Refined has been dull and unchanged at 4.65c. for granulated. Teas have been in fair demand. Pepper has been easier for future deliveries.

Offerings of Kentucky tobacco have been very moderate and with a fair demand business transacted has been at firm prices. Seed leaf tobacco has been firm. A limited amount of interest has been shown by buyers, but no sales of importance have been reported. Foreign tobacco has been in fair demand and firm.

The demand for Straits tin has been light but prices have been steadier, reflecting firmer foreign advices, closing at 25.05@25.15c. Ingot copper has had only a small sale and prices have been barely maintained, closing at 11.50@11.65c. for Lake. Lead has been quiet but steady at 4.12½c. Spelter has been unchanged at 5.50c. Pig iron has been firm but quiet.

Refined petroleum has been unchanged, closing steady at 7.20c. in bbls., 8.50c. in cases, and 4.65c. in bulk. Naphtha has been unchanged at 9.05c. Credit balances have been quiet at \$1.23. Spirits turpentine has been in small supply and higher, closing at 54@55c. Rosins have been steady at 1.55 for common and good strained. Hops have been firm but quiet. Wool has been less active but steady.

COTTON.

FRIDAY NIGHT, October 10, 1903.

THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our telegram from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 296,200 bales, against 309,353 bales last week and 265,987 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since the 1st of Sept., 1901, 1,327,145 bales, against 869,426 bales for the same period of 1901, showing an increase since Sept. 1, 1902, of 458,719 bales.

Receipts at—	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sun.
Galveston.....	14,803	13,004	23,559	12,054	13,171	13,315	88,000
Sab. Pass, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,162	2,162
New Orleans.....	5,082	14,778	20,758	7,264	11,800	9,199	58,288
Mobile.....	2,123	3,198	862	2,119	1,891	685	9,001
Pensacola, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,747	4,747
Savannah.....	8,000	7,884	13,427	7,248	10,038	8,384	58,600
Brunswick, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,686	4,686
Charleston.....	1,424	3,238	2,110	1,237	794	1,404	10,200
Pt. Royal, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wilmington.....	4,823	5,177	3,303	3,431	3,075	5,786	23,500
Wash'ton, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	37	37
Norfolk.....	2,643	2,319	4,464	3,498	3,686	3,051	19,601
N.Y. News, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	463	463
New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boston.....	73	102	148	2	5	5	20
Baltimore.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	284	284
Philadel'a, &c.	225	390	185	250	184	100	1,200
Total this week	59,301	49,068	68,816	37,203	44,702	57,312	296,200

The following shows the week's total receipts, the total since Sept. 1, 1902, and the stocks to-night, compared with last year.

Receipts to Oct. 10.	1902.		1901.		Stock.	
	This week.	Since Sept. 1, 1902.	This week.	Since Sept. 1, 1901.	1902.	1901.
Galveston.....	89,906	447,380	92,434	317,103	126,038	128,904
Sab. P., &c.	2,162	4,679	487	2,328	.....	.....
New Orleans.....	68,925	258,278	63,493	211,075	138,427	84,700
Mobile.....	9,861	30,340	7,098	21,260	16,514	16,822
Pensacola, &c.	4,747	13,812	975	3,617	.....	.....
Savannah.....	55,059	280,504	60,278	168,249	108,796	63,741
Brunswick, &c.	4,686	18,508	4,327	17,451	6,624	6,624
Charleston.....	10,205	75,691	14,376	31,483	16,793	15,960
Pt. Royal, &c.	.....	14	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wilmington.....	28,565	119,810	20,564	48,866	29,598	17,874
Wash'ton, &c.	27	77	19	38	.....	.....
Norfolk.....	19,661	67,867	12,070	34,546	11,741	11,805
N.Y. News, &c.	463	4,667	212	840	.....	.....
New York.....	.....	600	1,774	5,276	37,035	86,610
Boston.....	335	442	520	1,423	10,006	4,300
Baltimore.....	264	1,453	1,925	2,760	2,684	3,019
Philadel'a, &c.	1,334	2,823	346	2,115	4,559	2,376
Totals.....	296,200	1,327,145	280,901	869,426	506,824	439,581

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.

Receipts at—	1902.	1901.	1900.	1899.	1898.	1897.
Galveston, &c.	92,065	92,921	64,772	90,959	134,108	57,870
New Orleans.....	68,925	63,493	119,719	73,729	81,996	65,313
Mobile.....	9,861	7,098	7,605	7,506	15,498	14,800
Savannah.....	55,059	60,278	56,519	35,124	70,770	56,875
Wash'ton, &c.	10,205	14,376	10,517	13,871	24,084	28,325
Wilmington, &c.	28,592	20,863	21,791	9,265	24,390	21,135
Norfolk.....	19,661	12,070	26,654	13,496	24,708	26,605
N. News, &c.	463	212	978	547	294	1,131
All others.....	11,866	9,870	20,566	13,438	20,057	22,441
Total this wk.	296,200	280,901	329,121	257,935	395,065	304,600
Since Sept. 1	1,327,145	869,426	1,276,995	1,282,309	1,439,920	1,410,854

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 138,878 bales, of which 37,975 were to Great Britain, 16,435 to France 84,425 and to the rest of the Continent. Below are the exports for the week and since Sept. 1, 1902.

Exports from—	Week Ending Oct. 10, 1902.				From Sept. 1, 1902, to Oct. 10, 1902.			
	Great Brit'n.	France.	Continent.	Total.	Great Brit'n.	France.	Continent.	Total.
Galveston.....	19,317	10,947	29,350	59,614	116,154	55,823	101,808	273,785
Sab. Pass, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,860	2,860
New Orleans.....	3,349	.....	14,320	17,679	55,378	25,789	61,488	142,655
Mobile.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,161	.....	.....	4,161
Pensacola.....	4,391	.....	.....	4,391	12,699	.....	.....	12,699
Savannah.....	.....	5,881	8,300	13,881	8,715	14,501	114,809	138,025
Brunswick.....	3,233	.....	.....	3,233	10,311	.....	.....	10,311
Charleston.....	.....	.....	10,006	10,006	9,800	.....	27,506	37,312
Pt. Royal.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wilmington.....	.....	.....	22,110	22,110	9,135	.....	87,315	96,450
Norfolk.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,695	.....	.....	4,695
N.Y. News, &c.	.....	.....	.....	.....	600	.....	.....	600
New York.....	2,973	300	4,814	7,867	42,716	9,413	41,467	53,596
Boston.....	59	.....	.....	59	7,716	.....	400	8,126
Baltimore.....	3,469	.....	.....	3,469	11,967	.....	4,861	16,837
Philadelphia.....	1,106	.....	394	1,500	8,005	.....	944	8,949
San Fran., &c.	.....	.....	1,323	1,323	.....	.....	9,714	9,714
Total.....	37,975	16,435	84,425	138,878	301,490	101,148	458,721	861,359
Total 1901.....	54,706	31,844	72,417	158,967	307,435	77,714	296,963	682,122

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Lambert & Barrows, Produce Exchange Building.

ON SHIPBOARD, NOT CLEARED FOR—						Leaving stock.
Oct. 10 at—	Great Britain	France	Germany	Other Foreign	Coastwise	Total.
New Orleans.....	16,945	8,505	4,298	2,508	449	103,722
Galveston.....	33,197	11,692	15,540	15,760	2,331	80,480
Savannah.....	13,400	26,000	1,050	40,450	68,346	14,933
Charleston.....	150	900	850	1,900	14,614	5,341
Mobile.....	500	500	6,000	6,500	26,035	29,445
New York.....	10,000	11,000	8,000	24,000		
Other ports.....						
Total 1902.....	76,122	20,197	60,339	23,268	11,030	190,855
Total 1901.....	52,670	21,692	33,145	22,076	19,777	142,340
Total 1900.....	87,728	30,445	62,468	17,342	197,978	223,668

Speculation in cotton for future delivery has been moderately active, and for the week prices showed a slight decline. The weakness of the market was most pronounced during the first half of the week. Weather reports from the South were much more favorable, and late cotton, it was stated, was making good progress; in fact it was claimed that should frosts hold off until late in the season the yield of the crop will be considerably increased. The bull interest gave no aggressive support to the market, being disposed apparently to take profit to some extent. Some bear pressure was reported; still, this selling was not very extensive, operators preferring to be cautious until the early-frost season is past. Thursday the market turned steadier, Wall Street interests again became freer buyers, and foreign cables gave some encouragement. Early to day the market was slightly easier. Subsequently, however, there was an advance. Severe weather was predicted for the Gulf States, and this started buying for the account of a prominent room trader to cover short sales. There was also moderate buying by spot houses, understood to be against sales of actual cotton. The close was irregular, prices being 2 points lower to 4 points higher. Cotton on the spot has been easier, closing at 8.55c, for middling uplands.

The rates on and off middling, as established Nov. 20, 1901, by the Revision Committee, at which grades other than middling may be delivered on contract, are as follows.

Fair.....	6.14	Good Middling Tinged.....	Even
Middling Fair.....	0.80	Strict Good Mid. Tinged.....	0.20
Strict Good Middling.....	0.50	Strict Middling Tinged.....	0.06
Good Middling.....	0.32	Middling Tinged.....	0.12
Strict Low Middling.....	0.14	Strict Low Mid. Tinged.....	0.24
Low Middling.....	0.38	Middling Stained.....	0.50
Strict Good Ordinary.....	0.72	Strict Low Mid. Stained.....	1.06
Good Ordinary.....	1.00	Low Middling Stained.....	1.50

On this basis the official prices for a few of the grades for the past week—Oct. 4 to Oct. 10—would be as follows.

UPLANDS.						
	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Th.	Fri.
Good Ordinary.....	7.94	7.90	7.85	7.85	7.85	7.85
Low Middling.....	8.56	8.52	8.47	8.47	8.47	8.47
Middling.....	8.94	8.90	8.85	8.85	8.85	8.85
Good Middling.....	9.26	9.22	9.17	9.17	9.17	9.17
Middling Fair.....	9.74	9.70	9.65	9.65	9.65	9.65

GULF.						
	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Th.	Fri.
Good Ordinary.....	8.19	8.15	8.10	8.10	8.10	8.10
Low Middling.....	8.81	8.77	8.72	8.72	8.72	8.72
Middling.....	9.19	9.15	9.10	9.10	9.10	9.10
Good Middling.....	9.51	9.47	9.43	9.42	9.42	9.42
Middling Fair.....	9.99	9.95	9.90	9.90	9.90	9.90

STAINED.						
	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Th.	Fri.
Low Middling.....	7.44	7.40	7.35	7.35	7.35	7.35
Middling.....	8.44	8.40	8.35	8.35	8.35	8.35
Strict Low Middling Tinged.....	8.80	8.76	8.71	8.71	8.71	8.71
Good Middling Tinged.....	8.94	8.90	8.85	8.85	8.85	8.85

The quotations for middling upland at New York on Oct. 10 for each of the past 32 years have been as follows:

1902.....	8.55	1894.....	6.85	1886.....	6.95	1878.....	6.10
1901.....	8.75	1893.....	8.15	1885.....	8.15	1877.....	11.15
1900.....	10.15	1892.....	8.15	1884.....	10.15	1876.....	10.75
1899.....	7.4	1891.....	8.4	1883.....	10.15	1875.....	10.75
1898.....	5.4	1890.....	10.4	1882.....	11.75	1874.....	15.4
1897.....	6.4	1889.....	10.4	1881.....	11.75	1873.....	18.4
1896.....	7.15	1888.....	9.15	1880.....	11.75	1872.....	19.4
1895.....	9.15	1887.....	9.15	1879.....	10.75	1871.....	19.75

NOTE.—On Oct. 1, 1874, grades of cotton as quoted were changed according to the new classification Middling was on that day quoted 1c. lower than Middling of the old classification.

MARKET AND SALES.

The totalsales of cotton on the spot each day during the week are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader we also add columns which show at a glance how the market for spots and futures closed on same days.

	SPOT MARKET		FUTURES		SALES OF SPOT & CONTRACT			
	CLOSED.	OPENED.	CLOSED.	OPENED.	Sp. port.	Con. sump.	Con. tract.	Total.
Saturday.....	Dull.....	Very steady.				120		120
Monday.....	Quiet, 4 pts. dec.	Very steady.			2,000	266	1,100	3,356
Tuesday.....	Dull, 5 pts. dec.	Steady.					114	114
Wednesday.....	Quiet.....	Steady.					1,200	1,200
Thursday.....	Dull.....	Quiet.....				21	1,200	1,221
Friday.....	Dull.....	Quiet.....						
Total.....					2,000	511	3,500	6,011

FUTURES.—Highest, lowest and closing prices at New York.

	Oct. 4.	Oct. 5.	Oct. 6.	Oct. 7.	Oct. 8.	Oct. 9.	Oct. 10.	Week.
Nov. 1902.....	8.07	8.07	8.06	8.06	8.05	8.05	8.04	8.04
Dec. 1902.....	8.71	8.72	8.69	8.69	8.68	8.68	8.67	8.67
Jan. 1903.....	8.79	8.79	8.78	8.77	8.76	8.76	8.75	8.75
Feb. 1903.....	8.78	8.78	8.77	8.76	8.75	8.75	8.74	8.74
Mar. 1903.....	8.82	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Apr. 1903.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
May 1903.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
June 1903.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
July 1903.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Aug. 1903.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Sept. 1903.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Oct. 1903.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Nov. 1903.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Dec. 1903.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Jan. 1904.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Feb. 1904.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Mar. 1904.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Apr. 1904.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
May 1904.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
June 1904.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
July 1904.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Aug. 1904.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Sept. 1904.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Oct. 1904.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Nov. 1904.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Dec. 1904.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Jan. 1905.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Feb. 1905.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Mar. 1905.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Apr. 1905.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
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June 1905.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
July 1905.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Aug. 1905.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Sept. 1905.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Oct. 1905.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Nov. 1905.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Dec. 1905.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Jan. 1906.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Feb. 1906.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Mar. 1906.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Apr. 1906.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
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July 1906.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Aug. 1906.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Sept. 1906.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Oct. 1906.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Nov. 1906.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Dec. 1906.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Jan. 1907.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Feb. 1907.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Mar. 1907.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
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July 1907.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Aug. 1907.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Sept. 1907.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Oct. 1907.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Nov. 1907.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Dec. 1907.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Jan. 1908.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Feb. 1908.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Mar. 1908.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
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July 1908.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Aug. 1908.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Sept. 1908.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Oct. 1908.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Nov. 1908.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Dec. 1908.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Jan. 1909.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Feb. 1909.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Mar. 1909.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
Apr. 1909.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
May 1909.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79
June 1909.....	8.83	8.83	8.82	8.81	8.80	8.80	8.79	8.79

AT THE INTERIOR TOWNS the movement—that is the receipts for the week and since September 1, the shipments for the week and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding period of 1901—is set out in detail below.

TOWN.	Flue week.	Since Sept. 1, 1901.	Shipments week.	Since Sept. 1, 1901.	Stocks Oct. 10, 1901.
Alabama.....	1,407	7,714	945	2,663	18,341
Arkansas.....	9,285	4,343	8,861	12,842	12,842
California.....	4,443	22,843	3,866	4,686	17,954
Colorado.....	1,369	1,306	7,284	3,237	2,735
Florida.....	1,369	1,306	7,284	3,237	2,735
Georgia.....	3,291	12,577	1,420	4,038	12,842
Idaho.....	3,291	12,577	1,420	4,038	12,842
Illinois.....	5,386	17,345	2,214	8,128	12,842
Indiana.....	8,094	10,433	6,177	10,433	12,842
Iowa.....	19,264	10,433	13,781	38,814	12,842
Kansas.....	3,792	1,814	3,985	7,793	12,842
Kentucky.....	4,607	1,814	3,985	7,793	12,842
Louisiana.....	2,607	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842
Maine.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Massachusetts.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Michigan.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Minnesota.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Missouri.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Montana.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Nebraska.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Nevada.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
New Hampshire.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
New Jersey.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
New Mexico.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
New York.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
North Carolina.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Ohio.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Oklahoma.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Oregon.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Pennsylvania.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Rhode Island.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
South Carolina.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
South Dakota.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Tennessee.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Texas.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Vermont.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Virginia.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Washington.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
West Virginia.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Wisconsin.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Wyoming.....	1,324	1,353	5,122	12,842	12,842
Total 21 towns.....	237,912	1,100,887	155,479	297,092	270,532

The above totals show that the interior stocks have increased during the week 42,446 bales, and are to-night 81,179 bales less than same period last year. The receipts at all the towns have been 32,658 bales less than same week last year.

OVERLAND MOVEMENT FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE SEPT. 1.—We give below a statement showing the overland movement for the week and since Sept. 1, as made up from telegraphic reports Friday night. The results for the week ending Oct. 10 and since Sept. 1 in the last two years are as follows.

October 10.	1902.		1901.	
	Week.	Since Sept. 1.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.
Shipped—				
Via St. Louis.....	11,571	34,017	14,638	44,742
Via Cairo.....	6,547	12,827	4,019	9,953
Via Paducah.....	768	1,281	1,150	1,400
Via Rock Island.....	2,688	6,410	1,851	4,069
Via Louisville.....	280	687	1,789	3,309
Via Cincinnati.....	5,628	20,859	4,793	12,576
Via other routes, &c.....	27,427	76,061	28,027	76,349
Total gross overland.....	1,933	5,818	4,566	11,574
Overland to N. Y., Boston, &c.....	588	2,461	2,192	3,342
Between interior towns.....	875	7,554	505	6,197
Inland, &c., from South.....	3,846	15,333	7,718	21,213
Total to be deducted.....	24,081	60,722	30,309	55,136
Leaving total net overland.....				

The foregoing shows that the week's net overland movement this year has been 24,081 bales, against 20,309 bales for the week in 1901, and that for the season to date the aggregate net overland exhibits an excess over a year ago of 5,592 bales.

In Sight and Spinners' Takings.	1902.		1901.	
	Week.	Since Sept. 1.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.
Receipts at ports to Oct. 10.....	295,200	1,327,145	300,901	888,496
Net overland to Oct. 10.....	24,081	60,722	20,309	55,136
Southern consumption to Oct. 10.....	40,000	233,000	34,000	195,000
Total marketed.....	360,281	1,620,867	355,210	1,138,632
Interior stocks in excess.....	42,446	234,014	63,991	198,966
Came into sight during week.....	402,727		339,201	
Total in sight Oct. 10.....		1,854,881		1,337,598
North'n spinners tak'gs to Oct. 10.....	50,315	185,508	56,729	134,262

Movement into sight in previous years.			
Week.	Bales.	Since Sept. 1—	Bales.
1900—Oct. 12.....	474,737	1900—Oct. 12.....	1,733,518
1899—Oct. 12.....	414,363	1899—Oct. 12.....	1,867,774
1898—Oct. 14.....	539,459	1898—Oct. 14.....	1,900,868
1897—Oct. 15.....	410,566	1897—Oct. 15.....	1,909,875

QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON AT OTHER MARKETS.—Below are closing quotations of middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the week.

Week ending Oct. 10	CLOSING QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON ON—					
	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.
Galveston.....	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½
New Orleans.....	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½
Mobile.....	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½
Savannah.....	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½
Charleston.....	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½
Wilmington.....	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½
Boston.....	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½
Baltimore.....	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½
Philadelphia.....	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½
Augusta.....	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½
Memphis.....	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½
St. Louis.....	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½
Houston.....	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½
Cincinnati.....	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½	8½
Little Rock.....	8	8½	8½	7½	7½	7½

The closing quotations to-day (Friday) at other important Southern markets were as follows.

Athens.....	8½	Columbus, Miss.....	7½	Nashville.....	8½
Atlanta.....	8½	Enfauia.....		Natchez.....	8½
Charlotte.....	8½	Louisville.....	8½	Raleigh.....	8½
Columbus, Ga.....	8½	Montgomery.....	8½	Shreveport.....	8½

NEW ORLEANS OPTION MARKET.—The highest, lowest and closing quotations for leading options in the New Orleans cotton market the past week have been as follows.

	Sat. day Oct. 4.	Monday Oct. 6.	Tuesday Oct. 7.	Wed. day Oct. 8.	Thurs. day Oct. 9.	Friday Oct. 10.
OCTOBER—						
Range.....	8:38@41	8:28@33	8:20@25	8:14@18	8:21@23	8:24@23
Closing.....	8:40@42	8:26@29	8:21@22	8:17@19	8:23@25	8:25@27
DECEMBER—						
Range.....	8:46@51	8:34@45	8:24@34	8:20@27	8:27@34	8:29@33
Closing.....	8:49@50	8:34@35	8:28@29	8:25@26	8:32@33	8:34@35
JANUARY—						
Range.....	8:51@55	8:38@49	8:28@39	8:25@37	8:31@38	8:34@43
Closing.....	8:53@54	8:38@39	8:33@34	8:30@31	8:35@37	8:38@39
MARCH—						
Range.....	8:55@60	8:39@53	8:34@43	8:31@37	8:36@44	8:40@47
Closing.....	8:58@60	8:43@44	8:38@39	8:35@36	8:42@43	8:44@45
MAY—						
Range.....	8:59@62	8:47@55	8:39@46	8:34@36	8:41@47	8:43@53
Closing.....	8:61@63	8:46@47	8:41@42	8:38@40	8:46@48	8:48@50
TONE—						
Spots.....	Steady.	Easy.	Easy.	Easy.	Steady.	Firm.
Options.....	Steady.	Steady.	Steady.	Steady.	Steady.	Quiet.

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.—Advice to us by telegraph from the South this evening indicate that on the whole the weather has been quite favorable during the week. The rainfall has been light or moderate as a rule and temperature has been seasonable. Some of our correspondents report an improvement in the crop. Picking has made good progress generally. At most points in Texas there has been little or no rain.

Galveston, Texas.—We have had rain on one day of the past week, to the extent of eighty-eight hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 59 to 82, averaging 71.

Abilene, Texas.—We have had no rain during the week. Average thermometer 63, highest 84, lowest 43.

Brenham, Texas.—There has been rain on one day of the week, to the extent of ten hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 68, the highest being 87 and the lowest 49.

Corpus Christi, Texas.—There has been rain on one day of the week, to the extent of two hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 73, ranging from 69 to 86.

Cuero, Texas.—There has been no rain the past week. The thermometer has ranged from 43 to 86, averaging 65.

Dallas, Texas.—We have had no rain during the week. Average thermometer 64, highest 86, lowest 42.

Henrietta, Texas.—We have had no rain during the week. The thermometer has averaged 64, the highest being 87 and the lowest 41.

Huntsville, Texas.—There has been rain on one day of the week, to the extent of thirty-six hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 66, ranging from 46 to 85.

Kerrville, Texas.—We have had no rain during the week. The thermometer has ranged from 40 to 92, averaging 66.

Lampasas, Texas.—We have had no rain the past week. Average thermometer 65, highest 86, lowest 43.

Longview, Texas.—We have had rain on one day of the week, to the extent of five hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 62, the highest being 80 and the lowest 41.

Luling, Texas.—It has been dry all the week. The thermometer has averaged 66, ranging from 48 to 83.

Paris, Texas.—The weather has been favorable for the growing crop. Rain has fallen on one day during the week, to an inappreciable extent. The thermometer has ranged from 43 to 84, averaging 64.

Palestine, Texas.—We have had rain on one day of the past week, the precipitation being two hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 63, highest 80, lowest 46.

San Antonio, Texas.—It has been dry all the week. The thermometer has averaged 68, the highest being 86 and the lowest 50.

Weatherford, Texas.—We have had no rain during the week. The thermometer has averaged 62, ranging from 49 to 81.

New Orleans, Louisiana.—There has been rain on two days during the week, to the extent of ninety-six hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 69.

Columbus, Mississippi.—Rain has fallen on one day of the week, to the extent of one inch and forty hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 57, the highest being 70 and the lowest 45.

Leland, Mississippi.—We have had no rain during the week. The thermometer has averaged 61.4, ranging from 42 to 83.

Vicksburg, Mississippi.—We have had rain on one day during the week. The rainfall reached fifty-one hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 47 to 81, averaging 64.

Meridian, Mississippi.—Cotton picking is making good progress. There has been rain on two days during the week. Average thermometer 63, highest 80, lowest 46.

Greenville, Mississippi.—The weather has been very favorable during the past week.

Little Rock, Arkansas.—The size of the crop will be governed by the weather for the next thirty days. Rain has fallen on one day of the week, to the extent of one inch and seventy five hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 63, the highest being 76 and the lowest 57.

Helena, Arkansas.—Rain occurred on Friday last to the extent of one inch and forty-seven hundredths, but there has been no rain since. Picking has made good progress and an improvement in the crop is noted. The thermometer has averaged 78, ranging from 49 to 93.

Memphis, Tennessee.—Heavy rain last Friday interfered with the gathering of the crop, but since then the weather has been dry and picking active. The week's rainfall has been two inches and sixty-three hundredths, on one day. The thermometer has ranged from 48.6 to 76.5, averaging 63.3.

Nashville, Tennessee.—We have had no rain the past week. Average thermometer 64, highest 83, lowest 46.

Seima, Alabama.—The top crop is making favorable progress. We have had no rain during the week. The thermometer has ranged from 45 to 86, averaging 69.

Mobile, Alabama.—There were rather heavy rains in the interior early in the week, but rest of the week clear until to-day. Crop reports are better—there is less complaint. There has been rain on two days during the week, the precipitation reaching eighty-one hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 68, the highest being 85 and the lowest 50.

Montgomery, Alabama.—We had rain one day during the week, the rainfall reaching two hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 67, ranging from 50 to 88.

Madison, Florida.—We have had rain on one day of the week, the rainfall reaching fifty hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 74, highest 90, lowest 53.

Savannah, Georgia.—We have had rain on one day of the past week, to the extent of two hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 72, the highest being 86 and the lowest 53.

Augusta, Georgia.—We have had rain one day during the week, the rainfall reaching forty-eight hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 68, ranging from 53 to 85.

Charleston, South Carolina.—There has been only a trace of rain on one day the past week. The thermometer has ranged from 60 to 83, averaging 73.

Stateburg, South Carolina.—Weather conditions continue favorable. We have had rain on two days during the week, the rainfall being one inch and five hundredths. Average thermometer 69.3, highest 85, lowest 53.

Greenwood, South Carolina.—Rain has fallen on one day of the week, to the extent of seventy hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 64, the highest being 77 and the lowest 52.

Charlotte, North Carolina.—The crop is being marketed rapidly. There has been rain during the week, the precipitation reaching one inch and seventy-four hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 66, ranging from 53 to 83.

The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named, at 3 o'clock Oct. 9, 1902, and Oct. 10, 1901.

	Oct. 9, '02.	Oct. 10, '01.
New Orleans.....Above zero of gauge.	Feet. 4.0	Feet. 4.1
Memphis.....Above zero of gauge.	10.2	2.6
Nashville.....Above zero of gauge.	2.1	3.0
Savannah.....Above zero of gauge.	13.7	0.1
Vicksburg.....Above zero of gauge.	12.0	6.5

GOVERNMENT WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.—As stated in last week's CHRONICLE, the regular weekly cotton reports as issued by the Climate and Crop Division of the U. S. Weather Bureau were discontinued with that of Sept. 29. But it has been decided to continue the service through the New Orleans Weather Office during the month of October. The reports from the various States for the week ended Oct. 7 as received by the New Orleans Cotton Exchange were summarized as follows:

Rain has fallen generally throughout the cotton belt and has exceeded one inch in nearly all districts. Reports of injury from rain to open cotton come from nearly all sections, and rotting and sprouting in the bolls are extensively reported. Picking has been materially interfered with, but the bulk of the crop has been secured in some districts. Bolls are not opening well in Tennessee. Boll worms and boll weevils are damaging the crop in Texas. Warm, dry weather is needed generally over the cotton region, and especially over Texas, to open matured bolls and hasten the development of immature bolls and second-growth cotton.

COTTON CROP CONDITION AND PROSPECTS OCTOBER 1.—In our editorial columns to-day—on page 768—will be found an article under the above caption, based upon investigations recently made by us.

INDIA COTTON MOVEMENT FROM ALL PORTS.

Receipts at—	1902.		1901.		1900.	
	Week.	Since Sept. 1.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.
Bombay	1,000	16,000	13,000	49,000	5,000	19,000
For the Week.						
Exports from—	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.
Bombay						
1902.....	1,000	2,000	3,000	1,000	10,000	11,000
1901.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,000	10,000
1900.....	.....	.....	.....	4,000	36,000	40,000
Calcutta						
1902.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,000	4,000
1901.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,000	3,000
1900.....	.....	1,000	1,000	.....	3,000	5,000
Madras						
1902.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000	1,000
1901.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000	1,000
1900.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
All others						
1902.....	.....	3,000	3,000	.....	13,000	13,000
1901.....	.....	1,000	1,000	.....	14,000	14,000
1900.....	.....	2,000	2,000	.....	12,000	12,000
Total all						
1902.....	1,000	5,000	6,000	1,000	28,000	29,000
1901.....	.....	1,000	1,000	.....	28,000	28,000
1900.....	.....	3,000	3,000	4,000	51,000	55,000

ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS OF COTTON.

Alexandria, Egypt, October 8.		1902.	1901.	1900.
Receipts (cantars)*—				
This week.....		280,000	210,000	175,000
Since Sept. 1.....		651,000	497,000	351,000
Exports (bales)—				
To Liverpool.....	12,000	31,000	7,000	16,000
To Continent.....	10,000	17,000	13,000	38,000
Total Europe	22,000	48,000	20,000	54,000
			12,000	39,000

MANCHESTER MARKET.—Our report received by cable to-night from Manchester states that the market is firm for yarns and steady for shirtings. The demand for both home trade and foreign markets is improving. We give the prices for to-day below and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison.

	1902.				1901.			
	32s Op.	34s Op.	36s Op.	38s Op.	32s Op.	34s Op.	36s Op.	38s Op.
Sept. 5.....	7 1/4	8 1/4	9 1/4	10 1/4	7 1/4	8 1/4	9 1/4	10 1/4
" 12 1/2.....	8 1/4	9 1/4	10 1/4	11 1/4	8 1/4	9 1/4	10 1/4	11 1/4
" 19 1/2.....	8 1/4	9 1/4	10 1/4	11 1/4	8 1/4	9 1/4	10 1/4	11 1/4
" 26 1/2.....	8 1/4	9 1/4	10 1/4	11 1/4	8 1/4	9 1/4	10 1/4	11 1/4
Oct. 3.....	7 1/4	8 1/4	9 1/4	10 1/4	7 1/4	8 1/4	9 1/4	10 1/4
" 10 1/2.....	8 1/4	9 1/4	10 1/4	11 1/4	8 1/4	9 1/4	10 1/4	11 1/4

EAST INDIA CROP REPORTS.—The first general memorandum on the cotton crop of India was issued under date of Calcutta, August 25, as follows:

Although sowings were made somewhat late in most places in consequence of the delay in the breaking of the monsoon, they were made generally in conditions favorable for successful germination and growth. The area sown was substantially in excess of the average in the United and Central Provinces, and elsewhere was either not below the average or a little in excess of it. The conditions which favored growth were interrupted by the recent prolonged cessation of rain, and in Bombay the continuance of drought was beginning to be regarded with serious anxiety; but the return of the monsoon, with sufficient rain, averted the disaster which seemed to be impending. Up to the time of writing there is no reason for anticipating anything less than a satisfactory yield generally, on an area at least equal to the average, even in the localities in Gujarat which were most immediately menaced by a destructive drought. The return obtained will, however, be measured by the adequacy and distribution of the rainfall to the end of next month.

SHIPPING NEWS.—As shown on a previous page, the exports of cotton from the United States the past week have reached 188,878 bales. The shipments in detail, as made up from mail and telegraphic returns, are as follows:

		Total bales.
NEW YORK —To Liverpool, per steamers Bovio, 1,965 upland and 10 Sea Island, Ceitio, 173.....		2,148
To Hull, per steamer Buffalo, 325.....		325
To Manchester, per steamer Chaucer, 800 upland and 100 Sea Island.....		400
To Havre, per steamers La Gasconne, 200.....		200
To Bremen, per steamers Friedrich der Grosse, 1,251.....		1,251
To Antwerp, per steamers Finland, 50.....		50
To Barcelona, per steamer Montserrat, 1,871.....		1,871
To Genoa, per steamers Nord America, 642.....		642
... Trojan Prince, 1,100.....		1,942
NEW ORLEANS —To Liverpool—Oct. 7—Str. Wm. Cliffe, 3,349.....		3,349
To Bremen—Oct. 6—Steamer Rheinisch, 2,417.....		2,417
To Hamburg—Oct. 3—Steamer Abyssinia, 2,109.....		2,109
To Barcelona—Oct. 7—Steamer Barcelona, 3,153.....		3,153
To Malaga—Oct. 7—Steamer Barcelona, 1,000.....		1,000
To Venice—Oct. 9—Steamer Gottfried Schenker, 2,300.....		2,300
To Trieste—Oct. 9—Steamer Gottfried Schenker, 2,350.....		2,350

GRAIN.		
Wheat, per bush.—	c.	c.
Hard Dul., No. 1.	1 c. b. 82	68 1/2
Patent Dul., No. 1.	1 c. b. 80 1/2	68 1/2
Soft, red, No. 2.	1 c. b. 74 1/2	65 1/2
Hard No. 2.	1 c. b. 78	67 1/2
Oats—Midd., p. bush.	32 1/2	54 1/2
White	34 1/2	55 1/2
No. 2 mixed	33 1/2	54 1/2
No. 2 white.	36 1/2	57 1/2
Corn, per bush.—	c.	c.
Western mixed.	66 1/2	68 1/2
No. 2 mixed.	64 1/2	66 1/2
No. 2 yellow.	64 1/2	66 1/2
No. 2 white.	66 1/2	68 1/2
Rye, per bush.—	c.	c.
Western.	51 1/2	54 1/2
State and Jersey.	50	54 1/2
Barley—West.	50	54 1/2

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT'S OCTOBER REPORT.—The report of the Department of Agriculture for October 1 respecting cereal crops was issued on October 10, as follows:

The monthly report of the Statistician of the Department of Agriculture shows the average condition of corn on October 1 to have been 79·4, as compared with 84·3 last month, 52·1 on October 1, 1901, 78·2 at the corresponding date in 1900, and 77·7 the mean of the October averages of the last ten years.

The condition of corn on October 1 in the principal States in each of the last seven years is shown in the following:							
CONDITION OF CORN.							
States.	1902.	1901.	1900.	1899.	1898.	1897.	1896.
Illinois.....	94	51	91	86	84	81	102
Iowa.....	76	59	100	85	80	74	102
Missouri.....	104	31	84	81	89	70	85
Indiana.....	87	21	82	93	55	58	81
Kansas.....	97	51	98	93	93	76	106
Nebraska.....	84	35	73	83	57	86	101
Ohio.....	83	63	95	86	92	81	106
Michigan.....	87	90	98	76	82	85	102
Wisconsin.....	75	71	100	85	83	90	98
Minnesota.....	82	75	98	97	86	58	97
Texas.....	35	46	72	75	97	78	41
Tennessee.....	75	54	67	68	96	75	80
Kentucky.....	82	49	83	73	107	73	87
Pennsylvania.....	88	93	73	83	90	82	100
Arkansas.....	87	34	74	83	90	68	55
Mississippi.....	57	57	50	84	97	76	76
Virginia.....	87	89	62	82	95	83	97
Georgia.....	65	76	78	75	84	90	84
Alabama.....	53	68	68	78	85	77	81
North Carolina.....	84	69	65	79	80	87	82
Louisiana.....	58	68	80	89	94	84	84
South Dakota.....	53	69	90	81	82	85	95
Average U. States.	79.6	62.1	78.2	82.7	82.0	77.1	90.5

The preliminary estimate of the yield per acre of oats is 34.5 bushels, as compared with 25.1 bushels on October 1, 1901, 29.6 bushels at the corresponding date in 1900 and 28.8 bushels, the mean of the October estimates for the last ten years. The present estimate of yield per acre is the largest ever reported by the Department of Agriculture. (The indicated crop is 954,680,000 bushels, as against 736,808,724 bushels in 1901 and 809,135,999 bushels in 1900.)

The preliminary estimate of the yield per acre of barley is 29.0 bushels, as compared with 24.7 bushels on October 1, 1901, 20.4 bushels and at the corresponding date in 1900. [The indicated crop is 124,576,000 bushels, against 109,932,934 bushels in 1901 and 59,925,833 bushels in 1900.]

The preliminary estimate of the average yield per acre of spring wheat is 14.4 bushels, which is subject to revision when the final estimate is made. The average estimate of yield per acre in States having 100,000 acres or upward in spring wheat follow:

Minnesota, 18.0; Iowa, 12.4; Oregon, 18.1; Kansas, 10.9; North Dakota, 15.7; Nebraska, 13.9; Wisconsin, 17.6; Utah, 24.3; South Dakota, 12.4; Washington, 21.0; Colorado, 17.4; Idaho, 28.1. The average quality of spring wheat is 87.7.

The average indicated yield per acre of the various crops for a number of years is as follows:

	1902.	1901.	1900.	1899.	1898.	1897.	1896.	1895.
Wheat.....	14.4	15.1	15.1	12.3	15.3	15.4	12.4	13.7
Rye.....	14.4	15.1	15.1	14.8	16.1	13.8	14.4	14.4
Oats.....	34.5	25.1	29.6	30.2	28.4	27.2	25.7	29.6
Barley.....	29.9	24.7	20.4	25.5	21.6	24.5	23.6	26.4

* Spring wheat.

The average condition of corn, cotton, &c., on October 1 is shown in the following:

CONDITION OF CROPS.							
1902.	1901.	1900.	1899.	1898.	1897.	1896.	1895.
Corn.....79.6	82.1	78.2	82.7	82.0	77.1	90.5	95.5
Buckwheat....	90.5	72.8	70.2	76.2	90.8	86.0	84.8
Potatoes.....	54.0	74.4	81.7	72.5	61.6	81.7	87.4
Potatoes.....	58.3	61.0	67.0	62.4	75.4	70.0	65.1

For other tables usually given here see page 776.

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, P. M., Oct. 10, 1902.

The tendency of the market for staple cotton goods has been against buyers during the past week, and that without assistance in the shape of any material development in demand. Buyers have not on home account been any more anxious than of late to place orders for forward deliveries, but their current necessities have kept them in the market day by day for fair supplies. This demand has been sufficient to keep stocks in first hands well cleaned up in nearly all directions and to enable occasional sellers to secure slightly higher prices than a week ago. The cotton situation continues strong enough to keep all sellers of goods in their first stages very conservative, and Eastern manufacturers are further embarrassed by the growing difficulty in securing supplies of coal. Some Eastern mills have already shut down, having run out of coal, and others are rapidly nearing a point where suspension of output is likely. Manufacturers under such conditions are therefore proceeding very cautiously.

WOOLEN GOODS.—The past week has been decidedly quiet in all descriptions of men's-wear woollens and worsteds. There have been only limited placing-out orders in light-weights, coming forward with only a scattering demand for heavy weights for quick delivery. Sellers are as a rule satisfied with the business done up to date, but there are some

who are decidedly short of covering their season's production, mostly in fancy lines. Staples are as a rule well sold up in both woolen and worsted fabrics, and in these prices are not likely to show any change in favor of buyers. Worsteds fancies show some irregularity, particularly in medium and low-grade goods. The overcoatings and cloaks market is quietly steady. There is a good business doing in woolen and worsted dress goods and a firm market for staples.

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS.—The exports of cotton goods from this port for the week ending Oct. 6 were 2,850 packages, valued at \$175,361, their destination being to the points specified in the tables below:

NEW YORK TO OCT. 6	1902.		1901.	
	Week.	Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan. 1.
Great Britain.....	67	1,636	88	3,798
Other European.....	58	968	52	1,145
China.....		92,270		79,359
India.....	340	17,884	8	5,071
Arabia.....		16,238		25,661
Africa.....	11	8,072	249	7,899
West Indies.....	688	18,461	521	18,918
Central & America.....	124	1,276	1	75
South America.....	75	7,342	32	8,502
Other Countries.....	1,034	40,263	1,030	43,751
	543	10,908	188	7,992
Total.....	2,850	215,815	3,183	209,665

The value of the New York exports since Jan. 1 to date has been \$10,062,771 in 1902, against \$9,215,838 in 1901.

There has been quite a number of bids in the market this week from exporters, but actually business has been moderate, and to put that through buyers have generally had to pay an advance of $\frac{1}{8}$ ¢ per yard. The home demand for heavy-weight sheetings and drills has been moderate at full prices. There is no quotable change in ducks or in brown onaburgs. Bleached muslins have been in average demand at previous prices. Bleached cambrics in medium and fine grades tend against buyers, and are occasionally $\frac{3}{8}$ per cent higher. The demand for wide sheetings is quiet. Cotton flannels and blankets are firm. All descriptions of coarse, colored cottons are also firm. Kid-finished cambrics quiet but steady. Staple prints are in average request but fancies are dull. Prices rule steady. Printed flannellettes are well sold and firm. Percales are quiet. All descriptions of gingham fabrics are scarce and firm. Print cloths are unchanged at 3¢., without demand. Irregular goods are in fair request and firm.

FOREIGN DRY GOODS.—The market is firm for fine dress goods, with a fair demand. Silks and ribbons are firm. Linens quiet at full prices. Burlaps tend in favor of buyers.

Importations and Warehouse Withdrawals of Dry Goods

The importations and warehouse withdrawals of dry goods at this port for the week ending Oct. 3, 1902, and since January 1, 1902, and for the corresponding periods of last year are as follows:

INVESTMENT FOR CONSTRUCTION FOR THE YEAR AND NINE MONTHS JANUARY, 1, 1902 AND 1901.											
Year Ending Oct. 3, 1902.			Since Jan. 1, 1902.			Year Ending Oct. 3, 1901.			Since Jan. 1, 1901.		
Pgr.	Value.	Pgr.	Value.	Pgr.	Value.	Pgr.	Value.	Pgr.	Value.	Pgr.	Value.
Manufactures of—											
Wool.....	922	218,784	87,437	9,494,956	761	177,724	31,676	1,975,266	72,016	1,885,889	2,000,000
Cotton.....	2,006	624,955	1,01,937	24,715,057	1,553	38,615	75,074	1,975,880	1,975,880	1,975,880	
Wool and Cotton.....	1,486	646,404	87,476	29,761,980	1,587	924,017	65,890	2,010,087	2,010,087	2,010,087	
Wool and Cotton and Silk.....	1,502	624,955	1,01,937	12,028,930	1,587	38,615	65,890	1,015,111	1,015,111	1,015,111	
Wool and Cotton and Silk and Cotton.....	1,502	624,955	1,01,937	6,911,117	2,109	132,453	153,928	6,327,066	6,327,066	6,327,066	
Total.....	6,941	1,897,074	418,460	58,956,117	7,669	1,700,437	281,438	60,113,416	60,113,416	60,113,416	
MANUFACTURES OF—											
Wool.....	266	73,413	3,396,646	4,07	9,739	2,718	738,783	2,718	738,783	2,718	738,783
Cotton.....	400	124,331	11,436	4,748,946	454	135,002	18,012	2,482,000	2,482,000	2,482,000	
Wool and Cotton.....	142	70,304	7,307	3,748,989	185	108,387	6,013	2,482,000	2,482,000	2,482,000	
Wool and Cotton and Silk.....	3,405	42,366	137,040	1,704,590	3,383	34,664	383,948	2,113,399	2,113,399	2,113,399	
Total.....	4,415	367,174	232,984	11,534,716	4,818	336,838	589,467	15,650,415	15,650,415	15,650,415	
Total withdrawable fund for cost of manufacturing.....	6,941	1,897,074	418,460	82,956,117	7,669	1,700,437	281,438	60,113,416	60,113,416	60,113,416	
Total invested.....	11,400	2,264,848	651,154	95,492,864	13,483	2,405,705	765,002	84,769,876	84,769,876	84,769,876	
INVESTMENT FOR CONSTRUCTION DURING THE YEAR.											
MANUFACTURES OF—											
Wool.....	240	59,157	13,538	3,810,320	134	46,935	9,312	2,810,836	2,810,836	2,810,836	
Cotton.....	386	116,954	11,654	4,947,926	572	89,138	18,181	2,575,425	2,575,425	2,575,425	
Wool and Cotton.....	188	109,739	8,761	4,947,926	198	87,099	6,928	2,575,425	2,575,425	2,575,425	
Wool and Cotton and Silk.....	258	62,863	10,387	1,856,936	181	41,011	1,162	3,084,980	3,084,980	3,084,980	
Wool and Cotton and Silk and Cotton.....	11,725	79,984	168,160	1,932,336	470	15,137	304,180	5,054,980	5,054,980	5,054,980	
Total.....	12,907	432,835	214,501	18,415,110	1,715	379,307	380,072	15,029,252	15,029,252	15,029,252	
Total withdrawable fund for cost of manufacturing.....	6,941	1,897,074	418,460	82,956,117	7,669	1,700,437	281,438	60,113,416	60,113,416	60,113,416	
Total invested.....	19,848	5,319,910	638,401	99,373,308	8,384	2,349,874	721,107	84,140,646	84,140,646	84,140,646	

STATE AND CITY DEPARTMENT.

OUR STATE AND CITY SUPPLEMENT.

With this number of the CHRONICLE the regular semi-annual issue of the STATE AND CITY SUPPLEMENT is mailed to all our subscribers.

Cincinnati, Ohio.—Bond Litigation.—A tax-payers' suit in the name of Lewis L. Sadler, a former member of the Library Trustees, was filed in the Common Pleas Court on October 7 to prevent the trustees from issuing the \$180,000 3½% library-site bonds sold September 9 to the Western German Bank of Cincinnati.

Covington, Ky.—Bonds Can be Issued.—The Cincinnati "Tribune" on October 18 contained the following:

Judge Cochran handed down his opinion in the United States Court at Covington yesterday in the case of the Suburban Electric Company against the city of Covington, wherein the Suburban Company tried to enjoin the city from issuing bonds for the erection of a municipal light plant. The decision is a second victory for the city. At a former hearing Judge Cochran ruled that the Union Light, Heat & Power Company, successor of the Suburban Electric Company, has no exclusive franchise to light the streets of Covington until 1927, as it claimed, and that the city had a right to erect a municipal lighting plant.

At the request of Judge Pryor, one of the attorneys for the company, Judge Cochran reconsidered his opinion, because Judge Pryor was not present at the time the case was argued, and he wanted to introduce several new points that had not been touched upon. The case was again argued a few weeks ago by attorneys Pryor and Caswell, and the Court again took the case under advisement. Yesterday announced from the bench that he would adhere to his former ruling in the case.

This settles the matter unless the light company appeals the case to the Court of Appeals. The city was represented by City Solicitor Hanlon.

See V. 74, p. 1320.

STATE AND CITY DEBT CHANGES.

Kansas Debt Statement.—We give below a list of debt statements for minor civil divisions in the State of Kansas with an indebtedness of over \$10,000 and under \$25,000. This statement, in connection with the returns published in our STATE AND CITY SUPPLEMENT of October, 1903, presents a complete list of such places in Kansas reporting an indebtedness equal to or exceeding \$10,000:

Location.	Bonded Debt.	Rate of Interest.	Date of Maturity.	Population (1900).
Agness City Twp., Lyon Co.	20,000	6	1917	1,619
Albion Twp., Republic Co.	11,000	5	1921	965
Appleton Twp., Clark Co.	15,875	6	1908-1909	217
Arcade Twp., Phillips Co.	15,000	5	1929	531
Atlanta Twp., Rice Co.	18,000	5½	1910	509
Augusta Twp., Butler Co.	19,000	4½-7	1910	601
Aurora Twp., Cloud Co.	15,000	6	1916	770
Avon Twp., Coffey Co.	20,000	7	1910	754
Banner Twp., Dickinson Co.	12,000	6	1916	690
Banner Twp., Harper Co.	12,943	4½	1931	415
Banner Twp., Pratt Co.	15,000	6	1907	256
Banner Twp., Rush Co.	17,500	6	1916	340
Baxter Spgs. (City), Cherokee Co.	10,000	6	1917	1,641
Beile Prairie Twp., Rush Co.	16,000	6	1916	603
Belleville Twp., Chautauqua Co.	22,000	6	1916	1,371
Belleville Twp., Republic Co.	15,000	5-7	1904-1921	658
Bennet Twp., Kingman Co.	17,500	5½-6	1916-1932	682
Blairstown Twp., Harper Co.	18,000	7	1907	324
Blairstown Twp., Smith Co.	13,000	.....	.....	740
Blue Rapids (City), Marshall Co.	18,000	5	1929	1,100
Blue Rapids Twp., Marshall Co.	18,000	5	1918	1,366
Brown's Grove Twp., Pawnee Co.	15,000	6	1916	306
Bruno Twp., Butler Co.	16,000	4½-7	1910	677
Buffalo Twp., Jewell Co.	18,000	8	1910	1,432
Burlington Twp., Osage Co.	18,000	4½	1906	2,988
Burlington (City), Coffey Co.	18,000	5-6	1906-1907	2,418
Burr Oak Twp., Jewell Co.	15,000	8	1910	1,435
Burrton (City), Harvey Co.	14,000	4	1902-1917	637
Canada Twp., Labette Co.	18,000	6	1910	887
Caney (City), Montgomery Co.	13,000	6	1920	887
Caney Twp., Montgomery Co.	22,000	4½	1921	2,235
Canton (City), McPherson Co.	10,000	6	1903	498
Canton Twp., McPherson Co.	12,000	5	1907	1,034
Carmi Twp., Pratt Co.	16,500	6	1917	395
Cawker Twp., Mitchell Co.	20,000	8	1909	1,398
Cedar Twp., Barton Co.	16,000	6	1916	1,289
Cedar Twp., Wilson Co.	24,000	6	1916	2,415
Center Twp., Ness Co.	15,000	6	1919	637
Center Twp., Rush Co.	18,500	6	1916	310
Center Twp., Reno Co.	19,000	6	1916	690
Center Twp., Woodson Co.	14,000	4½	1921	2,218
Centerville Twp., Linn Co.	15,000	4½	1920	1,696
Chapman Twp., Clay Co.	17,000	5	1930	700
Cherokee City, Crawford Co.	15,000	6	1914	1,326
Cherokee Twp., Montgomery Co.	15,000	4½	1914	870
Cherryvale (City), Montgomery Co.	17,000	5	1904-1919	3,472
Cherryvale Twp. & City, Mont. Co.	23,000	7	1907	2,640
Cheyenne County	21,800	6	1909	2,640
Cheyenne Twp., Lane Co.	16,000	6	1919	203
Chickasha Twp., Kingman Co.	15,000	5½	1932	343
Cincinnati Twp., Gray Co.	15,000	5	1919	422
Clark's Creek Twp., Morris Co.	15,000	5	1919	422
Clifton Twp., Washington Co.	18,000	4½	1910	1,082
Clifton Twp., Wilson Co.	23,500	7	1916	1,030
Conway Springs (City), Sumner Co.	11,500	4½	1910 to 1925	714
Conway Twp., Sumner Co.	21,500	6-7	1904-1916	1,267
Coolidge (City), Hamilton Co.	20,000	6	1927	238
Coolidge Twp., Hamilton Co.	14,000	5	1932	360
Cooper Twp., Stafford Co.	16,000	4½	1910	1,650
Crawford Twp., Crawford Co.	19,000	4	1910	881
Crawwell Twp., Cowley Co.	16,000	5	1918	687
Culver Twp., Ottawa Co.	15,000	8	1916	685
Dalano Twp., Sedgwick Co.	12,000	7	1904	380
Dexter (City), Cowley Co.	13,000	6	1919	698
Diamond Valley Twp., Morris Co.	15,000	5	1919	752
Dixon Twp., Sumner Co.	15,000	6	1911	872
Douglas Twp., Butler Co.	20,500	7	1911	938
Downs (City), Osborne Co.	23,000	6	1918	569
Duck Creek Twp., Wilson Co.	15,000	7	1916	195
Eagle Twp., Harper Co.	16,000	7	1907	63
Eagle Twp., Sedgwick Co.	15,000	4½	1916-1917	468
Eden Twp., Sumner Co.	19,500	4½-6	1916-1917	468

Location.	Bonded Debt.	Rate of Interest.	Date of Maturity.	Population (1900).
El Dorado Twp., Butler Co.	20,000	4½	1921	672
Elk Falls Twp., Elk Co.	15,000	7	1909	831
Ellsworth County	10,000	5	1902-1908	9,638
Elm Grove Twp., Labette Co.	10,000	6	1906	1,454
Elmer Twp., Ford Co.	14,000	6	1917	1,365
Elmore Twp., Allen Co.	17,000	4½	1921	1,759
Emma Twp., Harvey Co.	16,000	4½	1921	781
Empire Twp., Ellsworth Co.	24,000	5	1919	744
Empire Twp., McPherson Co.	22,000	5	1924	929
Erie (City), Neosho Co.	11,500	5	1909-1920	1,111
Esbon Twp., Jewell Co.	15,000	4½	1920	870
Eureka Twp., Barton Co.	12,000	6	1916	329
Eureka Twp., Rice Co.	10,000	6	1917	603
Eureka Twp., Saline Co.	16,000	5½	1918	1,094
Everett Twp., Woodson Co.	14,000	4½	1921	823
Fairview Twp., Ford Co.	17,000	4½-6	1908-1922	174
Fairview Twp., Russell Co.	21,000	5	1928	280
Falls Twp., Sumner Co.	16,000	4½	1920	754
Farmer Twp., Rice Co.	15,000	6	1919	635
Ford Twp., Ford Co.	12,000	6	1919	454
Forrest Twp., Ness Co.	15,000	6	1919	289
Goodland City, Sherman Co.	24,000	6-7	1908-09-20	1,059
Grant Twp., Barton Co.	13,000	6	1916	362
Grant Twp., Harper Co.	12,900	6	1920	402
Grant Twp., Jewell Co.	10,000	5	1915	924
Grant Twp., Neosho Co.	22,500	6	1909	1,271
Greely Twp., Sedgwick Co.	12,000	7	1908	956
Greenfield Twp., Elk Co.	11,500	7	1909	1,494
Green Garden Twp., Ellsworth Co.	15,000	5	1919	527
Greensburg (City), Kiowa Co.	20,000	6-7	1907-1908	843
Groveland Twp., McPherson Co.	14,000	5½	1909	573
Grove Twp., Reno Co.	13,000	5½	1930	451
Guelph Twp., Sumner Co.	16,000	4½	1930	785
Hanover (City), Washington Co.	13,000	6	1912	987
Harper County	22,000	6	1912	10,284
Harrison Twp., Chautauqua Co.	23,000	6	1916	765
Harrison Twp., Nemaha Co.	20,000	4½	1920	1,213
Haven Twp., Reno Co.	15,000	7	1906	1,389
Hayes Twp., Stafford Co.	12,000	6	1917	408
Haynesville Twp., Pratt Co.	17,000	6	1917	723
Hendricks Twp., Chautauqua Co.	21,000	6	1916	1,047
Hill City, Graham Co.	10,000	5	1931	746
Hill City Twp., Graham Co.	10,000	5	1931	746
Holton (City), Jackson Co.	12,000	6	1910	3,083
Homestead Twp., Barton Co.	19,000	6	1916	1,300
Hope Twp., Dickinson Co.	12,000	6	1916	1,155
Howard Twp., Elk Co.	24,000	8	1910	2,102
Howard Twp., Labette Co.	11,000	1½	1908	827
Indian Creek Twp., Anderson Co.	10,000	4½	1915	1,688
Isabel Twp., Scott Co.	22,500	6	1922	81
Inka Twp., Pratt Co.	22,000	6	1917	734
Jackson Twp., Anderson Co.	10,000	4½	1916	581
Jefferson Twp., Chautauqua Co.	16,000	6	1916	878
Junction Twp., Osage Co.	24,000	6	1916	1,158
Kanapolis (City), Ellsworth Co.	10,000	5	1920	451
Kearney County	24,000	6	1916	1,107
Kennett Twp., Sedgwick Co.	10,000	4½	1920	831
Kenneth Twp., Sheridan Co.	14,000	6	1919	369
King City Twp., McPherson Co.	16,000	6	1916	523
Kiowa (City), Barber Co.	24,000	6	1907	965
Kirwin Twp., Phillips Co.	18,000	8	1909	1,007
Lake Twp., Harvey Co.	19,000	5	1928	816
Lancaster Twp., Atchison Co.	15,000	6	1912	1,012
Lane Twp., Greenwood Co.	10,000	5	1924	800
Lawrence Twp., Cloud Co.	12,000	8	1909	792
Lenora Twp., Norton Co.	15,000	8	1911	278
Leoti (City), Wichita Co.	24,000	6	1909-10-13	151
Le Roy (City), Coffey Co.	18,166	6-7	1903-1910	771
Liberal Twp., Seward Co.	15,000	6	1919	1,446
Liberty Twp., Coffey Co.	15,000	1½	1919	1,323
Liberty Twp., Kiowa Co.	15,000	6	1917	823
Liberty Twp., Saline Co.	10,000	5	1920	403
Lime Stone Twp., Jewell Co.	10,000	4½	1912	815
Lincoln Twp., Anderson Co.	12,000	4½	1916	777
Lincoln Twp., Dickinson Co.	23,000	5	1921	1,227
Lincoln Twp., Ellsworth Co.	15,000	8	1917	315
Lincoln Twp., Osage Co.	20,000	6	1916	726
Lincoln Twp., Reno Co.	19,000	5-7	1906-1918	1,017
Lindsborg (City), McPherson Co.	24,000	4½-6	1907-1922	1,279
Little Caney Twp., Chautauqua Co.	15,000	6	1916	1,005
Little River Twp., Reno Co.	21,000	4½	1920	985
Little Walnut Twp., Butler Co.	11,500	4½	1910	455
Logan Twp., Phillips Co.	18,000	8	1910	763
Logan Twp., Rooks Co.	12,000	5½	1921	386
Logan Twp., Sheridan Co.	18,000	6	1919	1,219
Lost Springs Twp., Marion Co.	10,000	6	1914	761
Lyon Twp., Dickinson Co.	17,000	5	1921	2,312
Madison Twp., Greenwood Co.	16,000	5	1916	1,800
Manhattan (City), Jewell Co.	20,000	5	1919	890
Marquette (City), McPherson Co.	11,000	5	1925	489
Marquette Twp., McPherson Co.	20,000	8	1916	1,077
Marion (City), Marion Co.	15,000	5½	1909	1,234
Meads Center Twp., Meade Co.	14,000	6	1909	503
Meade City, Meade Co.	13,360	6	1920	326
Medicine Lodge Twp., Barber Co.	22,000	6-7	1915-1916	1,598
Milton Twp., Butler Co.	17,000	4½	1915	960
Morton Twp., Ottawa Co.	15,000	6	1916	672
Mound Twp., McPherson Co.	18,000	6	1916	1,268
Mound Twp., Phillips Co.	15,000	8	1915	462
Neosho Twp., Coffey Co.	17,000	5	1917	638
Nevada Twp., Ness Co.	16,000	6	1920	690
Newton Twp., Harvey Co.	13,000	6	1915	690
Ninnesah Twp., Sedgwick Co.	22,000	7	1904	808
Northampton Twp., Rooks Co.	15,000	5½	1924	309
Oakland Twp., Clay Co.	17,000	5	1930	458
Oak Twp., Smith Co.	17,000	.....	.....	868
Oak Twp., Morris Co.	10,000	4½	1919	490
Ohio Twp., Ness Co.	10,000	6	1917	490
Old Center Twp., Sedgwick Co.	10,000	7	1904	492
Old Center Twp., Ness Co.	17,000	4	1921	.....
Old Houston Twp., Smith Co.	15,000	.....	.....	.....
Osage Twp., Allen Co.	11,500	5	1914	986
Osborne City, Osborne Co.	20,000	5	1910	1,075
Osawatimie (City), Miami Co.	20,000	6	1915	4,191
Osawatimie City & Twp.	16,000	6	1920	1,276
Oxford Twp., Sumner Co.	16,000	5-7	1910	1,135
Paola Twp., Miami Co.	15,000	4½-6	1917-1929	785
Park Twp., Sedgwick Co.	12,000	7	1906	818
Payne Twp., Sedgwick Co.	12,000	7	1903	709
Penn Twp., Osborne Co.	20,000	8	1909	559
Phillipsburg Twp., Phillips Co.	13,000	8	1907	1,509
Phillips County	20,000	4½	1915	14,423
Plainville Twp., Rooks Co.	12,000	6	1925	549
Plevna Twp., Reno Co.	18,000	6	1916	506
Plum Grove Twp., Butler Co.	19,000	4½	1915	588
Plum Twp., Phillips Co.	15,000	4½	1915	519
Potosi Twp., Linn Co.	12,500	7	1912	2,705
Powell Twp., Comanche Co.	15,000	6	1907	173

Location.	Bonded Debt.	Rate of Interest.	Date of Maturity.	Popu- lation (1900).
Prarie Twp., Wilson Co.	15,000	7	1916	430
Prarie View Twp., Phillips Co.	15,000	5	1924	627
Practico Twp., Comanche Co.	18,000	6	1907	281
Rawlins County	12,200	6	1904-08-10	5,241
Reeder Twp., Anderson Co.	16,000	6	1916	1,231
Reno Twp., Reno Co.	21,000	6	1905-1916	604
Richfield (City), Morton Co.	15,000	6	1908-1909	61
Richland Twp., Harvey Co.	17,000	6	1915	509
Richland Twp., Kingman Co.	11,270	8	1920	431
Richland Twp., Labette Co.	14,000	8	1926	1,047
Richland Twp., Pratt Co.	16,000	6	1907	313
Rich Twp., Anderson Co.	15,000	4 1/2	1921	1,202
Rochester Twp., Kingman Co.	16,000	6	1917	379
Rock Creek Twp., Cowley Co.	18,000	6	1916	680
Rock Creek Twp., Nemaha Co.	18,000	5	1924	2,800
Rolling Prairie Twp., Morris Co.	15,000	6	1927	1,152
Ruelle Twp., Harper Co.	15,000	6	1909	222
Sabetha (City), Nemaha Co.	10,000	4	1911	1,646
St. Bridget Twp., Marshall Co.	12,000	5	1929	980
Salt Creek Twp., Chautauque Co.	20,000	7	1916	531
Salt Creek Twp., Lincoln Co.	18,000	6	1915	421
Santa Fe (City), Haskell Co.	20,500	6	1918-1920	128
Saratoga (City), Labette Co.	14,000	6	1906	1,297
Scandia Twp., Republic Co.	23,000	5	1920	1,834
Scott Twp., Bourbon Co.	10,000	6	1916	828
Seward Twp., Stafford Co.	19,000	4 1/2	1921	682
Shell Rock Twp., Greenwood Co.	15,000	5	1918	3,919
Sheridan County	15,000	7	1910	479
Sheridan Twp., Sheridan Co.	10,000	6	1908	3,919
Sherman Twp., Sherman Co.	22,000	7	1906	850
Silver Creek Twp., Harper Co.	17,000	7	1905	481
Silverdale Twp., Cowley Co.	19,000	5	1923	760
Solomon Twp., Graham Co.	15,000	6	1919	346
Solomon Twp., Norton Co.	10,000	8	1911	380
South Haven Twp., Sumner Co.	24,000	4 1/2	1915-1925	1,430
Spring Creek Twp., Coffey Co.	11,000	5	1917	622
Springdale Twp., Sumner Co.	14,500	7	1905	510
Spring Twp., Butler Co.	20,000	4 1/2	1907-1910	738
Spring Twp., Harper Co.	14,762	4 1/2	1921	576
Springvale Twp., Pratt Co.	15,000	6	1917	199
Stafford (City), Stafford Co.	12,500	5	1921	1,068
Stafford Twp., Stafford Co.	14,500	4 1/2	1920	1,518
Starr Twp., Cloud Co.	13,000	5	1920	909
Stearns Twp., Morris Co.	22,000	7	1908-1924	512
Stranger Twp., Leavenworth Co.	10,000	5	1919	1,160
Sumner Twp., Osborne Co.	15,000	8	1909	758
Sumner Twp., Sumner Co.	20,000	4 1/2	1916-1917	502
Superior Twp., McPherson Co.	13,000	5	1908	1,158
Sycamore Twp., Montgomery Co.	22,000	7	1916	1,391
Talleyrand Twp., Wilson Co.	13,000	7	1918	750
Timber Hill Twp., Bourbon Co.	10,000	6	1916	986
Toga Twp., Nozok Co.	19,600	7	1916	1,026
Tonganoxie Twp., Leavenworth Co.	20,000	5	1919	1,391
Tronto Twp., Woodson Co.	11,000	4 1/2	1914	1,578
Twin Groves Twp., Greenwood Co.	15,000	7	1910	1,402
Union Twp., Butler Co.	10,000	6	1915	641
Union Twp., McPherson Co.	20,000	5	1920	626
Union Twp., Rush Co.	17,000	6	1916	219
Union Twp., Union Co.	19,000	6	1906	826
Valley Center Twp., Sedgewick Co.	10,000	4 1/2	1920	996
Valley Twp., Ellsworth Co.	10,000	6	1916	624
Valley Twp., Kingman Co.	19,500	5 1/2	1920-1930	293
Valley Brook Twp., Osage Co.	28,000	6	1906	1,790
Valley Twp., Sheridan Co.	18,000	6	1919	220
Verdigris Twp., Wilson Co.	24,659	7	1916	839
Victoria Twp., Rice Co.	25,000	5	1929	1,042
Wallace County	25,000	4 1/2	1920-29-30	1,175
Walnut Twp., Barton Co.	12,000	6	1916	593
Walnut Twp., Brown Co.	16,000	5	1918	1,785
Walnut Twp., Crawford Co.	15,000	4	1910	1,966
Walton Twp., Sumner Co.	19,000	5 1/2	1919	1,016
Waring Twp., Ness Co.	17,000	5	1917	728
Washington (City), Washington Co.	11,500	6	1908-1908	1,575
Washington Twp., Chautauque Co.	15,000	6	1916	665
Washington Twp., Jewell Co.	18,000	5	1917	734
Washington Twp., Nemaha Co.	12,000	5	1922	1,002
Washington Twp., Rice Co.	20,000	5	1921	691
Waterloo Twp., Lyon Co.	16,000	5	1930	941
Westminster Twp., Reno Co.	15,000	6	1916	508
West Plains Twp., Meade Co.	15,000	6	1919	187
White Rock Twp., Lane Co.	16,000	6	1919	379
Wichita Twp., Sedgewick Co.	10,000	7	1903	308
Wild Horse Twp., Graham Co.	17,000	6	1919	123
Wilson Twp., Lane Co.	15,000	6	1919	481
York Twp., Stafford Co.	15,000	6	1917	

Bond Proposals and Negotiations this week have been as follows:

Ada County School District No. 39, Idaho.—Bond Sale.—On October 1 the \$1,500 5% 5-year school bonds described in the CHRONICLE Sept. 18 were awarded to Winifred S. Wyman at 108. Following are the bids:

Winifred S. Wyman \$1,545 00 | Thos. Kruse Sav. Bank \$1,515 00
Spokane & Eastern Trust Co. 1,525 00 | S. A. Keen, Chicago 1,501 00

Akron, Ohio.—Bond Offering.—The Committee on Finance of the City Council will sell at 10 A. M. Nov. 1, \$10,000 5% 1-5 year (serial) street-improvement bonds. Securities are in denomination of \$500, dated Nov. 1, 1902. Interest will be payable semi-annually at the National Park Bank, New York City. Cash is to be paid for the bonds by the purchaser on the day of sale. Chas. H. Isbell is City Clerk.

Alcester, S. Dak.—Bonds Voted.—By a vote of 60 to 18, this place recently authorized the issuance of \$3,750 water-works bonds.

Ardmore, I. T.—Bonds Voted.—At an election held Oct. 2 this city voted to issue \$150,000 water-works and \$25,000 school-house bonds. These securities are to bear interest at the rate of 5% and will mature in twenty years. Date of sale not determined.

Arizona.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until one month after October 9 and opened at 4 P. M., November 10, by the Board of Regents of the Territory of Arizona, James A. Zabriskie, Secretary, at the office of the board in Tucson, for \$25,000 5% gold University of Arizona bonds.

Denomination, \$1,000. Interest annually on the first Monday in January at the office of the Territorial Treasurer. Maturity "within twenty years" from date of issue. Authority, Act of Congress ratifying an Act of the Territorial Legislature of Arizona approved March 2, 1901.

Ashtabula County (P. O. Ashtabula), Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 1 P. M., October 13, by C. W. McCool, Auditor, for \$5,000 5% Eyster Ditch improvement bonds. Denomination, \$1,000. Date, Sept. 1, 1902. Interest, semi-annual. Maturity, one bond each six months from Sept. 1, 1903, to Sept. 1, 1905, inclusive. Authority, Sections 4481 and 4483 of the Revised Statutes of Ohio.

Ashtabula County, Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Local papers state that the County Auditor will sell at 10 A. M., October 18, \$12,840 ditch bonds.

Bellaire, Ohio.—Bonds Authorized.—The City Council has authorized the issuance of \$15,000 4% bonds for the purpose of furnishing and equipping the Public Hall. Denomination, \$500. Date, Oct. 1, 1902. Interest, semi-annually at the office of the City Treasurer. Maturity, Oct. 1, 1912.

Bremont (Texas) Independent School District.—Bond Sale.—This district has sold \$5,000 4 1/2% 10-20-year (optional) bonds to the State Board of Education at 110-91.

Bridgeport, Belmont County, Ohio.—Bond Sale.—On October 6 the \$9,000 4% floating debt bonds described in the CHRONICLE September 18 were awarded to the Dollar Savings Bank Co. of Bridgeport at par and interest.

Brigetown, N. J.—Bonds Proposed.—An ordinance is before the City Council authorizing the issuance of \$40,000 4% 10-25-year (optional) park bonds. The ordinance has passed two readings and will come up for final action on October 14. Barton F. Sharp, City Comptroller, will have charge of the issuance of these bonds.

Buffalo, N. Y.—Bond Sale.—On October 4 the \$121,410 74 20-year grade crossing and the \$75,000 1-20-year (serial) refunding railroad 3 1/2% bonds described in the CHRONICLE Sept. 27 were awarded to the Erie County Savings Bank of Buffalo at 102-91 for the grade-crossing bonds and 101-54 for the refunding bonds. Following are the bids:

	Grade- Crossing Bonds.	Refunding Railroad Bonds.
Erie County Savings Bank, Buffalo.....	101-54	101-54
N. W. Halsey & Co., New York.....	101-67	100-93
Farron, Leitch & Co., New York.....	101-08	100-29
N. W. Harris & Co., New York.....	100-88	100-88
Joseph E. Gavin, Buffalo.....	100-715	100-26
J. & W. Seltman & Co., New York.....		100-81

Barwell School District No. 15, Garfield County, Neb.—Bond Offering.—We are advised that the \$6,500 5% 20-year bonds, all bids for which were rejected on September 2, are still on the market. Guy Lavery, Director, will receive bids at any time for the private sale of these securities.

Canton, Ohio.—Bond Sale.—We give below the bids received October 6 for the \$18,000 (two issues) street-improvement bonds described in the CHRONICLE Sept. 20:

For 4 1/2 Per Cent.	For 5 Per Cent.
P. & B. Briggs & Co., Cincinnati, \$18,100 00	Danielson, Prior & Co., Cleve., \$12,324 10
F. L. Fuller & Co., Cleveland, 15,005 00	W. J. Hayes & Sons, Cleve., 12,364 00
	New Nat. Bk., Columbus, 12,108 00

Chester (Town), W. Va.—Bond Offering.—The Bond Commissioners will receive proposals until 8 P. M., October 18, for \$30,000 5% 10-34-year (optional) street-paving and sewer bonds. Denomination, \$100. Date, Sept. 1, 1902. Interest, semi-annual. These are the first bonds put out by this town. Assessed valuation is given as over \$500,000.

Chicago, Ill.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 12 M., October 31, by L. E. McGann, City Comptroller, for the \$4,000,000 3 1/2% municipal coupon gold bonds mentioned in the CHRONICLE May 17 and June 28. Denomination, \$1,000. Date, Jan. 1, 1903. Interest semi-annually at the fiscal agency of Chicago, in New York and at the Treasurer's office in Chicago. Maturity, Jan. 1, 1933. A certified check for 5% of amount applied for to accompany bids.

Columbia Township School District No. 6 (P. O. Unionville), Tuscola County, Mich.—Bond Sale.—This district, we are advised under date of October 8, has sold an issue of \$3,000 5% school bonds to Noble, Moss & Co. of Detroit at 108-10. Maturity, \$300 yearly on March 1 from 1903 to 1913, inclusive.

Coshocton, Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 12 noon, October 28, by Edward M. Wimmer, City Clerk, for \$14,000 4 1/2% refunding bonds. Date, Sept. 1, 1902. Interest semi-annually, beginning Sept. 1, 1903, at Treasurer's office. Maturity, one bond, \$1,000 payable annually from Sept. 1, 1913, to Sept. 1, 1925, inclusive. Purchaser must pay accrued interest and furnish bonds. A certificate of deposit for \$500 from some Coshocton bank will be required with proposals, and bidders must be satisfied before bidding with the legality of the issue. Authority, Section 2701 of the Revised Statutes of Ohio.

Crawfordsville, Ind.—Bonds Not Sold.—No bids above par were received on Oct. 6 for \$16,632 56 5% 1-10-year (serial) paving and \$12,637 69 5% 1-10-year (serial) sewer bonds offered for sale on that day, and these bids were rejected.

Darke County (P. O. Greenville), Ohio.—Bond Sale.—On October 2 the \$25,000 road and the \$25,000 ditch 5% bonds described in the CHRONICLE Sept. 20 were awarded to the Farmers' National Bank, Greenville, at 108-266 and interest.

De Smet, Kingsbury County, S. Dak.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 6 P. M., October 27, by J. C. Gilson, City Auditor, for \$18,500 water and \$8,500 gas bonds. Bonds authorized by vote of people at election held September 27. Denomination, \$500. Interest, not to exceed 5%, will be payable semi-annually. Maturity, 20 years; op-

tional after 10 years. Total bonded debt, including this issue, \$26,000; equalized valuation 1902, \$248,092; real value about \$500,000.

Dickson, Tenn.—Bond Sale.—The sale of \$35,000 5% 30-year water bonds to F. M. Stafford & Co. of Chattanooga, at par and blank bonds, is reported.

Drayton, N. Dak.—Bond Sale.—On October 1 the \$3,500 5% 10-year refunding bonds, described in the CHRONICLE Sept. 27, were awarded to the First National Bank of Drayton at 100-40.

Durango, Colo.—Bond Offering.—C. L. Russell, City Clerk, is offering for sale at par an issue of \$105,500 4% 10-30-year (optional) bonds to refund a like amount of 6% water bonds now subject to call.

East Grand Forks, Minn.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 8 P. M., October 15, by Henry Harm, City Recorder, for \$10,000 5% 20-year public-improvement bonds. Denomination, \$500. Date, Nov. 1, 1902. Interest, semi-annually at First National Bank of East Grand Forks. Certified check for \$500 required.

Easton (Pa.) School District.—Bond Sale.—This district recently sold to local residents at from 100-50 to 103 \$39,000 3% 10-20-year (optional) bonds. Denominations, \$100, \$500 and \$1,000. Date, Oct. 1, 1902. Interest, semi-annual.

Everett, Mass.—Note Sale.—Loring, Tolman & Tupper, Boston, were awarded on October 2 the following notes: \$36,287 4% armory notes maturing one note for \$1,300 each year from 1903 to 1921, inclusive, and one note for \$1,537 in 1922; \$12,000 street notes and \$12,000 sidewalk notes maturing one note of \$1,200 of each issue yearly from 1903 to 1913, inclusive. The following bids were received:

Loring, Tolman & Tupper, Boston.....	Armory notes.....	104-25
	Street and sidewalk notes.....	102-47
Blodgett, Merrill & Co., Boston.....	Armory notes.....	103-82
	Street and sidewalk notes.....	101-73
R. L. Day & Co., Boston.....	For all.....	103-29
Jose, Parker & Co., Boston.....	Armory notes.....	102-70
	Street and sidewalk notes.....	101-70

Date of notes, Sept. 1, 1902. Interest, semi-annual.

Fairgrove, Tuscola County, Mich.—Bond Sale.—The \$1,200 5% 1-6-year (serial) fire-department bonds offered for sale on Sept. 1 have been awarded to the First National Bank of Lapeer at par. For description of bonds see CHRONICLE July 28, p. 204.

Farmington (Minn.) School District.—Bond Sale.—This district recently voted to issue \$5,000 bonds. These securities, we are advised, will be taken by the State.

Flandreau, S. Dak.—Warrant Sale.—Citizens of this place will take \$7,000 3-year gas-plant warrants recently voted.

Fond du Lac, Wis.—Bonds Authorized.—An ordinance has been passed by the Mayor and Common Council authorizing the issuance of \$25,000 4% bonds for school purposes under and by virtue of Section 925,133, Wisconsin Statutes of 1898, duly adopted as an amendment to the City Charter Sept. 5, 1899. Denomination, \$500. Interest, semi-annual. Maturity, \$2,500 yearly, beginning Feb. 15, 1904.

Fremont, Ohio.—Bond Sale.—On October 6 the \$14,000 4% bonds, described in the CHRONICLE September 13, were awarded to the Croghan Bank of Fremont at 100-893.

Gibben, Minn.—Bond Sale.—On October 3 \$5,000 5% water bonds were sold to Kane & Co., Minneapolis, at par. Bids were also received for the securities from S. A. Kean and Thomas J. Bolger Co., both of Chicago, and from Jose, Parker & Co. of Boston.

Grand Haven, Mich.—Bonds Proposed.—The issuance of \$7,000 bonds for a post-office site is being considered.

Hayre, Mont.—Bonds Not Yet Sold.—We are advised that the \$10,000 6% 10-20-year (optional) sewer bonds offered September 6 have not yet been sold. For description of bonds see V. 75, p. 465.

Hector, Minn.—Bonds Not Sold.—Owing to the fact that the issue was not legally advertised, the \$6,000 5% light-plant bonds which this village proposed to sell on October 6 were not disposed of.

Hensall, Ontario.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until October 13 by J. C. Stoneman, Clerk, for \$3,000 4% local improvement debentures. Principal and interest payable in 20 equal annual payments.

Herkimer (N. Y.) School District.—Bonds to be Issued.—This district proposes to issue (date of sale not yet fixed) \$16,000 3% 3-18 year (serial) school-house-addition bonds. Denomination, \$1,000. Interest will be payable at the First National Bank of Herkimer. These bonds were authorized at a school meeting held September 26.

Holdenville, Ind. Ter.—Bonds Voted.—This city has voted to issue \$10,000 school and \$35,000 water-works bonds.

Hudson County (P. O. Jersey City), N. J.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 4 P. M., October 20, by the Board of Chosen Freeholders, for \$54,000 4% lunatic asylum bonds. Date, Nov. 1, 1902. Interest, semi-annually. Maturity, Nov. 1, 1913. Certified check for \$2,500, payable to Stephen M. Egan, County Collector, on some national bank or trust company, is required. John P. Egan is Clerk of the Board.

Huntington Union Free School District No. 4, Suffolk County, N. Y.—Bond Sale.—This district has sold \$4,000 4% bonds (issued in addition to the \$12,000 bonds sold last June) to the Southold Savings Bank at 106-50. Denomination, \$1,000. Date, May 28, 1903. Interest, semi-annual. Maturity, \$1,000 yearly on May 28 from 1915 to 1918, inclusive.

Idaho Falls, Idaho.—Bond Sale.—The \$13,500 10-30-year (optional) coupon bonds offered for sale on September 6 have been sold to Jno. Nuveen & Co. of Chicago at 102-222 for 6 per cents.

Idaho Falls (Idaho) Independent School District No. 1.—Bond Sale.—On October 1 \$30,000 4% 10-20-year (optional) bonds of this district were sold to the State Land Board of Idaho at par. A bid of par was also received from John Nuveen & Co. of Chicago.

Ironton, Ohio.—Bond Sale.—On October 2 the \$3,000 4% sewer bonds described in the CHRONICLE Sept. 13 were awarded to Seasongood & Mayer of Cincinnati at 100-338 and interest. We are not advised as to what disposition was made of the \$2,000 4% fire-department bonds.

Jefferson County (P. O. Steubenville), Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 12 M., October 25, by the Commissioners of the Mt. Pleasant Station and Long Run Free Turnpike, care of the County Auditor, for \$12,000 5% bonds. Denomination, \$500. Date, Nov. 1, 1902. Interest, semi-annual. Maturity, \$500 each May 1, and \$1,000 each November 1 from May 1, 1904, to Nov. 1, 1911, inclusive. Certified check for 5% of the gross amount for which bid is made required.

Jefferson County, Tex.—Bonds Registered.—The State Comptroller has registered an issue of \$5,400 bridge-repair bonds of this county.

Kenton, Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 12 M., October 28, by John P. Dugan, City Clerk, for \$11,000 4% sewer bonds. Denomination, \$1,000. Date, Oct. 28, 1902. Interest, April 1 and October 1 at office of City Treasurer. Maturity, \$3,000 Oct. 1, 1903, and \$1,000 each six months thereafter until Oct. 1, 1907, when the last bond will mature. Either cash or certified check for \$300, payable to the above-named City Clerk, required.

La Junta School District No. 11, Otero County, Colo.—Bond Sale Postponed.—We are advised that the School Board has rejected all bids for the construction of the new proposed school house and has postponed the building of the same until next spring. The \$12,000 4% 5-15-year (optional) bonds, therefore, which the district has been offering for sale will not be put out until after the first of the year. Meanwhile Robert W. Patterson, Secretary of the District, will consider any proposals which may be submitted for these bonds. Debt of district, \$7,000, of which \$2,000 will be retired shortly.

Leesburg, Va.—Bonds Not Sold.—The \$10,000 4% gold refunding bonds offered on September 20 were not sold. Securities will be re-advertised.

Leland, Washington County, Miss.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 2 P. M., October 13, by J. H. Collier, Mayor, for \$14,000 6% school-house and electric-light bonds. Denomination, \$500. Interest annually at the Western National Bank, New York City. Maturity, twenty years from date, with option of redemption after five years. These securities were offered as 5% 20-year bonds on August 20, but were not disposed of at that time.

Lima, Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 12 M., Oct. 27, by Fred. C. Beam, City Clerk, for \$150,000 4% water-works bonds. Denomination, \$1,000. Date, Oct. 1, 1902. Interest, semi-annually at the office of the City Treasurer. Maturity, \$3,000 each six months from April 1, 1904, to Oct. 1, 1928, inclusive. A certified check for 5% of the amount of bonds bid for, payable to the City Clerk, required. Accrued interest to be paid by purchaser. Bids to be made on blank forms furnished by the city.

Lockland, Ohio.—Bonds Authorized.—The Village Council has passed the ordinance providing for the issuance of \$6,000 street-improvement bonds.

Lone Oak (Tex.) Independent School District.—Bond Sale.—The State Board of Education has purchased the \$4,500 bonds of this district recently registered by the State Comptroller.

Long Branch School District No. 85, Monmouth County, N. J.—Bonds Re-awarded.—The \$19,000 4% 10-year school bonds dated Sept. 1, 1902, recently awarded to W. R. Todd & Co., New York, have been refused by that firm and the bonds re-awarded to the Citizens' National Bank of Long Branch at 104.

McKees Rocks, Pa.—Bond Election.—An election will be held in this borough to vote on the question of issuing \$100,000 water, \$10,000 garbage-furnace and \$36,000 floating-debt bonds.

Madison, Wis.—Bond Sale.—This city has sold \$30,000 6% 1-10-year (serial) street-improvement bonds to local investors in small amounts at a price which nets the purchasers about 5%. Date, Oct. 1, 1902. Denomination, \$100. Interest, annually on October 1.

Manhattan, Kan.—Bond Sale.—An issue of \$10,000 5% year city-hall bonds dated Oct. 1, 1902, has been sold.

Marietta (Ohio) School District.—Bond Sale.—On Oct. 6 the \$20,000 4% building-fund bonds described in the CHRONICLE Sept. 20 were awarded to Denison, Prior & Co., Cleveland, at 107-17. Following are the bids:

Denison, Prior & Co., Cleve.....	\$21,434 00	State Sav. Bank Co., Toledo.....	\$21,044 00
Feder, Holzman & Co., Cin.....	21,400 00	H. E. Weil & Co., Cincinnati.....	20,850 00
F. S. Briggs & Co., Cin.....	21,550 00	T. J. Bolger & Co., Chicago.....	20,758 00
E. Kierboite & Co., Cin.....	21,510 00	Shaw & Moore, Marietta.....	20,524 20
Cincinnati Trust Co., Cin.....	21,303 00	First Nat. Bank, Marietta.....	20,500 00
Seasongood & Mayer, Cin.....	21,256 00	Lawrence Barnum & Co., N.Y.....	20,430 00
W. R. Todd & Co., Cin.....	21,251 50	Atlas Nat. Bank, Cincinnati.....	20,400 00
New Nat. Bk. Columbus.....	21,200 00	First Nat. Bank, Barnesville.....	20,101 00
F. L. Fuller & Co., Cleveland.....	21,200 00	S. A. Kean, Chicago.....	20,010 00

Marshall, Texas.—Bonds Authorized.—The City Council on Sept. 24 passed an ordinance providing for the issuance of \$35,000 4% water-works-improvement bonds. Denomination, \$1,000. Date, Jan. 1, 1903. Maturity, 10 years; optional on 30 days' notice. Bonds will probably be sold at private sale.

Matawan, N. J.—Bond Sale.—This borough has sold an issue of \$40,000 4% 30-year water bonds. These bonds to

the amount of \$36,000 were offered for sale on June 10 (as stated in the CHRONICLE June 7), but this sum being found to be insufficient was increased to \$40,000 and the bonds awarded at private sale, the price paid for the same and the name of the purchasers not being given.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 10 A. M., Oct. 15, by the Commissioners of the Public Debt, at the office of the City Comptroller, for \$100,000 3½% bonds, as follows:

\$50,000 East sewerage bonds, 40 of \$1,000 each and 10 of \$500 each.
\$50,000 South sewerage bonds, 40 of \$1,000 each and 10 of \$500 each.

Date of bonds, July 1, 1902. Interest will be payable semi-annually at the office of the City Treasurer or at the Morton Trust Co., New York City. Five per cent of each issue will mature yearly after date.

Minnesota.—Bond Sale Postponed.—We are advised that the sale of the \$300,000 3% certificates of indebtedness, which was to have taken place on October 7, was postponed one week. For full description of securities see CHRONICLE last week.

Mississippi and Lafourche Drainage District, La.—Bond Election.—Walter Lemann of Donaldsonville, Secretary and Treasurer of this district, writes us that an election will be held October 15 to vote on the question of issuing \$100,000 5% bonds. This district was but recently organized and comprises lands in three parishes, viz.: Ascension, St. James and Assumption.

Montpelier, Ohio.—Bond Sale.—On October 6 the \$3,000 5% 20-year park-improvement bonds described in the CHRONICLE Sept. 20 were awarded to P. S. Briggs & Co., Cincinnati, at 108½. Following are the bids:

P. S. Briggs & Co., Cincinnati... \$3,245 00 | Lamprecht Bros. Co., Clev... \$3,197 00
State Sav. Bank Co., Toledo... 3,227 50 | Thos. J. Bolger Co., Chicago... 3,000 00

Nellie Special School District, Coshocton County, Ohio.—Bond Sale.—This district has sold an issue of \$4,000 5% bonds to the First National Bank of Barnesville at 103½ and interest. Denomination, \$200, Date, Sept. 10, 1902. Interest will be payable semi-annually at the office of District Treasurer or at the Commercial Banking Co. of Coshocton. Maturity, \$200 each six months from March 10, 1903, to Sept. 10, 1912, inclusive.

New Rochelle (N. Y.) School District.—Bond Election.—An election will be held October 14 to determine the question of issuing bonds for school purposes.

Niagara Falls, N. Y.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 8 P. M. October 24 by the Board of Public Works, for \$37,000 4% sewer bonds, Series "C." Denomination, \$1,000. Date, Nov. 1, 1902. Interest, semi-annually at the Hanover National Bank, New York City. Maturity, Nov. 1, 1932. A certified check for \$1,350, payable to the City of Niagara Falls, must accompany proposals. Accrued interest to be paid by purchaser. Bids must be made on blanks furnished by Geo. F. Diemer, City Clerk.

Norfolk County, Mass.—Loan Offering.—Proposals will be received until Oct. 14 for a 1 year loan of \$50,000.

North Amherst, Ohio.—Bonds Voted.—The election held October 6 resulted in 225 votes being cast for and 55 against the issuance of \$10,000 electric light-plant bonds. Full details of bonds and date of sale not determined.

Oakley, Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 12 M., November 4, by Fred. D. Witte, Village Clerk, at the office of G. F. Osler, Room 60, Atlas Bank Building, Cincinnati, for \$2,930 4% town-hall bonds. Authority, Sections 2835, 2836 and 2837, Revised Statutes of Ohio. Denomination, eleven of \$250 and one for \$180. Date, Nov. 1, 1902. Interest, semi-annually at the Franklin Bank of Cincinnati. Maturity, November 1, 1942. Certified check for 8 per cent of bonds, payable to the Village Treasurer, required.

Omaha, Neb.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 1 P. M., October 31, by A. H. Hennings, City Treasurer, for the \$300,000 3½% 30-year registered funding bonds mentioned in the CHRONICLE Oct. 4. Denomination, \$30,000. Date, Nov. 1, 1902. Interest semi-annually at Kountze Bros., New York. Certified check for \$5,000 on a national bank, payable to the city of Omaha, is required. Accrued interest to be paid by purchaser. The bonds will be certified to as to their genuineness by the United States Mortgage & Trust Co. of New York. They are issued under authority of City Charter, Section 123 and Ordinance No. 5115, approved Sept. 26, 1902.

Patchogue, N. Y.—Bond Sale.—On October 7 the \$10,000 5 24-year (serial) bonds described in the CHRONICLE Oct. 4

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were awarded to the Riverhead Savings Bank of Riverhead at par for 8½ per cents. Following are the bids:

For 8½ Per Cents.	For 4 Per Cents.
Riverhead Savings Bank..... Par	W. J. Hayes & Sons, Cleveland.....103-51
For 3½ Per Cents.	Geo. M. Hahn, New York.....103-08
Union Sav. Bank, Patchogue..... Par	Patchogue Bank of Patchogue.....100-00

Peoria Township, Ill.—Bonds Not Sold.—We are advised that only two bids were received on October 8 for the \$88,000 3½ 10-20-year (optional) refunding bonds, and these were for securities carrying 4½ interest. The board postponed action on the bids.

Perth Amboy, N. J.—Bonds Awarded.—The City Council on October 6 awarded the \$37,000 4½ 20-year school bonds to the highest bidders on October 2—W. R. Todd & Co., New York—at their bid of 101-50. A full list of the proposals received was given last week.

Petoskey, Mich.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 4 P. M., October 18, by James E. Niles, City Clerk, for \$15,000 4½ 10-20 year (optional) refunding water-works bonds. Date, Oct. 1, 1902. Interest annually at the Chase National Bank, New York City.

Portsmouth, N. H.—Bond Sale.—On October 8 the \$50,000 8½ gold water bonds described in the CHRONICLE October 4 were awarded to E. H. Rollins & Sons, Boston, at 109-166.

Punxsutawney (Pa.) School District.—Bond Offering.—This district is offering for sale \$6,000 4½ 10-20-year (optional) bonds dated Nov. 1, 1902. Jacob L. Fisher, attorney at law, may be addressed.

Reading, Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 12 M., October 27, by Albert Elminger Jr., Village Clerk, for \$8,000 4½ 5-16-year (serial) fire-engine-house bonds. Authority, Sections 2335, 2336 and 2337, Revised Statutes of Ohio. Denomination, \$500. Date, Oct. 27, 1902. Interest, semi-annual.

Richmond, Ind.—Bond Sale.—This city has sold to E. M. Campbell & Co., Indianapolis, an issue of \$25,000 4½ refunding bonds at 103-58. Denomination, \$1,000. Date, Oct. 1, 1902. Interest, semi-annual. Maturity, part yearly on October 1, as follows: \$1,000 in 1906, \$2,000 in each of the years 1907, 1908 and 1909, and \$3,000 yearly from 1910 to 1915, inclusive.

St. Bernard, Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 12 M., Nov. 6, by George Meyer, Village Clerk, for \$1,479 93 6½ 1-10-year (serial) Tower Ave. improvement

bonds. Securities are issued under the authority of Section 2704, Revised Statutes of Ohio. They are in denomination of \$150, except one bond for \$129 93, dated Nov. 1, 1902. Interest will be payable semi-annually.

Sandusky, Ohio.—Bonds Refused.—Local papers state that E. H. Rollins & Sons, Boston, the highest bidders on September 15 for the \$45,000 4½ real-estate bonds, have declined to take the issue.

Seary County, Tex.—Description of Bonds.—We are advised that the \$8,500 refunding court-house bonds recently sold to the State Board of Education carry 4½ interest and will mature in 30 years, subject to call after 5 years.

Shelby, Ohio.—Bond Sale.—On October 1 the \$1,000 4½ sewer bonds (2 issues) described in the CHRONICLE September 18, were awarded to Edwin Mansfield of Shelby at par and interest.

Sherman, Texas.—Bond Sale.—On October 6 \$22,000 of the \$35,000 4½ water bonds authorized and \$13,000 of the \$15,000 4½ sewer bonds described in the CHRONICLE Sept. 4 were awarded to N. W. Harris & Co., Chicago, at 104-43 and 104-27, respectively.

Summerville, Kan.—Bonds Defeated.—This place recently voted against the issuance of \$4,000 city-hall bonds.

Taunton, Mass.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 12 M., October 13, by Edward H. Temple, City Treasurer, for \$20,000 8½ sewer bonds. Denomination, \$1,000 (or multiple, if registered), dated June 2, 1902. Interest semi-annually in Boston or at office of City Treasurer. Maturity, June 1, 1933.

Troup County, Ga.—Bonds Defeated.—This county has voted against the issuance of \$25,000 court house bonds.

Vinita, Indian Ter.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 7 P. M., October 20, by Arthur F. Chamberlin, Recorder, for \$12,000 school bonds, mentioned in the CHRONICLE September 13. Date, November 1, 1902. Bids are asked for bonds bearing 4½, 4¾ and 5½ interest, which interest will be payable semi-annually at the place designated by purchaser. Maturity, Nov. 1, 1923. An unconditional certified check for 5% of amount of bonds bid for and made payable to the Town Treasurer is required. Each bid must contain an agreement to purchase entire issue. Accrued interest to be paid by purchaser. Authority, Special Act of Congress dated

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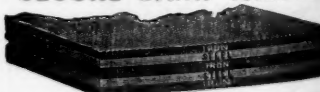
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Walden, Mass.—Bond Sale.—On October 3 \$80,000 3½% sewer bonds were awarded to R. L. Day & Co., Boston, at 101-359. Following are the bids:

R. L. Day & Co., Boston.....101-359	Biodget, Merritt & Co., Boston.....101-94
E. H. Rollins & Sons, Boston.....101-074	Pring, Tolman & Tupper, Boston.....100-811

Denomination, \$1,000. Date, Oct. 1, 1902. Interest semi-annually at the Central National Bank, Boston. Maturity, \$1,000 yearly on October 1 from 1903 to 1923, inclusive, and \$2,000 yearly on October 1 from 1923 to 1943, inclusive. Authority, Chapter 877, Laws of 1900.

Walden, N. Y.—Bond Sale.—On October 3 this village sold \$7,000 4½ bridge bonds to the Walden Savings Bank of Walden at 100-83. The bids are as follows:

Walden Sav. Bank, Walden.....100-83	W. J. Hayes & Sons, Cleva.....100-11
Geo. M. Bohn, New York.....100-29	

Denomination of bonds, \$1,000. Date, Nov. 1, 1903. Interest payable annually on August 1 in New York exchange. Maturity, \$1,000 yearly on August 1 from 1904 to 1910.

Wapakoneta, Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 13 M., November 3, by Charles E. Fisher, Village Clerk, for the \$30,000 4½ street-improvement bonds mentioned in the CHRONICLE September 13. Denomination, \$500. Date, Nov. 1, 1903. Interest payable semi-annually at the office of the Village Treasurer. Maturity, \$1,000 on Nov. 1, 1907, and \$1,000 every six months thereafter until May 1, 1922, when the last bond will become due. Each bid must be accompanied by \$500 in cash. Authority, Sections 2835, 2836 and 2837 of the Revised Statutes of Ohio. Bids must be unconditional, the bidder having satisfied himself as to the legality of the bonds before introducing his bid.

Warren, Pa.—Bond Sale.—The \$30,000 4½ 10-20-year (optional) paving and curbing bonds described in the CHRONICLE Sept. 20 were awarded on October 6 to Hinckley & Rice of Warren at 105-25. Following bids were received:

Hinckley & Rice, Warren.....105-25	F. F. Fisher, Warren.....101-03
Dick Bros. & Co., Philadelphia.....103-193	Lamprecht Bros. Co., Cleva.....100-27
Warren Savings Bank.....101-35	W. J. Hayes & Sons, Cleva.....100-26
Dunston, Prior & Co., Cleva.....101-37	

Warrick County (P. O. Boonville), Ind.—Bond Sale.—On October 6 the \$40,834 4½ Cypress Creek drainage bonds described in the CHRONICLE September 27 were awarded to the

Boonville National Bank at 103-24 and accrued interest. Following are the bids:

Boonville National Bank.....103-24	Premium: J. F. Wild & Co., Indianapolis.....100-0
W. J. Hayes & Sons, Cleva.....1-300	Premium: 1,300

Webster Groves, Mo.—Bonds Voted—Bond Offering.—On September 30 the issuance of \$50,000 4½ 20-year water bonds was authorized by a vote of 887 to 118. The City Clerk will receive bids at any time for these bonds.

Wellsville, Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 13 M., October 29, by J. W. McQueen, City Clerk, for the following bonds:

\$7,507 5½ 1-10 year (serial) Clark Avenue improvement bonds, in denomination of \$750, except one bond, which will be for \$767.
1,307 5½ 1-10 year (serial) Steubenville Street improvement bonds, in denomination of \$130, except one bond for \$144.

Date, Nov. 1, 1903. Interest, annually on Nov. 1. Check for \$300 required.

Wentworth County, Ont.—Debt Election.—An election will be held October 23 to vote on the question of issuing \$98,000 3½ road-improvement debentures.

West Hoboken, N. J.—Bond Sale.—The Council has sold to the Hudson Trust Co. of Hoboken an issue of \$35,000 4½ library-site bonds.

White Plains, N. Y.—Bond Sale.—The \$34,000 4½ sewer bonds, offered for sale on September 29, were awarded on October 6 to O'Connor & Kahler, New York, at 103-85. For description of bonds see CHRONICLE September 20, p. 633.

Wilmington, Clinton County, Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 13 M., October 25, by Lee Baker, Corporation Clerk, for one \$3,000 5½ bond. Date, Oct. 1, 1903. Interest, annual. Maturity, on or before Oct. 1, 1908. Bids must be unconditional and be accompanied with a certified check for \$300 or that amount in money. Accrued interest to be paid by purchaser. Authority, Sections 2835, 2836 and 2837, as amended, of the Revised Statutes of Ohio.

Winfield, Kan.—Bonds Voted.—This city on September 30 authorized by a large majority the issuance of \$15,000 (gas and oil bonds. Harry A. Caton is Mayor.

Winslow School District, Stephenson County, Ill.—Bond Sale.—We are just advised that the \$5,000 school bonds offered for sale on July 15 have been awarded at par for 4½ bonds. See V. 75, p. 96, for description of bonds.

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New York, January 21st, 1901.

The Trustees, in conformity with the Charter
of the Company, submit the following state-
ment of its affairs on the 31st of December,
1901:

Premiums on Marine Risks from 1st January, 1901, to 31st De- cember, 1901.....	\$3,604,917 63
Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January, 1901.....	699,323 61
Total Marine Premiums.....	\$4,304,241 24

Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1901, to 31st Decem- ber, 1901.....	\$3,512,339 71
---	----------------

Interest received during the year.....	\$275,102 19
Rent received during the year.....	54,889 85
less Taxes.....	\$329,992 04

Losses paid during the year which were estimated in 1900 and pre- vious years.....	\$398,184 81
and occurred and were estimated and paid in 1901.....	1,458,859 48
	\$1,857,044 29
Less salvages.....	112,031 98
Re-insurances.....	85,617 05
	\$197,649 03

Returns of Premi- ums & Expenses.....	\$430,511 52
	\$1,659,394 66

The Company has the follow-
ing Assets, viz.:
United States and State of New
York Stock, City, Bank and
other Stocks..... \$5,403,894 00
Loans secured by Stocks and
special deposits in Banks and
Trust Company..... 1,201,236 02
Real Estate, cor.
Wall & William
Streets, cost.... \$1,017,000 00
Paid toward erec-
tion of new build-
ing..... 1,547,000 00
Other Real Estate
and claims due
the Company.... 75,000 00

Premium Notes and Bills Re- ceivable.....	2,639,000 00
Cash in the hands of European bankers to pay losses under policies payable in foreign countries.....	1,150,385 19
253,193 27	
Cash in Bank.....	226,710 13
Amount.....	\$10,972,349 20

Six per cent interest on the outstanding cer-
tificates of profit will be paid to the holders
thereof, or their legal representatives, on and
after Tuesday, the fourth of February next.
The outstanding certificates of the issue of
1896 will be redeemed and paid to the holders
thereof, or their legal representatives, on and
after Tuesday, the fourth of February next,
from which date all interest thereon will cease.
The certificates to be produced at the time of
payment and canceled.
A dividend of Forty per cent is declared on
the net earned premiums of the Company for
the year ending 31st December, 1901, for which
certificates will be issued on and after Tues-
day, the sixth of May next.
By order of the Board.

J. H. CHAPMAN, Secretary.

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Francis M. Bacon,	Leander N. Lovell,
Vernon H. Brown,	Lewis Cass Ledyard,
Waldron P. Brown,	Charles H. Marshall,
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